



**Voluntary Public Cash Tender Offer by Alfa Laval AB (publ)
for All Shares in Neles Corporation**

NELES

Alfa Laval AB (publ) (the "**Offeror**" or "**Alfa Laval**") hereby offers to acquire, through a voluntary public cash tender offer in accordance with Chapter 11 of the Finnish Securities Market Act (746/2012, as amended, the "**Securities Market Act**") and the terms and conditions of this tender offer document (the "**Tender Offer Document**"), all of the issued shares (the "**Shares**" or, individually, a "**Share**") in Neles Corporation (the "**Company**" or "**Neles**") that are not held by the Company or any of its subsidiaries (the "**Tender Offer**").

The Offeror is a public limited company incorporated under the laws of Sweden and its shares are listed on the official list of Nasdaq Stockholm AB ("**Nasdaq Stockholm**") (the Offeror together with its direct and indirect subsidiaries, the "**Alfa Laval Group**").

The Company is a public limited company incorporated under the laws of Finland and its Shares are listed on the official list of Nasdaq Helsinki Ltd ("**Nasdaq Helsinki**").

The Tender Offer was announced by the Offeror on 13 July 2020 (the "**Announcement Date**") and the Offeror and the Company have on the Announcement Date entered into a combination agreement (the "**Combination Agreement**") pursuant to which the Offeror makes the Tender Offer. For details, please see "*Summary of the Combination Agreement*".

The price offered for each Share validly tendered in the Tender Offer is EUR 11.50 in cash (the "**Offer Price**").

The Offer Price of EUR 11.50 represents a premium of approximately 32.8 percent to the closing price per Share on Nasdaq Helsinki on 10 July 2020, the last trading day preceding the Announcement Date, a premium of approximately 35.8 percent to the volume-weighted average trading price of the Shares on Nasdaq Helsinki over the period from 1 July 2020, the first trading day after the date of registration of the partial demerger of the Company to Metso Outotec Corporation (the "**Partial Demerger**"), to the last trading day preceding the Announcement Date, and a premium of approximately 29.6 percent to the volume-weighted average trading price of the Shares on Nasdaq Helsinki over the period from 1 July 2020, the first trading day following completion of the Partial Demerger, to the last trading day preceding the Announcement Date, and excluding the impact of Valmet Corporation's acquisition of Shares representing 14.88 percent of all Shares in the Company from Solidium Oy, which was announced by Valmet on 17 June 2020 and completed on 1 July 2020 (the "**Valmet Share Acquisition**").

The acceptance period under the Tender Offer (the "**Offer Period**") will commence on 13 August 2020 at 9:30 a.m. (Finnish time) and expire on 22 October 2020 at 4:00 p.m. (Finnish time), unless the Offer Period is extended. For details, please see "*Terms and Conditions of the Tender Offer*".

The completion of the Tender Offer is subject to the satisfaction of the conditions described in "*Terms and Conditions of the Tender Offer—Conditions to Completion of the Tender Offer*". The Offeror reserves the right to waive, to the extent permitted by applicable law, any conditions to completion of the Tender Offer.

Cevian Capital Partners Limited, who holds approximately 10.9 percent of the Shares, has on customary conditions irrevocably undertaken to accept the Tender Offer.

The information on this front page should be read in conjunction with the more detailed information in this Tender Offer Document, in particular in section "*Terms and Conditions of the Tender Offer*".

THE TENDER OFFER IS NOT BEING MADE DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY IN ANY JURISDICTION WHERE PROHIBITED BY APPLICABLE LAW AND THIS TENDER OFFER DOCUMENT AND RELATED ACCEPTANCE FORMS ARE NOT AND MAY NOT BE DISTRIBUTED, FORWARDED OR TRANSMITTED INTO OR FROM ANY JURISDICTION WHERE PROHIBITED BY APPLICABLE LAW BY ANY MEANS WHATSOEVER INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, MAIL, FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION, E-MAIL OR TELEPHONE. IN PARTICULAR, THE TENDER OFFER IS NOT MADE IN AND THIS TENDER OFFER DOCUMENT MUST UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES BE DISTRIBUTED INTO CANADA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, SOUTH AFRICA, HONG KONG SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA OR NEW ZEALAND OR ANY OTHER JURISDICTION WHERE PROHIBITED BY APPLICABLE LAW.

Financial adviser to the Offeror and arranger of the Tender Offer



SEB Corporate Finance, Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ)

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This Tender Offer Document has been prepared in accordance with Finnish law, including the Securities Market Act, Decree 1022/2012 of the Ministry of Finance and Regulations and Guidelines 9/2013 (FIVA 10/01.00/2013) issued by the Finnish Financial Supervisory Authority (the “**FFSA**”). The Tender Offer Document and the Tender Offer are governed by Finnish law and any disputes related thereto shall be exclusively settled by Finnish courts of competent jurisdiction.

The Offeror has undertaken to comply with the Helsinki Takeover Code issued by the Securities Market Association referred to in Chapter 11, Section 28 of the Securities Market Act (the “**Helsinki Takeover Code**”). According to the statement issued by the Board of Directors of Neles on 12 August 2020 and attached as Appendix A to this Tender Offer Document, Neles has also undertaken to comply with the Helsinki Takeover Code.

The Tender Offer Document is available in Finnish and as an English translation. In the event of any discrepancy between the two language versions of the Tender Offer Document, the Finnish language version shall prevail.

The FFSA has approved the Finnish language version of the Tender Offer Document but the FFSA assumes no responsibility for the accuracy of the information presented therein. The decision number of such approval by the FFSA is FIVA 11/02.05.05/2020.

The Tender Offer Document will be available in Finnish and in English from 13 August 2020 onwards at the headquarters of Alfa Laval, Rudeboksvägen 1, SE-226 55 Lund, Sweden, at the offices of Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ) Helsinki Branch, Eteläesplanadi 18, FI-00130 Helsinki, Finland and at Nasdaq Helsinki, Fabianinkatu 14, FI-00100 Helsinki, Finland. The electronic version of the Tender Offer Document will be available in Finnish and English from 13 August 2020 onwards online at <https://www.alfalaval.com/investors> and <https://sebgroup.com/large-corporates-and-institutions/prospectuses-and-downloads/prospectuses>, as well as in Finnish from 13 August 2020 onwards online at www.neles.com/ostotarjous-alfalaval and in English from 13 August 2020 onwards online at www.neles.com/offer-alfalaval.

To the extent permitted by Finnish law and other applicable laws and regulations, the Offeror may purchase Shares in the Company also outside the Tender Offer on Nasdaq Helsinki or otherwise prior to the expiry of the Offer Period or any extended Offer Period or Subsequent Offer Period (as defined below), as the case may be.

The Tender Offer is not being made directly or indirectly in any jurisdiction where prohibited by applicable law and this Tender Offer Document and related acceptance forms are not and may not be distributed, forwarded or transmitted into or from any jurisdiction where prohibited by applicable law by any means whatsoever including, without limitation, mail, facsimile transmission, e-mail or telephone. In particular, the Tender Offer is not made in and this Tender Offer Document must under no circumstances be distributed into Canada, Japan, Australia, South Africa, Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People’s Republic of China or New Zealand or any other jurisdiction where prohibited by applicable law.

All financial and other information presented in this Tender Offer Document concerning the Company has been extracted from, and has been provided exclusively based upon, the unaudited half-year report published by the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2020, the annual report and audited consolidated financial statements published by the Company as at and for the financial year ended 31 December 2019, the stock exchange releases published by the Company, entries in the Finnish trade register, the shareholders’ register of the Company as at 31 July 2020, and other publicly available information. Accordingly, the Offeror does not accept any responsibility for such information except for the accurate restatement of such information herein. The Company’s unaudited half-year report for the six months ended 30 June 2020, as well as the annual report and audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the financial year ended 31 December 2019, relate to financial periods before the completion of the Partial Demerger.

Save to the extent required by mandatory law, this Tender Offer Document will not be supplemented or updated with any financial information or other stock exchange releases published by the Company after the date of this Tender Offer Document nor will the Offeror otherwise separately inform the shareholders about the publishing of such financial information or other stock exchange releases.

SEB Corporate Finance, Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ) (the “**Arranger**”), which is under the supervision of the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority (Finansinspektionen), is acting as lead financial adviser to the Offeror and no one else in connection with the Tender Offer and arranger in relation to the Tender Offer, will not regard any other person than the Offeror as its client in relation to the Tender Offer and will not be responsible to anyone other than the Offeror for providing the protection afforded to clients of the Arranger nor for providing advice in relation to the Tender Offer.

Information for Shareholders in the United States

Shareholders in the United States are advised that the Shares are not listed on a U.S. securities exchange and that the Company is not subject to the periodic reporting requirements of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “**Exchange Act**”), and is not required to, and does not, file any reports with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “**SEC**”) thereunder.

The Tender Offer is made for the issued and outstanding shares in the Company, which is domiciled in Finland, and is subject to Finnish disclosure and procedural requirements. The Tender Offer is made in the United States pursuant to Section 14(e) and Regulation 14E under the Exchange Act, subject to exemptions provided by Rule 14d-1(d) under the Exchange Act for a “Tier II” tender offer, and otherwise in accordance with the disclosure and procedural requirements of Finnish law, including with respect to the Tender Offer timetable, settlement procedures, withdrawal, waiver of conditions and timing of payments, which are different from those of the United States. In particular, the financial statements and financial information included in this Tender Offer Document have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards in Finland, which may not be comparable to the financial statements or financial information of U.S. companies. The Tender Offer is made to the Company’s shareholders resident in the United States on the same terms and conditions as those made to all other shareholders of the Company to whom an offer is made. Any information documents, including this Tender Offer Document, are being disseminated to U.S. shareholders on a basis comparable to the method that such documents are provided to the Company’s other shareholders.

To the extent permissible under applicable law or regulations, the Offeror and its affiliates or its brokers and its brokers’ affiliates (acting as agents for the Offeror or its affiliates, as applicable) may from time to time and during the pendency of the Tender Offer, and other than pursuant to the Tender Offer and combination, directly or indirectly, purchase or arrange to purchase, the Shares or any securities that are convertible into, exchangeable for or exercisable for such Shares. These purchases may occur either in the open market at prevailing prices or in private transactions at negotiated prices. To the extent information about such purchases or arrangements to purchase is made public in Finland, such information will be disclosed by means of a press release or other means reasonably calculated to inform U.S. shareholders of the Company of such information. In addition, the financial advisers to the Offeror may also engage in ordinary course trading activities in securities of the Company, which may include purchases or arrangements to purchase such securities. To the extent required in Finland, any information about such purchases will be made public in Finland in the manner required by Finnish law.

Neither the SEC nor any U.S. state securities commission has approved or disapproved the Tender Offer, passed upon the merits or fairness of the Tender Offer, or passed any comment upon the adequacy, accuracy or completeness of this Tender Offer Document. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offence in the United States.

The receipt of cash pursuant to the Tender Offer by a U.S. holder of Shares may be a taxable transaction for U.S. federal income tax purposes and under applicable U.S. state and local, as well as foreign and other, tax laws. Each holder of Shares is urged to consult its independent professional adviser immediately regarding the tax consequences of accepting the Tender Offer.

It may be difficult for the Company’s shareholders to enforce their rights and any claims they may have arising under the U.S. federal securities laws, since the Offeror and the Company are located in non-U.S. jurisdictions, and some or all of their respective officers and directors may be residents of non-U.S. jurisdictions. The Company’s shareholders may not be able to sue the Offeror or the Company or their respective officers or directors in a non-U.S. court for violations of the U.S. federal securities laws. It may be difficult to compel the Offeror and the Company and their respective affiliates to subject themselves to a U.S. court’s judgment.

Information for Shareholders in the United Kingdom

THIS TENDER OFFER DOCUMENT AND ANY OTHER DOCUMENTS OR MATERIALS RELATING TO THE TENDER OFFER ARE NOT BEING MADE AND HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED BY AN AUTHORISED PERSON FOR THE PURPOSES OF SECTION 21 OF THE UK FINANCIAL SERVICES AND MARKETS ACT 2000 (THE “**FSMA**”). ACCORDINGLY, THIS TENDER OFFER DOCUMENT AND ANY OTHER DOCUMENTS OR MATERIALS RELATING TO THE TENDER OFFER ARE NOT BEING DISTRIBUTED TO, AND MUST NOT BE PASSED ON TO, THE GENERAL PUBLIC IN THE UNITED KINGDOM. THE COMMUNICATION OF THIS TENDER OFFER DOCUMENT AND ANY OTHER DOCUMENTS OR MATERIALS RELATING TO THE TENDER OFFER IS EXEMPT FROM THE RESTRICTION ON FINANCIAL PROMOTIONS UNDER SECTION 21 OF THE FSMA ON THE BASIS THAT IT IS A COMMUNICATION BY OR ON BEHALF OF A BODY CORPORATE WHICH RELATES TO A TRANSACTION TO ACQUIRE DAY TO DAY CONTROL OF THE AFFAIRS OF A BODY CORPORATE; OR TO ACQUIRE 50 PER CENT. OR MORE OF THE VOTING SHARES IN A BODY CORPORATE, WITHIN ARTICLE 62 OF THE FINANCIAL SERVICES AND MARKETS ACT 2000 (FINANCIAL PROMOTION) ORDER 2005.

Forward-looking Statements

This Tender Offer Document contains statements that, to the extent they are not historical facts, constitute “forward-looking statements”. Forward-looking statements include statements concerning plans, expectations, projections, objectives, targets, goals, strategies, future events, future revenues or performance, capital expenditures, financing needs, plans or intentions relating to acquisitions, competitive strengths and weaknesses, plans or goals relating to financial position, future operations and development, business strategy and the trends in the industries and the political and legal environment and other information that is not historical information. In some instances, they can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, including the terms “believes”, “intends”, “may”, “will” or “should” or, in each case, their negative or variations on comparable terminology. By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve inherent risks, uncertainties and assumptions, both general and specific, and risks exist that the predictions, forecasts, projections and other forward-looking statements will not be achieved. Given these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, investors are cautioned not to place undue

reliance on such forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statements contained herein speak only as at the date of this Tender Offer Document.

Certain Key Dates

Certain key dates relating to the Tender Offer are set forth below, provided that the Offer Period has not been extended or discontinued in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer.

- 13 July 2020 Announcement of the Offeror's decision to launch the Tender Offer
- 13 August 2020 Offer Period commences
- 22 October 2020 (preliminary) Offer Period expires
- 23 October 2020 (preliminary) Announcement of the preliminary result of the Tender Offer
- 27 October 2020 (preliminary) Announcement of the final result of the Tender Offer
- 3 November 2020 (preliminary) Payment of the Offer Price

PERSONS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE TENDER OFFER DOCUMENT

Offeror

Alfa Laval AB (publ)
Address: P.O. Box 73
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Domicile: Lund, Sweden

The Board of Directors of the Offeror

Dennis Jönsson (Chairman)
Henrik Lange
Finn Rausing
Jörn Rausing
Maria Moraeus Hanssen
Heléne Mellquist
Ulf Wiinberg
Ray Mauritsson

Bror García Lantz (employee representative)
Henrik Nielsen (employee representative)
Susanne Jonsson (employee representative)

The CEO of the Offeror

Tom Erixon

This Tender Offer Document has been prepared by the Offeror pursuant to Chapter 11, Section 11 of the Securities Market Act for purposes of the Tender Offer set out herein.

The persons responsible for the Tender Offer Document represent that to their best understanding the information contained in this Tender Offer Document is accurate and no information has been omitted that is likely to affect the assessment of the merits of the Tender Offer.

All information concerning the Company presented in this Tender Offer Document has been extracted from, and has been provided exclusively based upon, publicly available information. The Offeror confirms that this information has been accurately reproduced and that as far as the Offeror is aware and is able to ascertain from information published by the Company, no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information incorrect or misleading.

In Lund, 12 August 2020

Alfa Laval AB (publ)

ADVISERS TO THE OFFEROR

Financial adviser to the Offeror and arranger in connection with the Tender Offer

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Legal adviser to the Company in connection with the Tender Offer

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1. BACKGROUND AND OBJECTIVES

1.1 Background to the Tender Offer

Alfa Laval is a global provider of products and solutions based on its key technologies of heat transfer, separation and fluid handling. The company plays a vital role in areas that are crucial for society, such as energy efficiency, environmental protection and food production. Alfa Laval's products are used in the manufacturing of food, chemicals, pharmaceuticals, starch, sugar and ethanol as well as in the treatment of wastewater; and in the engineering and refinery sectors and mining, nuclear power and marine industries as well as in creating a comfortable indoor climate. Alfa Laval's worldwide organization helps customers in nearly 100 countries to optimize their processes. The company has 42 major production units (22 in Europe, 10 in Asia, 8 in the US and 2 in Latin America) and over 17,000 employees, the majority of whom are located in Sweden, Denmark, India, China, the US and France. Alfa Laval's key financials are summarized below.

| Financials (2019, SEK million)¹ | |
|---|--------|
| Net sales | 46,517 |
| Operating profit (EBIT) | 7,198 |
| Adjusted EBITA ² | 7,989 |
| Total assets (as per 31 December 2019) | 64,396 |

¹ As per Alfa Laval Group's 2019 annual report.

² Defined as operating income before amortization of step-up values, adjusted for items affecting comparability.

Neles is a global leader in flow control solutions and services. The Company's valves and valve automation technologies are known for quality, reliability and highest safety. The customers of Neles operate in oil and gas refining, pulp, paper and bioproducts industry, chemicals and other process industries. Neles started trading as an independent company on 1 July 2020 following the Partial Demerger, but the business has a long track record with a history of innovation for more than 60 years. Currently the company has about 2,900 employees in over 40 countries. Neles' key financials are summarized below.

| Financials (2019, EUR million)¹ | |
|---|-----|
| Net sales | 660 |
| Operating profit (EBIT) | 93 |
| Adjusted EBITA ² | 96 |
| Total assets (as per 31 December 2019) ³ | 582 |

¹ As per Metso Corporation's 2019 annual report.

² Defined as operating profit before amortization of intangible assets.

³ Calculated as group total assets less total assets of discontinued operations.

Alfa Laval and Neles have on the Announcement Date entered into the Combination Agreement pursuant to which the Offeror has undertaken to make a voluntary public tender offer for all Shares that are not held by the Company or any of its subsidiaries. The principal terms and conditions of the Combination Agreement have been described in "*Summary of the Combination Agreement*" below.

After reviewing the Tender Offer and its terms and conditions, as well as other available information, the members of the Board of Directors of Neles who participated in the decision-making have unanimously decided to recommend that the shareholders accept the Tender Offer (see "*Statement by the Board of Directors of the Company*" below and Appendix A). The Board of Directors of Neles has received a fairness opinion dated 13 July 2020 from Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc, according to which the consideration offered to the holders of the Shares pursuant to the Tender Offer is fair from a financial point of view to such holders as of the date of the opinion.

Cevian Capital Partners Limited, who holds approximately 10.9 percent of the Shares, has on customary conditions irrevocably undertaken to accept the Tender Offer.

1.2 Strategic Rationale

Alfa Laval has a proud history of preserving and investing in the Nordic region, evidenced by its 5,400 strong work force of employees. Alfa Laval has a proven track record of entering adjacent markets through platform investments in quality companies. In recent years, Alfa Laval has acquired Aalborg Industries in Denmark (2011) and Frank Mohn (Framo) in Norway (2014) and, since then, continued to invest in their market position and growth. After having built a significant industrial presence in Sweden, Denmark, and Norway, Neles' Finnish footprint will be completing Alfa Laval's Nordic platform.

Alfa Laval has identified the industrial flow control market as a key growth area. The company has historically had a strong presence in the food and water business as well as in the marine and offshore business. The transaction enables Alfa Laval to considerably strengthen its presence in the large industrial flow control space where the company currently offers mainly energy efficiency solutions.

In line with the above, Alfa Laval considers Neles an attractive platform for continued growth. The companies operate in parallel end-markets with different product specifications in the valve business and very little overlap between their current operations. However, Alfa Laval sees much in common between the industrial end-markets and the separate hygienic end-markets. In addition, Alfa Laval is highly engaged in the same industrial end-markets as Neles with advanced solutions for heat transfer and separation technology. The strategic fit is further enhanced by both companies having an advanced technology profile. Moreover, there are several areas where being part of the Alfa Laval Group can make a significant contribution to the future development of Neles, with certain strategic opportunities including:

- Leveraging Alfa Laval's well invested service network infrastructure of around 100 service centers globally.
- Leveraging Alfa Laval's highly efficient, automated warehouse presence in North America, Europe, and Asia in Neles' global parts distribution. The set-up is well suited to Neles' product range and can provide a world-class solution in the industrial flow control market.
- Acquisition growth: Alfa Laval has a long history of successful M&A transactions and the financial strength to support a meaningful acquisition program in the industrial flow control market.

Neles and Alfa Laval would create a larger and stronger global player in the flow control market. As a combined company, Neles would become an integral part of Alfa Laval's organization structure, while largely retaining its operational structure and strong identity within the Alfa Laval network. The combined company's combined revenue for the twelve months ended 31 March 2020 was approximately SEK 53.8 billion (Alfa Laval: SEK 47.0 billion; Neles: EUR 642 million (converted using the European Central Bank's average EUR/SEK exchange rate of 10.651 between 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020)) and it had a combined total of approximately 20,300 employees globally on 31 March 2020. The transaction is expected to be EPS accretive for Alfa Laval beginning from the first year following the completion of the Tender Offer.

The transaction is expected to result in significant benefits for stakeholders, including creation of shareholder value for both Neles and Alfa Laval shareholders. Alfa Laval believes that there is a strong strategic and cultural fit in the transaction.

1.3 Effect of the Tender Offer on the Operations and Assets and Future Position of Management and Employees of the Company and the Offeror

Following completion of the Tender Offer, the operations of Neles will continue as a part of the Alfa Laval Group. The completion of the Tender Offer is not expected to have any major immediate effects on Neles' operations or assets, the position of its management or employees, or its business locations. However, as is customary, Alfa Laval intends to change the composition of the Board of Directors of Neles as soon as practically possible after the completion of the Tender Offer to reflect the new ownership structure of Neles.

The Offeror has not entered into any agreements providing for any compensation or other remuneration granted to the management or the members of the Board of Directors of Neles payable in return for the execution of the Combination Agreement and/or for the completion of the Tender Offer.

Neles has in July 2020 established a long-term incentive scheme for the Company's management and selected key employees. The Company's long-term incentive scheme consists of a performance-based share plan and a deferred share unit plan (the "**PSP**" and the "**DSUP**", as described in "*Presentation of the Company—Option Rights and Special Rights Entitling to Shares*"). Under the terms and conditions of the Company's long-term incentive scheme, the Board of Directors of Neles may upon the occurrence of a change of control event resolve on the accelerated termination of the PSP 2020–2022 and DSUP 2018–2020 and DSUP 2019–2021 plans, combined with a full or prorated accelerated payment of plan awards in cash. The accelerated payment of any awards would be conditional upon the completion of the Tender Offer. The Board of Directors of Neles may under the terms and conditions of the plans also decide on other mechanisms to settle awards under the PSP and the DSUP.

Other than as described herein and the payment of the Offer Price, the completion of the Tender Offer is not expected to have any immediate material effects on Alfa Laval's operations or assets, the position of its management or employees or its business locations.

1.4 Financing of the Tender Offer

As required under applicable laws, Alfa Laval has, and will have at the completion of the Tender Offer, access to debt and equity funding in sufficient amounts to finance the payment of the aggregate Offer Price for all of the issued and outstanding shares in Neles in connection with the Tender Offer (including in any mandatory redemption proceedings in accordance with the Finnish Companies Act (624/2006, as amended, the "**Finnish Companies Act**"). The Tender Offer will be financed through a combination of Alfa Laval's own funds and debt facilities from Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ) ("**SEB**"). Alfa Laval has secured fully committed debt financing from SEB on a customary certain funds basis, and the availability of the debt financing is subject only to the completion of the Tender Offer and certain conditions that are customary for a certain funds financing arrangement of this kind. The completion of the Tender Offer is not conditional upon availability of financing.

1.5 Offeror's Future Plans with respect to the Company's Shares

Obligation to Make a Mandatory Offer

According to Chapter 11, Section 19 of the Securities Market Act, a shareholder holding more than thirty (30) percent or fifty (50) percent of the voting rights attaching to the shares in a company, the shares of which are subject to public trading on a regulated market, is obligated to make a public tender offer (mandatory tender offer) for all the remaining shares and securities entitling to shares in the company. However, under the Securities Market Act, if the relevant threshold has been exceeded by means of a voluntary public tender offer, the voluntary offer does not need to be followed by a mandatory tender offer provided that the initial voluntary offer has been made for all shares and other securities entitling to shares in the target company. Pursuant to the above exemption, the Offeror will not have an obligation to launch a subsequent mandatory offer after the completion of the Tender Offer.

Redemption under the Finnish Companies Act

The completion of the Tender Offer is conditional on, among other conditions, the valid tender of Shares representing, together with any other Shares otherwise acquired by the Offeror prior to or during the Offer Period, more than two thirds of the issued and outstanding Shares and voting rights in the Company.

Under Chapter 18, Section 1 of the Finnish Companies Act a shareholder holding more than ninety (90) percent of all shares and voting rights in a limited liability company shall have the right to acquire and, subject to demand by other shareholders, is also obligated to redeem the remainder of the issued and outstanding shares in the company. Should the Offeror obtain more than ninety (90) percent of the Shares and voting rights attaching to the Shares, calculated in accordance with Chapter 18, Section 1 of the Finnish Companies Act, the Offeror intends to initiate mandatory redemption proceedings in accordance with the Finnish Companies Act in order to acquire title to all the Shares. Should the Offeror obtain less than 90 percent but more than two-thirds (2/3) of the Shares and voting rights attaching to the Shares, the Offeror would assess alternatives to acquire the remaining Shares over time, and it is possible that Neles could become subject to certain corporate transactions, including for example purchases of further shares in Neles after completion of the Tender Offer, or a statutory cross-border merger with and into Alfa Laval. As at the date of this Tender Offer Document, the Offeror has not taken any decisions on the timeline of any such possible transactions or whether any such transactions would be undertaken at all.

Delisting from Nasdaq Helsinki

Subject to the Offeror acquiring all of the issued and outstanding Shares, the Offer intends to apply for delisting of the Shares from Nasdaq Helsinki as soon as reasonably practicable under applicable laws and regulations.

1.6 Statement by the Board of Directors of the Company

The members of the Board of Directors of Neles who participated in the decision-making have unanimously decided to recommend that the shareholders accept the Tender Offer.

The Board of Directors of Neles has requested a fairness opinion regarding the Tender Offer from Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc. The fairness opinion dated 13 July 2020 states that the consideration offered to the holders of the Shares pursuant to the Tender Offer is fair from a financial point of view to such holders as of the date of the opinion.

After having obtained the fairness opinion from Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc and having carefully evaluated the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer from the point of view of Neles and its shareholders and other available information, the Board of Directors of Neles has on 12 August 2020 issued a statement to the effect that, under the circumstances prevailing at the time the statement was issued, the Tender Offer and the consideration offered by the Offeror in the Tender Offer is fair to the holders of Shares. Accordingly, the members of the Board of Directors of Neles who participated in the decision-making have unanimously decided to recommend the shareholders to accept the Tender Offer.

According to the statement of the Board of Directors of Neles, six out of seven members of the Board of Directors participated in the decision-making concerning the recommendation. Board member Niko Pakalén did not participate in the decision. Niko Pakalén has considered himself to be dependent of a major shareholder, Cevian Capital Partners Limited, which has given an undertaking, subject to certain customary conditions, to accept the Tender Offer. For this reason, he has made a decision not to participate in the decision-making concerning the recommendation. The statement by the Board of Directors of Neles in accordance with Chapter 11, Section 13 of the Securities Market Act is attached to this Tender Offer Document as Appendix A.

1.7 Undertakings by Major Shareholders

Cevian Capital Partners Limited, who holds approximately 10.9 percent of the Shares, has on customary conditions irrevocably undertaken to accept the Tender Offer. Among these conditions are Cevian Capital's right to terminate the undertaking under

certain conditions, including if a competing tender offer is announced with a consideration that exceeds the Offer Price by at least five percent and provided that Alfa Laval does not increase the Offer Price to match such competing consideration.

1.8 Authority Approvals

The Offeror will, as soon as reasonably practicable, make all submissions, notifications and filings required to obtain all necessary regulatory approvals from relevant authorities in all jurisdictions where required under applicable laws and regulations. Based on currently available information, the Offeror expects the Tender Offer to be subject to merger control clearances in certain jurisdictions, including Finland, Germany, Russia, Turkey, the United States and Saudi Arabia, as well as approvals relating to foreign investment control in certain jurisdictions, including Finland. The Offeror estimates that all necessary regulatory approvals will be obtained prior to the expiry of the initial Offer Period. If all necessary regulatory approvals have not been obtained prior to the expiry of the initial Offer Period, the Offeror will extend the Offer Period in accordance with, and subject to, the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer and applicable laws, in order to satisfy the Conditions to Completion (as defined below), including obtaining merger control clearances. See *“Terms and Conditions of the Tender Offer—Offer Period”* and *“Terms and Conditions of the Tender Offer—Conditions to Completion of the Tender Offer”*. The Offeror will announce the receipt of necessary authority approvals by way of stock exchange releases.

1.9 Fees to Advisers

SEB Corporate Finance, Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ) acts as the financial adviser to the Offeror and the arranger in connection with the Tender Offer, and Avance Attorneys Ltd, Advokatfirman Vinge KB and Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP as the legal advisers to the Offeror in connection with the Tender Offer. The Offeror expects the aggregate fees payable to its advisers on the basis of the completion of the Tender Offer to be approximately SEK 35 million.

2. INFORMATION ON GROUNDS FOR PRICING OF THE TENDER OFFER

2.1 Grounds for Determining the Offer Price

The Offer Price under the Tender Offer is EUR 11.50 in cash for each Share validly tendered.

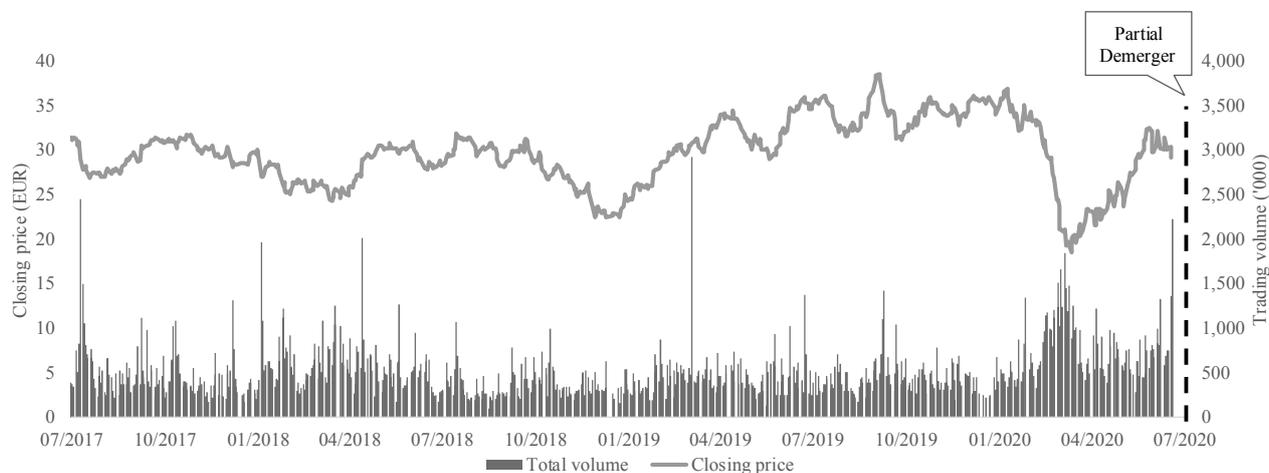
Should the number of Shares issued and outstanding on the Announcement Date change as a result of a new share issue, reclassification, stock split or any other similar transaction, or should the Company distribute a dividend or otherwise distribute funds or any other assets to its shareholders, or should a record date with respect to any of the foregoing occur prior to the Settlement Date (as defined below), the Offer Price will be reduced accordingly on a euro-for-euro basis as set out in “*Terms and Conditions of the Tender Offer—Offer Price*”.

The Offeror has determined the Offer Price after careful consideration of Neles’ current market position, historical business and financial performance and the prospects of Neles’ business and its financial condition in the foreseeable future, as well as the current and historical trading prices of the Shares on Nasdaq Helsinki. The Board of Directors of Neles has requested a fairness opinion regarding the Tender Offer from Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc. The fairness opinion dated 13 July 2020 states that the consideration offered to the holders of the Shares pursuant to the Tender Offer is fair from a financial point of view to such holders as of the date of the opinion.

According to Chapter 11, Section 24 of the Securities Market Act, the starting point in determining the consideration to be offered in a voluntary tender offer for all shares and other securities entitling to shares in the target company shall be the highest price paid for the securities subject to the tender offer by the offeror or by a person related to the offeror as referred to in Chapter 11, Section 5 of the Securities Market Act, during a period of six (6) months preceding the announcement of the tender offer. Neither the Offeror nor any other party related to the Offeror as referred to in Chapter 11, Section 5 of the Securities Market Act has acquired any Shares in the Company in public trading or otherwise within the six (6) months preceding the Announcement Date.

2.2 Trading Prices of the Company’s Shares

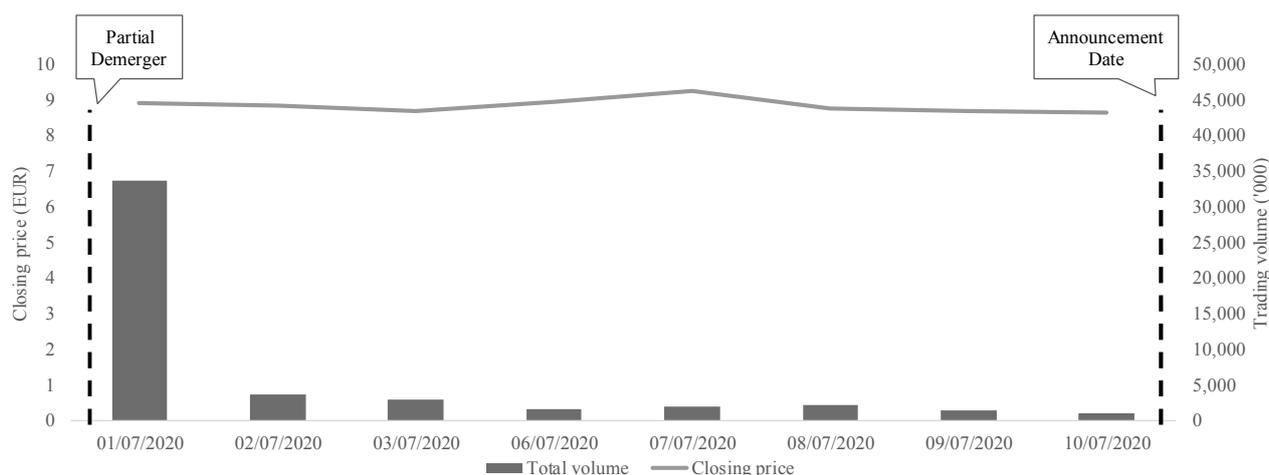
The chart below shows the price development of the Shares on Nasdaq Helsinki and the trading volumes of the Shares during the period starting three (3) years prior to the Announcement Date, i.e. on 12 July 2017, and ending on 30 June 2020, the date of registration of the Partial Demerger.¹ The ISIN code of the Shares is FI4000440664.



The chart below shows the price development of the Shares on Nasdaq Helsinki and the trading volumes of the Shares during the period starting on 1 July 2020, the first trading day after the date of registration of the Partial Demerger, and ending on 10 July 2020, the last trading day preceding the Announcement Date.²

¹ Source: Nasdaq Helsinki.

² Source: Nasdaq Helsinki.



The closing price per Share on Nasdaq Helsinki on 10 July 2020, the last trading day preceding the Announcement Date, was EUR 8.66. The volume-weighted average trading price of the Shares on Nasdaq Helsinki over the period from 1 July 2020, the first trading day after the date of registration of the Partial Demerger, to the last trading day preceding the Announcement Date, was EUR 8.47. The volume-weighted average trading price of the Shares on Nasdaq Helsinki over the period from 1 July 2020, the first trading day after the date of registration of the Partial Demerger, to the last trading day preceding the Announcement Date, and excluding the impact of the Valmet Share Acquisition, was EUR 8.87.

The Offer Price of EUR 11.50 for each Share represents a premium of approximately 32.8 percent to the closing price per Share on Nasdaq Helsinki on 10 July 2020, the last trading day preceding the Announcement Date, a premium of approximately 35.8 percent to the volume-weighted average trading price of the Shares on Nasdaq Helsinki over the period from 1 July 2020, the first trading day after the date of registration of the Partial Demerger, to the last trading day preceding the Announcement Date, and a premium of approximately 29.6 percent to the volume-weighted average trading price of the Shares on Nasdaq Helsinki over the period from 1 July 2020, the first trading day following completion of the Partial Demerger, to the last trading day preceding the Announcement Date, and excluding the impact of the Valmet Share Acquisition.³

The table below shows the quarterly trading prices and trading volumes of the Shares on Nasdaq Helsinki during the period starting three (3) years prior to the Announcement Date and ending on 30 June 2020, the date of registration of the Partial Demerger.⁴

| Time period | | Share price during period (EUR) ⁵ | | | Share trading volume during period | |
|------------------|------------|--|-------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| <i>Beginning</i> | <i>End</i> | <i>Average</i> | <i>High</i> | <i>Low</i> | <i>Shares</i> | <i>EUR</i> |
| 12/07/2017 | 30/09/2017 | 28.75 | 32.04 | 26.53 | 32,130,855.00 | 923,719,547.13 |
| 01/10/2017 | 31/12/2017 | 30.24 | 31.79 | 27.88 | 26,745,210.00 | 808,644,269.99 |
| 01/01/2018 | 31/03/2018 | 26.62 | 30.22 | 23.79 | 37,482,871.00 | 997,801,063.32 |
| 01/04/2018 | 30/06/2018 | 28.54 | 31.02 | 24.46 | 35,980,461.00 | 1,026,995,889.56 |
| 01/07/2018 | 30/09/2018 | 29.83 | 32.27 | 27.70 | 21,670,975.00 | 646,495,163.37 |
| 01/10/2018 | 31/12/2018 | 26.68 | 31.49 | 22.38 | 23,815,492.00 | 635,496,270.34 |
| 01/01/2019 | 31/03/2019 | 28.44 | 31.40 | 22.36 | 29,401,245.00 | 836,081,650.38 |
| 01/04/2019 | 30/06/2019 | 32.19 | 35.25 | 28.38 | 27,186,721.00 | 875,100,387.41 |
| 01/07/2019 | 30/09/2019 | 34.87 | 39.79 | 30.84 | 30,069,057.00 | 1,048,428,571.32 |
| 01/10/2019 | 31/12/2019 | 33.85 | 36.37 | 30.70 | 26,981,335.00 | 913,339,350.34 |
| 01/01/2020 | 31/03/2020 | 27.78 | 36.95 | 17.92 | 49,579,054.00 | 1,377,477,830.21 |
| 01/04/2020 | 30/06/2020 | 26.92 | 32.64 | 19.98 | 42,549,061.00 | 1,145,386,436.33 |

³ Calculated by disregarding the Valmet Share Acquisition when calculating the volume-weighted average trading price of the Shares on Nasdaq Helsinki between 1 July 2020 and 10 July 2020. The Valmet Share Acquisition was executed on 1 July 2020 at a price of EUR 8.00 per Share. In the Valmet Share Acquisition, Valmet Corporation acquired 22,374,869 Shares, which represent 14.88 percent of all Shares in the Company.

⁴ Source: Nasdaq Helsinki.

⁵ High and low prices calculated based on intraday trading data during the period. Average prices calculated as the volume-weighted average during the period.

The table below shows the trading prices and trading volumes of the Shares on Nasdaq Helsinki during the period starting on 1 July 2020, the first trading day after the date of registration of the Partial Demerger, and ending on 10 July 2020, the last trading day preceding the Announcement Date.⁶

| Time period | | Share price during period (EUR) ⁷ | | | Share trading volume during period | |
|------------------|------------|--|-------------|------------|------------------------------------|----------------|
| <i>Beginning</i> | <i>End</i> | <i>Average</i> | <i>High</i> | <i>Low</i> | <i>Shares</i> | <i>EUR</i> |
| 01/07/2017 | 10/07/2020 | 8.47 | 9.28 | 8.26 | 48,534,275.00 | 411,070,687.32 |

2.3 Other Tender Offers

To the Offeror's knowledge, no public tender offer for the Shares or securities entitling to shares in Neles has been made by any third party during the twelve (12) months preceding the date of the Tender Offer Document.

⁶ Source: Nasdaq Helsinki.

⁷ High and low prices calculated based on intraday trading data during the period. Average price calculated as the volume-weighted average during the period.

3. SUMMARY OF THE COMBINATION AGREEMENT

This summary is not an exhaustive presentation of all the terms and conditions of the Combination Agreement. The purpose of this summary is to describe the terms and conditions of the Combination Agreement to the extent that such terms and conditions may materially affect the shareholders' assessment of the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer.

3.1 Background to the Combination Agreement

Alfa Laval and Neles have on 13 July 2020 entered into the Combination Agreement pursuant to which Alfa Laval has undertaken to make a public tender offer for all Shares in the Company that are not held by Neles or any of its subsidiaries (Alfa Laval and Neles hereafter each a "**Party**" and together "**Parties**"). The background of the Tender Offer is described in more detail under "*Background and Objectives*" above.

3.2 Offer Period and Offer Price

Under the Combination Agreement, the Offer Period under the Tender Offer shall commence within three (3) Finnish and Swedish banking days after the FFSA has approved this Tender Offer Document. The Offer Period may be extended from time to time by Alfa Laval in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer and applicable laws and regulations.

The Combination Agreement provides that Alfa Laval shall offer to acquire all the Shares for a consideration of EUR 11.50 in cash for each Share, subject to the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer. The Offer Price may be adjusted as described in "*Terms and Conditions of the Tender Offer—Offer Price*".

3.3 Conditions to Completion

Under the Combination Agreement, the obligation of Alfa Laval to consummate the Tender Offer is subject to the fulfillment or, to the extent permitted by applicable laws and regulations, waiver by Alfa Laval of the Conditions to Completion as defined and described in section "*Terms and Conditions of the Tender Offer—Conditions to Completion of the Tender Offer*" on or prior to the date of Alfa Laval's announcement of the final result of the Tender Offer.

3.4 Recommendation by the Board of Directors of the Company

Having evaluated the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer from the point of view of Neles and the holders of the Shares, the members of the Board of Directors of Neles who participated in the decision-making unanimously recommend that the holders of the Shares accept the Tender Offer.

Pursuant to the Combination Agreement, the Board of Directors of Neles may withdraw, modify or change its recommendation if the Board of Directors of Neles determines in good faith due to a material Effect (as defined below) occurring after the Announcement Date or an Effect (as defined below) occurring prior to the Announcement Date of which the Board of Directors of Neles was not aware on the Announcement Date, after taking advice from reputable external legal and financial advisers, that it would no longer be in the interest of the holders of the Shares to accept the Tender Offer, and that such withdrawal, modification or change of the recommendation is required for the Board of Directors of Neles to comply with its mandatory fiduciary duties. Prior to and as a precondition for withdrawing, modifying or changing its recommendation, the Board of Directors of Neles shall adhere to certain agreed procedures, including giving Alfa Laval the opportunity to enhance the Tender Offer or otherwise remedy the Effect (as defined below) giving rise to the withdrawal, modification or change of the recommendation, and take such enhanced Tender Offer or remedy, if any, into consideration when resolving upon a possible withdrawal, modification or change of the recommendation.

The Board of Directors of Neles may resolve to withdraw, modify or change its recommendation if a third party publishes its firm decision to offer to purchase the Shares through a public tender offer in accordance with the Securities Market Act ("**Competing Offer**"), or if the Company receives a serious bona fide written proposal, offer or indication of interest that constitutes in the opinion of the Board of Directors of Neles a proposal of a serious nature in the meaning of the Helsinki Takeover Code and could reasonably be expected to lead to a Competing Offer or to any other transaction involving Neles and its group companies that could constitute or result in any competing transaction or otherwise substantially harm or hinder the launch or completion of the Tender Offer (such proposal, offer or indication of interest hereinafter a "**Competing Proposal**"). The Board of Directors of Neles may resolve to withdraw, modify or change its recommendation if the Board of Directors of Neles determines in good faith, after taking advice from reputable external legal and financial advisers, that (i) the Competing Offer or the Competing Proposal is more favorable to the holders of the Shares than the Tender Offer (including as and to the extent enhanced pursuant to the Combination Agreement) both from a financial point of view and when assessed as a whole, and therefore that (ii) it would no longer be in the best interest of the holders of the Shares to accept the Tender Offer, and that such withdrawal, modification or change of the recommendation is required for the Board of Directors of Neles to comply with its mandatory fiduciary duties. Prior to and as a precondition for withdrawing, modifying or changing its recommendation, the Board of Directors of Neles shall adhere to certain agreed procedures allowing Alfa Laval to assess the Competing Offer or Competing Proposal and to enhance its Tender Offer. If the Offeror enhances the Tender Offer such that the enhanced Tender

Offer as a whole, in the reasonable opinion of the Board of Directors of Neles, after taking advice from reputable external legal and financial advisers, is more favorable to the holders of the Shares than the Competing Offer or Competing Proposal, the Board of Directors of Neles shall confirm and uphold its recommendation (as amended based on the enhanced Tender Offer) for the Tender Offer, as enhanced.

3.5 Representations and Warranties

In the Combination Agreement, Neles has given to Alfa Laval certain representations and warranties relating to, among other things:

- Neles and its group companies being duly organized and validly existing and Neles having the corporate power and authority to execute the Combination Agreement and to perform its obligations thereunder;
- neither the execution of the Combination Agreement, the performance of the obligations under the Combination Agreement nor the consummation of the Tender Offer (i) conflicting with any applicable laws or regulations or the constitutional documents of Neles or any of its group companies, or (ii) resulting in a breach, cancellation or termination of any material permit, license or approval of Neles or any of its group companies;
- the number of Shares issued by Neles, and Neles not having issued any option rights or other securities entitling to shares in Neles;
- the latest consolidated financial statements and interim report of Neles having been prepared in accordance with relevant laws and accounting standards and giving a true and fair view of the consolidated results of operations and the financial condition of Neles and its consolidated subsidiaries;
- Neles not being in the process of discussing any Competing Offers or Competing Proposals as at the Announcement Date;
- Neles having duly and timely fulfilled its disclosure obligations under applicable laws and regulations and the rules of Nasdaq Helsinki, and prepared all information it has provided for the purposes of the Offeror's due diligence review in good faith, and such information being in all material respects true and accurate;
- Neles and its group companies being and having been in compliance with (i) applicable laws and regulations, and (ii) the terms and conditions set out in any permits, operational licenses, approvals and authorizations granted to Neles or any of its group companies;
- Neles and its group companies having the licenses, permits and authorizations from relevant authorities necessary for the conduct of their respective businesses as conducted on the Announcement Date;
- there not being, and there not having during the one (1) year immediately preceding the Announcement Date been, any pending and materially adverse lawsuits or other legal proceedings involving Neles or any of its group companies;
- Neles and all of its group companies having filed all material tax returns required to be filed by them and there being no material tax related actions or disputes pending or threatened with respect to them;
- Neles and any of its group companies not having (i) used any of their funds for unlawful contributions or other unlawful payments related to political activity, (ii) made any bribes or influence payments, or (iii) made or accepted any other unlawful payments;
- Neles being unaware on the Announcement Date of any Effect (as defined below) that constitutes or is likely to result in a Material Adverse Change (as defined below in "*Terms and Conditions of the Tender Offer—Conditions to Completion of the Tender Offer*").

In the Combination Agreement, Alfa Laval has given to Neles certain representations and warranties relating to, among other things:

- Alfa Laval being duly organized and validly existing and having the corporate power and authority to execute the Combination Agreement and to perform its obligations thereunder;
- neither the execution of the Combination Agreement, the performance of the obligations under the Combination Agreement nor the consummation of the Tender Offer conflicting with any applicable laws or regulations or the constitutional documents of Alfa Laval;
- there being no claims, actions, proceedings or investigations pending or threatened against Alfa Laval which could potentially delay or prevent Alfa Laval's ability to consummate the Tender Offer;

- Alfa Laval having secured necessary and adequate financing to complete the Tender Offer (including any subsequent mandatory redemption proceedings in accordance with the Finnish Companies Act); and
- Alfa Laval being unaware of any obligation to make any filing, give any notice to, or obtain any approval of any governmental or regulatory authority for the consummation of the Tender Offer, other than merger control clearances and approvals relating to foreign investment control from the competent authorities of certain jurisdictions, as well as any filings, notices or approvals which, if not made or obtained, would not have an adverse effect on Alfa Laval's ability to consummate the Tender Offer.

The representations and warranties shall automatically terminate upon the date of announcement of the final result of the Tender Offer, thereby having no further effect after such date.

3.6 Undertakings

Under the Combination Agreement, the Parties have given each other certain undertakings, most of which shall automatically terminate upon the title to the Shares validly tendered in the Tender Offer passing to Alfa Laval pursuant to the Tender Offer, thereby having no further effect after such date. The undertakings relate to the procedures to be followed in connection with the Tender Offer, including, among other things, the following:

- Neles has undertaken not to, and to cause each of its group companies as well as its and their representatives not to, directly or indirectly, solicit or knowingly encourage any person to launch or make a Competing Proposal (such actions hereafter "**Promoting Measures**"). However, if Neles receives a serious bona fide written Competing Proposal, then the Board of Directors of Neles will not be precluded from engaging in Promoting Measures with respect to such Competing Proposal if and to the extent the Board of Directors of Neles determines in good faith, after taking advice from reputable external legal and financial advisers, that the Competing Proposal is more favorable to the holders of the Shares than the Tender Offer both from a financial point of view and when assessed as a whole, as set out in the Combination Agreement, and therefore that Promoting Measures are required in order for the Board of Directors of Neles to comply with its mandatory fiduciary duties, and provided further that the Board of Directors has complied with certain agreed procedures allowing Alfa Laval to assess the Competing Proposal, including informing the Offeror of any Competing Proposals together with reasonably detailed particulars, and providing Alfa Laval in good faith with an opportunity to negotiate with the Board of Directors of Neles about matters arising from the Competing Proposal;
- Neles has undertaken to, and to cause each of its group companies to, as between the Announcement Date and the Settlement Date (as defined below), conduct their respective businesses in all material respects in the ordinary course of business and to refrain from making or implementing any material changes or certain actions without the prior consent of Alfa Laval, unless required to do so under applicable laws and regulations;
- each Party has undertaken to use its reasonable best efforts to do or cause to be done all reasonably required actions and to assist and cooperate with the other Party in, among others, the making of any required registrations and filings with relevant competition authorities and any other governmental entities or regulatory authorities, any stock exchange or press releases and the execution and/or delivery of any additional corporate resolutions or instruments necessary to consummate the Tender Offer;
- Neles has undertaken to provide Alfa Laval with access to information regarding Neles and its group companies needed for purposes of necessary regulatory filings, stock exchange or press releases or completion of the Tender offer or to evaluate the existence of any Material Adverse Change (as defined below) or any possible breach of the warranties or undertakings of Neles under the Combination Agreement, to the extent permitted by applicable laws and regulations;
- the Board of Directors of Neles has undertaken to convene at the request of Alfa Laval an extraordinary general meeting of shareholders of Neles for the purpose of electing new members to the Board of Directors of Neles after Alfa Laval has publicly announced that it will complete the Tender Offer;
- each Party has undertaken to notify the other Party of certain events and to consult with each other in connection with the making of any registrations or filings with governmental entities, stock exchanges or regulatory authorities or before issuing any public announcements relating to the Tender Offer; and
- each Party has undertaken to comply with the recommendations set out in the Helsinki Takeover Code or, in the event of a justified deviation, to the extent practically possible before taking any action, explain the reasons for such deviation to the other Party.

3.7 Termination

The Combination Agreement may be terminated at any time prior to the Settlement Date (as defined below) as follows:

- by either Party upon a material breach of any of the warranties, undertakings or obligations (or to the extent such warranty, undertaking or obligation is qualified by materiality, any breach thereof) given by the other Party under the Combination Agreement and with respect to the warranties given by Neles also constituting a Material Adverse Change (as defined below);
- by Alfa Laval, if the Board of Directors of Neles has for any reason resolved to withdraw, modify or change the recommendation to accept the Tender Offer;
- by Neles, if the Board of Directors of Neles has resolved to withdraw, modify or change the recommendation to accept the Tender Offer in compliance with certain requirements set forth in the Combination Agreement;
- by either Party, if a final, non-appealable injunction or other order issued by any court of competent jurisdiction or other final, non-appealable legal restraint or prohibition preventing the consummation of the Tender Offer shall have taken effect after the Announcement Date and remains in effect, provided that the right to terminate the Combination Agreement will not be available to a Party whose breach of any warranty, undertaking or obligation under the Combination Agreement has resulted in such order, restraint or prohibition;
- by either Party, if the Settlement Date (as defined below) has not occurred by 31 January 2021, provided that the right to terminate the Combination Agreement will not be available to a Party whose breach of any warranty, undertaking or obligation under the Combination Agreement has resulted in the failure of the Settlement Date (as defined below) to occur by such date; or
- by Alfa Laval, by giving Neles a written notice, at any time prior to the Settlement Date (as defined below), should any of the Conditions to Completion (as defined below) become incapable of satisfaction, provided that Alfa Laval shall simultaneously with such termination publicly announce that it will not complete the Tender Offer, allow the Tender Offer to lapse, or withdraw the Tender Offer, as applicable.

If the Combination Agreement has expired or been terminated for any other reason than the consummation of the Tender Offer, the Offeror may refrain from completing, or allow to lapse, or withdraw the Tender Offer, as applicable, in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer.

Notwithstanding the above, if the Offer Period has commenced, Alfa Laval may only terminate the Combination Agreement so as to cause the Tender Offer not to proceed, to lapse or to be withdrawn if the circumstances which give rise to the right to invoke the relevant termination right have material significance to Alfa Laval in view of the Tender Offer, as referred to in the Regulations and Guidelines 9/2013 on Takeover Bids and Mandatory Bids (as amended) issued by the FFSA.

3.8 Governing Law and Disputes

The Combination Agreement is governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of Finland, excluding the application of its conflict of law rules.

Any dispute, controversy or claim arising out of or relating to the Combination Agreement, or the breach, termination or validity thereof, will be finally settled by arbitration in accordance with the Arbitration Rules of the Finland Chamber of Commerce.

4. TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE TENDER OFFER

4.1 Object of the Tender Offer

Through a voluntary public cash tender offer in accordance with Chapter 11 of the Finnish Securities Market Act (746/2012, as amended, the “**Securities Market Act**”) and subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein, Alfa Laval AB (publ) (the “**Offeror**” or “**Alfa Laval**”) offers to acquire all of the issued and outstanding shares (the “**Shares**” or, individually, a “**Share**”) in Neles Corporation (the “**Company**” or “**Neles**”) that are not held by the Company or any of its subsidiaries (the “**Tender Offer**”).

Alfa Laval is a public limited company incorporated under the laws of Sweden and its shares are listed on the official list of Nasdaq Stockholm AB.

Neles is a public limited company incorporated under the laws of Finland and its Shares are listed on the official list of Nasdaq Helsinki Ltd (“**Nasdaq Helsinki**”).

The Offeror and the Company have on 13 July 2020 (the “**Announcement Date**”) entered into a combination agreement (the “**Combination Agreement**”) pursuant to which the Offeror makes the Tender Offer. The Tender Offer was announced by the Offeror on 13 July 2020.

4.2 Offer Price

The price offered for each Share validly tendered in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer is EUR 11.50 in cash (the “**Offer Price**”).

The Offer Price has been determined based on 150,197,895 issued and outstanding Shares as at the Announcement Date. Should the number of Shares issued and outstanding on the Announcement Date change as a result of a new share issue, reclassification, stock split or any other similar transaction, or should the Company distribute a dividend or otherwise distribute funds or any other assets to its shareholders, or should a record date with respect to any of the foregoing occur prior to the Settlement Date (as defined below), the Offer Price shall be reduced accordingly on a euro-for-euro basis, whereby the offer price so reduced shall constitute the Offer Price as defined under these terms and conditions of the Tender Offer (it being understood that in the event of an increase in the number of Shares, only the consideration payable for each Share will be reduced accordingly without any reduction in the total aggregate consideration payable by the Offeror). Any reduction of the Offer Price pursuant to the above shall be announced by way of a stock exchange release. If the Offer Price is increased or reduced, the Offer Period (as defined below) shall continue for at least ten (10) Finnish banking days following such announcement.

4.3 Offer Period

The acceptance period under the Tender Offer (the “**Offer Period**”) commences on 13 August 2020 at 9:30 a.m. (Finnish time) and expires on 22 October 2020 at 4:00 p.m. (Finnish time), unless the Offer Period is extended as set forth below.

The Offeror may extend the Offer Period (i) from time to time until such time when all of the Conditions to Completion (as defined below) have been fulfilled or waived, (ii) in case of any competing offer as referred to in Chapter 11, Section 17 of the Securities Market Act, and (iii) with a Subsequent Offer Period (as defined below) in connection with the announcement of the final result of the Tender Offer whereby the Offeror also declares the Tender Offer unconditional, all as set forth below.

The Offeror will announce any extension of the Offer Period through a stock exchange release at the latest on the first (1st) Finnish banking day following the expiry of the Offer Period, i.e. on 23 October 2020. The Offeror will announce any extension of an already extended Offer Period at the latest on the first (1st) Finnish banking day following the expiry of the extended Offer Period. The Offer Period may be extended for a specified period of time or until further notice. However, the duration of any possible extension of the Offer Period or an already extended Offer Period shall be at least two (2) weeks from the date of the announcement by the Offeror concerning such extension. If the Offeror extends the Offer Period, the Offer Period will expire on the date and at the time until which the Offeror extends the Offer Period unless the extended Offer Period is discontinued as set forth below or the Offer Period is extended until further notice, in which case the Offer Period will continue until discontinued as set forth below.

According to Chapter 11, Section 12 of the Securities Market Act, the duration of the Offer Period in its entirety may be ten (10) weeks at the maximum. However, if the Conditions to Completion (as defined below) have not been fulfilled due to a particular obstacle as referred to in the Regulations and Guidelines 9/2013 on Takeover Bids and Mandatory Bids (as amended) issued by the Finnish Financial Supervisory Authority (the “**FFSA**”) such as, for example, pending approval by a competition authority, the Offeror may extend the Offer Period beyond ten (10) weeks until such obstacle has been removed and the Offeror has had a reasonable time to respond to the situation in question, provided that the business operations of the Company are not hindered for longer than is reasonable, as referred to in Chapter 11, Section 12, Subsection 2 of the Securities Market Act. The Offer Period may also be extended as required under applicable laws and regulations. The expiry date of any extended Offer Period will in such case, unless published in connection with the announcement of the extension of the Offer Period, be

published by the Offeror at least two (2) weeks before such expiry. Further, any Subsequent Offer Period (as defined below) may extend beyond ten (10) weeks.

The Offeror may discontinue any extended Offer Period should all the Conditions to Completion (as defined below) be fulfilled or waived by the Offeror before the expiry of the extended Offer Period, and execute the sale and purchase of the Shares validly tendered and not properly withdrawn in accordance with section “—*Terms of Payment and Settlement of Shares*” below. If the Offeror discontinues an extended Offer Period, the Offeror will announce its decision thereon through a stock exchange release as soon as possible after such decision has been made and, in any case, at least two (2) weeks before the expiry of the extended Offer Period to be discontinued. If the Offeror discontinues the extended Offer Period, the extended Offer Period will expire on such earlier date and at the time indicated in the announcement made by the Offeror.

The Offeror reserves the right to extend the Offer Period in connection with the announcement of the final result of the Tender Offer as set forth in section “—*Announcement of the Result of the Tender Offer*” below (such extended Offer Period shall be referred to as the “**Subsequent Offer Period**”). In the event of such Subsequent Offer Period, the Subsequent Offer Period will expire on the date and at the time determined by the Offeror in the announcement concerning the final result of the Tender Offer. The expiration of a Subsequent Offer Period will be announced by way of a stock exchange release at least two (2) weeks before the expiry of such Subsequent Offer Period. The Offeror may also extend the Subsequent Offer Period by announcing this through a stock exchange release at the latest on the first (1st) Finnish banking day following the initially expected expiry of the Subsequent Offer Period.

4.4 Conditions to Completion of the Tender Offer

The obligation of the Offeror to accept for payment the tendered Shares and to complete the Tender Offer is subject to the fulfillment or, to the extent permitted by applicable laws and regulations, waiver by the Offeror of each of the following conditions agreed upon in the Combination Agreement (jointly, the “**Conditions to Completion**”) on or prior to the date of the Offeror’s announcement of the final result of the Tender Offer in accordance with the Securities Market Act:

- 1) the valid tender of Shares representing, together with any other Shares otherwise acquired by the Offeror prior to or during the Offer Period, more than two thirds of the issued and outstanding Shares and voting rights in the Company;
- 2) the receipt of all necessary regulatory approvals, permits and consents, including merger control clearances, the Offeror being obliged to propose and take any such actions, including fulfilling any conditions set or remedies or commitments required under such approvals, permits, consents or clearances, including any requirements to divest or hold separate any assets or operations, or to reorganize the business of the Offeror, the Offeror’s affiliates, the Company or the Company’s affiliates, in order to ensure that the condition under this section 2) is satisfied;
- 3) no Material Adverse Change (as defined below) having occurred after the Announcement Date;
- 4) the Offeror not, after the Announcement Date, having received information previously undisclosed to it that constitutes a Material Adverse Change (as defined below);
- 5) no information made public by the Company being materially inaccurate, incomplete, or misleading, and the Company not having failed to make public any information that should have been made public by it under applicable laws and regulations or the rules of Nasdaq Helsinki, provided that, in each case, the information made public, or the failure to make information public, constitutes a Material Adverse Change (as defined below);
- 6) no court or regulatory authority of competent jurisdiction having given an order or issued any regulatory action preventing, postponing or materially challenging the completion of the Tender Offer in accordance with its terms;
- 7) the Board of Directors of the Company having issued the recommendation and the recommendation remaining in full force and effect and not having been withdrawn, modified or changed to the detriment of the Tender Offer;
- 8) the Combination Agreement not having been terminated and remaining in force and no event having occurred that would give the Offeror the right to terminate the Combination Agreement; and
- 9) the undertaking issued by Cevian Capital to accept the Tender Offer remaining in force in accordance with its terms.

“**Material Adverse Change**” means (i) any divestment or reorganization of all or any material part of the assets of the Company and its affiliates, in each case taken as whole; or (ii) any event, condition, circumstance, development, occurrence, change, effect or fact (any such item an “**Effect**”) that individually or in the aggregate when combined with other Effects, has, results in or would reasonably be expected to have or result in a material adverse effect on the business, assets, financial condition or results of operations of the Company and its affiliates, in each case taken as a whole, at any time or over time, excluding

- 1) any Effect in political, financial, industry, economic or regulatory conditions generally to the extent not having a disproportionate effect on the Company and its affiliates, in each case taken as a whole, relative to other companies in the same industry;

- 2) any Effect resulting from or caused by natural disasters, outbreak of major hostilities, a pandemic caused by a virus (such as Corona) or any act of war or terrorism to the extent not having a disproportionate effect on the Company and its affiliates, in each case taken as a whole, relative to other companies in the same industry;
- 3) any Effect resulting from any actions taken by the Company at the express written request of the Offeror; and
- 4) any Effect attributable to an act or omission carried out or omitted by the Offeror in connection with the Tender Offer or otherwise, or the announcement or completion of the Tender Offer (including the effect of any change of control or similar clauses in contracts entered into by the Company and its affiliates).

For the sake of clarity, under no circumstances shall any Material Adverse Change be deemed to exist to the extent the Effect causing the alleged Material Adverse Change has been fairly disclosed to the Offeror as set out in the Combination Agreement.

The Offeror reserves the right to withdraw the Tender Offer in the event that any of the above Conditions to Completion is not fulfilled. The Offeror has the right to cause the Tender Offer not to proceed, to lapse or to be withdrawn if any of the Conditions to Completion becomes, in the reasonable opinion of the Offeror, incapable of satisfaction, provided that the Effect which gives rise to the right to invoke the relevant Condition to Completion has material significance to the Offeror in view of the Tender Offer, as referred to in the Regulations and Guidelines 9/2013 on Takeover Bids and Mandatory Bids (as amended) issued by the FFSA.

The Conditions to Completion set out herein are the exhaustive conditions for the completion of the Tender Offer. The Offeror reserves the right to waive, to the extent permitted by applicable laws and regulations, any of the Conditions to Completion that have not been satisfied. If all the Conditions to Completion have been fulfilled or the Offeror has waived the requirement for the fulfilment of all or some of them, which will be announced by way of a stock exchange release no later than on the date the Offeror announces the final result of the Tender Offer, the Offeror will complete the Tender Offer in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer after the expiration of the Offer period (as extended, as the case may be) by purchasing Shares validly tendered in the Tender Offer and paying the Offer Price to the shareholders that have validly accepted the Tender Offer in accordance with section “—*Terms of Payment and Settlement of Shares*“ below.

4.5 Obligation to Increase the Tender Offer or to Pay Compensation

The Offeror reserves the right to acquire Shares in public trading on Nasdaq Helsinki or otherwise outside the Tender Offer before, during and after the Offer Period (as extended, as the case may be) and any Subsequent Offer Period to the extent permitted by applicable laws and regulations.

Should the Offeror or any party acting in concert with it as referred to in Chapter 11, Section 5 of the Securities Market Act acquire Shares after the Announcement Date and before the expiry of the Offer Period (including any Subsequent Offer Period) at a higher price than the Offer Price, or otherwise on terms that are more favorable than those of the Tender Offer, the Offeror must, according to Chapter 11, Section 25 of the Securities Market Act, amend the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer to correspond to such acquisition on more favorable terms (*obligation to increase the offer*). The Offeror shall then, without delay, make public the increase obligation and pay, in connection with the completion of the Tender Offer, the difference between the more favorable acquisition terms and the consideration offered in the Tender Offer to the holders of Shares who have accepted the Tender Offer.

Should the Offeror or any party acting in concert with it as referred to in Chapter 11, Section 5 of the Securities Market Act acquire Shares within nine (9) months after the expiry of the Offer Period (including any Subsequent Offer Period) at a higher price than the Offer Price, or otherwise on more favorable terms than those of the Tender Offer, the Offeror must, according to Chapter 11, Section 25 of the Securities Market Act, compensate those holders of securities who have accepted the Tender Offer for the amount equal to the difference between the more favorable acquisition terms and the consideration offered in the Tender Offer (*obligation to compensate*). The Offeror shall then, without delay, make public the compensation obligation and pay the difference between the more favorable acquisition terms and the consideration offered in the Tender Offer within one (1) month after the date when the compensation obligation arose to the holders of Shares who have accepted the Tender Offer.

However, according to Chapter 11, Section 25, Subsection 5 of the Securities Market Act, the compensation obligation shall not arise in case the payment of a higher price than the Offer Price is based on an arbitral award pursuant to the Finnish Companies Act, provided that the Offeror or any party acting in concert with it as referred to in Chapter 11, Section 5 of the Securities Market Act has not offered to acquire Shares on terms that are more favorable than those of the Tender Offer before or during the arbitral proceedings.

4.6 Acceptance Procedure of the Tender Offer

The Tender Offer may be accepted by a shareholder registered during the Offer Period in the shareholders' register of Neles, with the exception of Neles and its subsidiaries. The Tender Offer must be accepted separately for each book-entry account. A shareholder of the Company giving the acceptance must have a cash account with a financial institution operating in Finland

or abroad (see also “—*Terms of Payment and Settlement of Shares*” and “*Important Information*”). A shareholder may only accept the Tender Offer unconditionally and with respect to all Shares on the book-entry account mentioned in the acceptance form on the date and time of the execution of the sale and purchase of the Shares. An acceptance given during the Offer Period is effective also until the end of any extended Offer Period.

Most of the Finnish book-entry account operators are expected to send a notification of the Tender Offer, including instructions and the relevant acceptance form to their customers who are registered as shareholders in the shareholders’ register of the Company maintained by Euroclear Finland Oy (“**Euroclear**”). Shareholders of Neles who do not receive such instructions or an acceptance form from their book-entry account operator or asset manager should primarily contact their book-entry account operator or asset manager. Secondly, such shareholders can contact SEB by sending an email to NelesOffer@seb.fi in order to receive information for submitting their acceptance.

A shareholder whose shareholdings are registered in the name of a nominee and who wishes to accept the Tender Offer shall effect such acceptance in accordance with the nominee’s instructions. The Offeror will not send acceptance forms or other documents related to the Tender Offer to shareholders whose Shares are registered in the name of a nominee.

Pledged Shares may only be tendered with the consent of the relevant pledgee. The obtaining of such consent shall be the responsibility of the relevant shareholder in the Company. The consent by the pledgee shall be delivered to the book-entry account operator in writing.

A shareholder in the Company who is registered as a shareholder in the shareholders’ register of the Company and who wishes to accept the Tender Offer shall submit a properly completed and duly executed acceptance form to the book-entry account operator managing the shareholder’s book-entry account in accordance with its instructions and within the time limit set by the book-entry account operator or, in the case such book-entry account operator does not accept acceptance notifications, such shareholder shall contact primarily its own bank to give its acceptance to tender its Shares, or secondarily contact SEB by sending an email to NelesOffer@seb.fi for further information. The acceptance form shall be submitted so that it is received during the Offer Period or, if the Offer Period has been extended, during such extended Offer Period, however, always in accordance with the instructions of the relevant book-entry account operator. In the event of a Subsequent Offer Period, the acceptance form shall be submitted so that it is received during the Subsequent Offer Period, however, always in accordance with the instructions of the relevant book-entry account operator. The method of delivery of acceptance forms is at the shareholder’s option and risk, and the delivery will be deemed made only when actually received by the relevant book-entry account operator. The Offeror reserves the right to reject any acceptance given in an incorrect or incomplete manner. The Offeror may also reject any partial tender of the Shares per book-entry account.

By accepting the Tender Offer, the shareholder of the Company authorizes the book-entry account operator managing the shareholder’s book-entry account to enter a transfer restriction or a sales reservation on the shareholder’s book-entry account after the shareholder has delivered its acceptance of the Tender Offer. In addition, the shareholder who has accepted the Tender Offer authorizes the book-entry account operator managing the shareholder’s book-entry account to perform the necessary entries and to take all other actions required to technically execute the Tender Offer and to sell all the Shares held on such book-entry account at the time of the execution of trades under the Tender Offer to the Offeror in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer.

A shareholder that has validly accepted the Tender Offer and that has not properly withdrawn its acceptance in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer may not sell or otherwise dispose of its tendered Shares. A transfer restriction in respect of the Shares will be registered in the relevant book-entry account after a shareholder has submitted the acceptance for the Tender Offer. If the Tender Offer is not completed or if the acceptance is properly withdrawn by the shareholder in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer, the transfer restriction registered on the tendered Shares in the relevant book-entry account will be removed as soon as possible and within approximately three (3) Finnish banking days following the announcement that the Tender Offer will not be completed or the receipt of a notice of withdrawal in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer.

4.7 Right of Withdrawal of the Acceptance

In accordance with Chapter 11, Section 16, Subsection 1 of the Securities Market Act, the acceptances for the Shares validly tendered in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer may be withdrawn at any time during the Offer Period or, if the Offer Period has been extended, during such extended Offer Period, until the Offeror has announced that all the Conditions to Completion have been fulfilled or the Offeror has waived the right to invoke them, that is, the Offeror has announced the Tender Offer unconditional. After such announcement, the acceptances for the Shares already tendered may not be withdrawn except in the event that a third party announces a competing public tender offer for the Shares before the execution of the sale and purchase of the Shares in accordance with section “—*Terms of Payment and Settlement of Shares*” below. The holders of the Shares validly tendered may also withdraw their acceptance during the Offer Period if the Offer Period has lasted over ten (10) weeks and the completion trades with respect to such Shares have not been executed.

The proper withdrawal of the acceptance for Shares validly tendered requires the submission of a written notice of withdrawal to the same book-entry account operator to whom the acceptance form with respect to such Shares was submitted. In case of

holdings that are registered in the name of a nominee, the holders of Shares shall instruct the nominee to submit the notice of withdrawal.

If a holder of Shares registered in the Finnish book-entry securities system withdraws his/her acceptance of the Tender Offer in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer, the transfer restriction registered on the tendered Shares in the relevant book-entry account will be removed as soon as possible and within approximately three (3) Finnish banking days following the receipt of a notice of withdrawal in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer.

A holder of Shares who has validly withdrawn its acceptance of the Tender Offer may accept the Tender Offer again during the Offer Period at any time prior to the expiry of the Offer Period or, if the Offer Period has been extended, prior to the expiry of such extended Offer Period or during the Subsequent Offer Period, if any, by following the acceptance procedures described in “—*Acceptance Procedure of the Tender Offer*” above.

The book-entry account operator managing the relevant book-entry account, or the nominee may charge a fee for withdrawals in accordance with its price list.

In the event of a Subsequent Offer Period, the acceptance of the Tender Offer shall be binding and cannot be withdrawn, unless otherwise provided under mandatory law.

4.8 Announcement of the Result of the Tender Offer

The Offeror will announce the preliminary result of the Tender Offer on or about the first (1st) Finnish banking day following the expiry of the Offer Period (as extended or discontinued, as the case may be). In connection with the announcement of the preliminary result of the Tender Offer, the Offeror will announce whether the Tender Offer will be completed subject to the Conditions to Completion being fulfilled or waived on the date of the announcement of the final result of the Tender Offer, and whether the Offer Period will be extended.

The Offeror will announce the final result of the Tender Offer on or about the third (3rd) Finnish banking day following the expiry of the Offer Period (as extended or discontinued, as the case may be). The announcement of the final result will confirm (i) the percentage of the Shares that have been validly tendered and not properly withdrawn and (ii) whether the Tender Offer will be completed.

In the event of a Subsequent Offer Period, the Offeror will announce the initial percentage of the Shares validly tendered during the Subsequent Offer Period on or about the first (1st) Finnish banking day following the expiry of the Subsequent Offer Period and the final percentage on or about the third (3rd) Finnish banking day following the expiry of the Subsequent Offer Period.

4.9 Terms of Payment and Settlement of Shares

The sale and purchase of the Shares validly tendered and not properly withdrawn in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer will be executed no later than on the fifth (5th) Finnish banking day following the announcement of the final result of the Tender Offer (the “**Closing Date**”). The sale and purchase of the Shares will take place on Nasdaq Helsinki if permitted by the rules applicable to securities trading on Nasdaq Helsinki. Otherwise, the sale and purchase of the Shares will take place outside of Nasdaq Helsinki.

The date for the settlement of the above completion of trades (the “**Settlement Date**”) will be the Closing Date or the first (1st) Finnish banking day following the Closing Date. The payment of the Offer Price will be made on the Settlement Date into the bank account connected to the shareholder’s book-entry account or, in the case of shareholders whose holdings are registered in the name of a nominee, into the bank account specified by the custodian or nominee. The Offer Price will not be paid to a bank account situated in Canada, Japan, Australia, South Africa, Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People’s Republic of China or New Zealand, or any other jurisdiction where the Tender Offer is not to be made (see “*Important Information*” above), and all guidance from custodians or nominees specifying bank accounts in such jurisdictions will be rejected. The actual time of receipt for the payment by the shareholder will depend on the schedules of money transactions between financial institutions and agreements between the holder and book-entry account operator, custodian or nominee in each case.

In the event of a Subsequent Offer Period, the Offeror shall in connection with the announcement thereof announce the terms of payment and settlement for the Shares tendered during the Subsequent Offer Period. The completion trades with respect to Shares validly tendered in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer during any Subsequent Offer Period shall, however, be executed at least within two (2) week intervals.

The Offeror reserves the right to postpone the payment of the Offer Price if payment is prevented or suspended due to a force majeure event, but shall immediately effect such payment once the force majeure event preventing or suspending payment is resolved.

If all the Conditions to Completion are not met and the Offeror does not waive such conditions or extend the Offer Period, the Tender Offer will be terminated, and no consideration will be paid for the tendered Shares.

4.10 Transfer of Ownership

Title to the Shares validly tendered and not validly withdrawn in the Tender Offer will pass to the Offeror against the payment of the Offer Price by the Offeror to the tendering shareholder.

4.11 Transfer Tax and Other Payments

The Offeror will pay the transfer taxes, if any, relating to the sale and purchase of the Shares in connection with the completion of the Tender Offer.

Fees charged by book-entry account operators, asset managers, nominees or any other person for registering the release of any pledges or other possible restrictions preventing a sale of the relevant Shares, as well as fees relating to a withdrawal of an acceptance by a shareholder in accordance with “—*Right of Withdrawal of the Tender Offer*” above, will be borne by each shareholder. The Offeror shall be responsible for other customary fees relating to book-entry registrations required for the purposes of the Tender Offer, the sale and purchase of the Shares tendered under the Tender Offer and the payment of the Offer Price.

The receipt of cash pursuant to the Tender Offer by a shareholder may be a taxable transaction for the respective shareholder under applicable tax laws, including those of the country of residency of the shareholder. Any tax liability arising to a shareholder from the receipt of cash pursuant to the Tender Offer shall be borne by the respective shareholder. Each shareholder is urged to consult their independent professional adviser regarding the tax consequences of accepting the Tender Offer.

4.12 Other Matters

The Tender Offer and this Tender Offer Document are governed by Finnish law and all disputes relating thereto shall be exclusively settled by Finnish courts of competent jurisdiction.

The Offeror reserves the right to amend the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer in accordance with Chapter 11, Section 15, Subsection 2 of the Securities Market Act. In addition, subject to the provisions of the Combination Agreement, the Offeror reserves the right to extend the Offer Period and to amend the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer (including a potential withdrawal of the Tender Offer) in accordance with Chapter 11, Section 17 of the Securities Market Act if, during the Offer Period or any extended Offer Period, a third party announces a competing public tender offer for the Shares.

Any extension, delay, termination or amendment of the Tender Offer will be announced by way of a stock exchange release to be issued in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. The Offeror shall have sole discretion to determine all other issues relating to the Tender Offer, subject to applicable laws and regulations as well as the provisions of the Combination Agreement.

4.13 Other Information

SEB acts as the arranger in relation to the Tender Offer, which means that it performs certain administrative services relating to the Tender Offer. This does not mean that a person who accepts the Tender Offer (the “**Participant**”) will be automatically regarded as a customer of SEB. A Participant will be regarded as a customer only if SEB has provided advice to the Participant or has otherwise contacted the Participant personally regarding the Tender Offer. If the Participant is not regarded as a customer, the rules regarding the protection of investors pursuant to the Finnish Act on Investment Services (747/2012, as amended) will not be applicable to the acceptance. This means, among other things, that neither the so-called customer categorization nor the so-called appropriateness test will be performed with respect to the Tender Offer. Each Participant is therefore responsible for ensuring that it has sufficient experience and knowledge to understand the risks associated with the Tender Offer.

4.14 Important Information regarding NID and LEI

According to Directive 2014/65/EU (MiFID II) of the European Parliament and of the Council, all investors must have a global identification code from 3 January 2018 in order to carry out a securities transaction. These requirements require legal entities to apply for registration of a LEI (Legal Entity Identifier) code, and natural persons need to provide their NID (National ID or National Client Identifier) to accept the Tender Offer. The person’s legal status determines whether a LEI or NID number is required and the book-entry account operator may be prevented from performing the transaction to the person if the LEI or NID number is not provided. Legal persons who need to obtain a LEI code can contact one of the suppliers available on the market. Those who intend to accept the Tender Offer are encouraged to apply for registration of a LEI code (legal persons) or to acquire their NID number (natural persons) well in advance, as this information is required on the acceptance form at the time of its submission.

4.15 Information regarding Processing of Personal Data

Those who accept the Tender Offer will submit personal data, such as name, address and social security number, to SEB, who is the controller of the processing. Personal data provided to SEB will be processed in data systems to the extent required to administer the Tender Offer. Personal data obtained from sources other than the customer may also be processed. Personal data may also be processed in the data systems of companies with which SEB cooperates. Address details may be obtained by SEB through an automatic procedure executed by Euroclear. Additional information on processing of personal data by SEB, including details on how to exercise data subjects' rights, may be found at <https://sebgrouper.com/site-assistance/privacy-policy>.

5. PRESENTATION OF THE COMPANY

All financial and other information presented in this Tender Offer Document concerning the Company has been extracted from, and has been provided exclusively based upon, the unaudited half-year report published by the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2020, the annual report and audited consolidated financial statements published by the Company as at and for the financial year ended 31 December 2019, the stock exchange releases published by the Company, entries in the Finnish trade register, the shareholders' register of the Company as at 31 July 2020, and other publicly available information. Consequently, the Offeror does not accept any responsibility for such information except for the accurate restatement of such information herein.

5.1 General

Neles is a public limited company incorporated in Finland and its shares are listed on the main market of Nasdaq Helsinki under the trading code NELES. Neles' business identity code is 1538032-5, it is domiciled in Vantaa, Finland and its registered address is Vanha Porvoontie 229, FI-01380 Vantaa, Finland.

Neles is a global leader in flow control solutions and services. The Company's valves and valve automation technologies are known for quality, reliability and highest safety. Neles started trading as an independent company on 1 July 2020 following the Partial Demerger, but the business has a long track record with a history of innovation for more than 60 years. The customers of Neles operate in oil and gas refining, pulp, paper and bioproducts industry, chemicals and other process industries. Currently the Company has about 2,900 employees in over 40 countries.

In 2019⁸, Neles' net sales amounted to approximately EUR 660 million, operating profit approximately EUR 93 million, adjusted EBITA⁹ approximately EUR 96 million and total assets¹⁰ approximately EUR 582 million. For the six months ended 30 June 2020, Neles' net sales amounted to EUR 277 million, operating profit EUR 32 million, adjusted EBITA EUR 40 million and total assets approximately EUR 632 million.

5.2 Shares and Share Capital

On the date of this Tender Offer Document, Neles' registered share capital is EUR 50,982,843.80 and the number of issued shares in Neles is 150,348,256. The total amount includes 150,361 own shares held by the Company. Neles' articles of association do not include any provisions on the minimum or maximum amount of share capital or number of shares.

Neles has one class of shares. The shares are registered in the Finnish book-entry system maintained by Euroclear. Each share entitles its holder to one (1) vote at the general meeting of shareholders of Neles. All shares give equal rights to dividends and other distributions of funds or assets by Neles. The articles of association of Neles do not contain provisions or restrictions on voting rights which would deviate from the Finnish Companies Act.

5.3 Ownership Structure

The following table sets forth the ten largest shareholders of Neles and their ownership of all issued shares and voting rights in Neles according to the shareholder's register maintained by Euroclear as at 31 July 2020¹¹:

| Shareholder | Number of Shares | % of shares and votes pertaining to shares |
|--|-------------------------|---|
| Valmet Oyj | 25,642,869 | 17.06 |
| Ilmarinen Mutual Pension Insurance Company | 4,091,010 | 2.72 |
| Varma Mutual Pension Insurance Company | 2,138,465 | 1.42 |
| Elo Mutual Pension Insurance Company | 2,091,735 | 1.39 |
| OP Funds | 1,498,442 | 1.00 |

⁸ As per Metso Corporation's 2019 annual report.

⁹ Defined as operating profit before amortization of intangible assets.

¹⁰ Calculated as group total assets less total assets of discontinued operations.

¹¹ In addition, Neles has on 7 August 2020 announced that the holding of mutual funds managed by BlackRock, Inc. in Neles has on 6 August 2020 exceeded five (5) percent.

| Shareholder | Number of Shares | % of shares and votes pertaining to shares |
|---|-------------------------|---|
| The Local Government Pensions Institution | 1,425,166 | 0.95 |
| The State Pension Fund | 1,150,000 | 0.76 |
| Society of Swedish Literature in Finland | 1,095,176 | 0.73 |
| Nordea Funds ¹ | 1,075,385 | 0.72 |
| Danske Invest Funds ² | 666,099 | 0.44 |
| Ten largest shareholders in total | 40,874,347 | 27.19 |
| Other shareholders | 109,323,548 | 72.71 |
| Treasury shares | 150,361 | 0.10 |
| Total | 150,348,256 | 100% |

¹ Nordea Funds include: Nordea Pro Finland Fund, Nordea Finnish Passive Fund, Nordea Premium Varainhoito Tasapaino Fund, Nordea Premium Varainhoito Maltti Fund, Nordea Säästö 50, Nordea Säästö 25 Fund, Nordea Säästö 75 and Nordea Premium Varainhoito Kasvu Fund.

² Danske Invest Funds include: Danske Invest Finnish Equity Fund and Danske Invest Arvo Finland Value Fund.

Cevian Capital Partners Limited, who holds approximately 10.9 percent of the Shares, and whose holding is included among Shares that are nominee-registered, has on customary conditions irrevocably undertaken to accept the Tender Offer.

5.4 Partial demerger

The Extraordinary General Meeting of Metso Corporation (“**Metso**”) decided on 29 October 2019 that Metso will demerge through a partial demerger and combination with Outotec Oyj (“**Outotec**”). Pursuant to the demerger plan, all such assets, rights, debts and liabilities of Metso which relate to, or primarily serve, Metso’s Minerals business were transferred, without liquidation of Metso, to Outotec. Simultaneously, Metso was renamed Neles Corporation. All of the assets, rights, debts and liabilities which relate to, or primarily serve, Metso’s Flow Control business remained in Neles’ ownership. Upon the completion of the demerger, the shareholders of Metso received as demerger consideration 4.3 new shares in Outotec for each share held in Metso. The completion of Metso’s partial demerger was registered on 30 June 2020 with the Finnish Trade Register. Trading in the shares of both Metso Outotec Corporation and Neles commenced on Nasdaq Helsinki on 1 July 2020.

5.5 Treasury Shares

Pursuant to the knowledge of the Offeror, Neles and its subsidiaries hold as at the date of this Tender Offer Document in the aggregate 150,361 treasury shares, representing approximately 0.1 percent of all the shares and voting rights in Neles. The Tender Offer is not being made for Shares held by Neles or its subsidiaries.

5.6 Option Rights and Special Rights Entitling to Shares

To the knowledge of the Offeror, save as disclosed below, Neles has no issued or outstanding options rights or other special rights entitling to shares.

Neles has in July 2020 established a long-term incentive scheme for the Company’s management and selected key employees. The long-term incentive scheme consists of a Performance Share Plan (also “**PSP**”) for the top management, a Deferred Share Unit Plan (also “**DSUP**”) for other management and selected key employees, and a Restricted Share Plan (also “**RSP**”) as a complementary structure for specific situations. As at the date of this Tender Offer Document, the Board of Directors of Neles has not made a decision on the use of the RSP.

The Performance Share Plan consists of annually commencing individual performance share plans, each with a three-year performance period, followed by the payment of the potential share awards, which may also be awarded in cash. The commencement of each new individual plan is subject to a separate Board approval. The first plan, PSP 2020–2022, commenced as of the beginning of 2020 and the potential awards thereunder would become payable in spring 2023, provided that the performance targets set by the Board of Directors of Neles are achieved. The potential awards under PSP 2020–2022 will be paid based on the performance targets of relative total shareholder return of Neles’ share and earnings per share (EPS). If all the performance targets set for the first plan, PSP 2020–2022, are fully achieved, the aggregate maximum number of shares to be paid based on this plan is approximately 280,000 shares (referring to gross earnings before the withholding of the applicable payroll tax). The awards under the PSP may also be paid in cash at the Board’s discretion.

The Deferred Share Unit Plan consists of annually commencing individual three-year plans. The DSUP rewards its participants for individual and company and/or business unit level performance during a one-year performance period. The reward potentially earned during the one-year performance period is converted to synthetic share units for an approximately two-year share price performance period, after which the reward is paid in cash based on the value of the share of Neles at the time of payment. Neles has currently two ongoing Deferred Share Unit Plans, DSUP 2018–2020 and DSUP 2019–2021. The maximum number of share units issuable under the plan is approximately 110,000 share units for DSUP 2018–2020 and 70,000 share units for DSUP 2019–2021.

Upon the occurrence of a change of control event, the Board of Directors of the Company may resolve on an accelerated termination of the PSP and the DSUP, combined with a full or prorated accelerated payment of plan awards in cash. The Board of Directors of the Company may under the terms and conditions of the plans also decide on other mechanisms to settle awards under the PSP and the DSUP.

5.7 Authorizations

Authorization to decide on the repurchase of own shares

The Annual General Meeting of Metso held on 16 June 2020 authorized the Board of Directors to decide on the repurchase of the Company's own shares as follows.

Pursuant to the authorization, the amount of own shares to be repurchased shall not exceed 5,000,000 shares in total, which corresponds to approximately 3.3 percent of all the shares in the Company. Pursuant to the authorization, own shares can be repurchased also otherwise than in proportion to the shareholdings of the shareholders (directed repurchase). Own shares can be repurchased using the unrestricted equity of the Company at a price formed in public trading on the date of the repurchase or otherwise at a market-based price.

Shares may be repurchased in order to develop the Company's capital structure, in order to finance or carry out acquisitions, investments or other business transactions, or in order to use the shares as part of the Company's incentive schemes.

The repurchased own shares may be held by the Company, cancelled or transferred further.

The Board of Directors decides on all other matters related to the repurchase of own shares. The authorization is effective until 30 June 2021 and it cancels the authorization given by the Annual General Meeting on 25 April 2019 to decide on the repurchase of the Company's own shares.

Authorization to decide on the issuance of shares and special rights entitling to shares

The Annual General Meeting of Metso held on 16 June 2020 authorized the Board of Directors to decide on the issuance of new shares and the transfer of the Company's own shares as well as the issuance of special rights referred to in Chapter 10, Section 1 of the Finnish Companies Act as follows.

The amount of new shares which may be issued based on decision(s) of the Board of Directors pursuant to the authorization shall not exceed 10,000,000 shares, which corresponds to approximately 6.7 percent of all shares in the Company, and the amount of the Company's own shares which may be transferred pursuant to the authorization shall not exceed 5,000,000 shares, which corresponds to approximately 3.3 percent of all shares in the Company.

The Board of Directors is furthermore authorized to issue special rights referred to in Chapter 10 Section 1 of the Finnish Companies Act entitling their holder to receive new shares in the Company, or the Company's own shares for consideration in such a manner that the subscription price of the shares is to be set off against a receivable of the subscriber (convertible bond). The amount of shares which may be issued based on the special rights shall not exceed 10,000,000 shares, which corresponds to approximately 6.7 percent of all shares in the Company. This aggregate number of shares is included in the aggregate numbers of shares that may be issued and/or transferred mentioned in the previous paragraph.

The new shares may be issued and the Company's own shares may be transferred either for consideration or without consideration.

The Board of Directors is also authorized to decide on a share issue to the Company itself without consideration. The amount of shares which may be issued to the Company, together with the amount of shares to be repurchased based on the authorization, shall not exceed 5,000,000 shares, which corresponds to approximately 3.3 percent of all shares in the Company. The number of shares which are potentially issued to the Company does not reduce the aggregate numbers of shares which may be issued and transferred as referred to in the second paragraph.

The new shares, the special rights referred to in Chapter 10 Section 1 of the Finnish Companies Act and the Company's own shares may be issued to the shareholders in proportion to their current shareholdings in the Company or in deviation from the shareholders' pre-emptive rights by way of a directed issue if there is a weighty financial reason for the Company to do so. The deviation from the shareholders' pre-emptive rights may be carried out for example in order to develop the Company's capital structure, in order to finance or carry out acquisitions, investments or other business transactions, or in order to use the shares for an incentive scheme. A directed share issue may be executed without consideration only if there is an especially weighty financial reason for the Company to do so, taking the interests of all its shareholders into account.

The Board of Directors decides on all other matters related to the issuance of shares and special rights referred to in Chapter 10, Section 1 of the Finnish Companies Act.

The authorization is effective until 30 June 2021, and it cancels the authorization given by the General Meeting on 25 April 2019.

5.8 Shareholders' Agreements and Certain Other Agreements

The Offeror is not aware of any shareholders' agreements, agreements between the Company and its shareholders, or other agreements or arrangements that would concern share ownership or the use of voting rights in Neles, or that would otherwise materially affect the assessment of the benefits of the Tender Offer.

5.9 Board of Directors, CEO and Auditor

In accordance with the Finnish Companies Act, the Board of Directors of Neles is responsible for Neles' management and the proper organization of its operations.

According to the articles of association of Neles, the Board of Directors consists of a minimum of five and a maximum of eight members. The General Meeting of shareholders elects the Chair, Vice-Chair and other members of the Board of Directors. As at the date of this Tender Offer Document, the Board of Directors consists of the following persons: Jukka Moisio (Chair), Mark Vernon (Vice-Chair), Britta Giesen, Anu Hämäläinen, Niko Pakalén, Teija Sarajärvi and Petter Söderström.

By the request of Valmet Corporation, a shareholder of Neles, the Board of Directors of Neles has decided to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting to be held on 29 October 2020 to resolve on election of a new member to the Board of Directors. Valmet Corporation, representing over 15% of all votes conferred by the Company's shares, has proposed to the Extraordinary General Meeting that the number of the members of the Board of Directors of Neles be increased to eight (8) members and that for a term of office expiring at the end of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company, in addition to incumbent members of the Board of Directors, Mr. Jukka Tiitinen be elected as a new member of the Board of Directors of Neles. The notice to the Extraordinary General Meeting of Neles published by Neles on 29 July 2020 is appended to this Tender Offer Document. See "*Appendix B: Notice to the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company published by the Company on 29 July 2020*".

The articles of association of Neles further provide that Neles has a CEO elected by the Board of Directors. As at the date of this Tender Offer Document, the President and CEO of Neles is Olli Isotalo and the CFO of Neles, Simo Sääskilahti, acts as the Deputy CEO.

The auditor of Neles is Ernst & Young Oy, authorized public accountants, with Toni Halonen, authorized public accountant, as the auditor with principal responsibility.

5.10 Financial Information

The audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the financial period ended on 31 December 2019 are appended to this Tender Offer Document. The consolidated financial statements include the report of the Board of Directors. See "*Appendix C: Financial Information of the Company*".

In addition, the unaudited half-year report of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2020 is appended to this Tender Offer Document. See "*Appendix C: Financial Information of the Company*".

The audited consolidated financial statements and the unaudited half-year report of the Company relate to financial periods before the completion of the Partial Demerger.

5.11 Future Prospects Published by the Company

The future prospects of the Company have been described in the unaudited half-year report of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2020. See "*Appendix C: Financial Information of the Company*".

5.12 Articles of Association

The Articles of Association of the Company are appended to this Tender Offer Document (see "*Appendix D: Articles of Association of the Company (Unofficial English Translation)*").

6. PRESENTATION OF THE OFFEROR

6.1 The Offeror in Brief

Alfa Laval is a public limited company (company registration number 556587-8054) incorporated under the laws of Sweden. Its shares are listed on the official list of Nasdaq Stockholm with the trading symbol ALFA. The Offeror is domiciled in Lund, Sweden, and its registered address is P.O. Box 73, SE-221 00 Lund, Sweden.

Alfa Laval is a global provider of products and solutions based on its key technologies of heat transfer, separation and fluid handling. The company plays a vital role in areas that are crucial for society, such as energy efficiency, environmental protection and food production. Alfa Laval's products are used in the manufacturing of food, chemicals, pharmaceuticals, starch, sugar and ethanol as well as in the treatment of wastewater; and in the engineering and refinery sectors and mining, nuclear power and marine industries as well as in creating a comfortable indoor climate. Alfa Laval's worldwide organization helps customers in nearly 100 countries to optimize their processes. The company has 42 major production units (22 in Europe, 10 in Asia, 8 in the US and 2 in Latin America) and over 17,000 employees, the majority of whom are located in Sweden, Denmark, India, China, the US and France. Alfa Laval's key financials are summarized below.

| Financials (2019, SEK million)¹ | |
|---|--------|
| Net sales | 46,517 |
| Operating profit (EBIT) | 7,198 |
| Adjusted EBITA ² | 7,989 |
| Total assets (as per 31 December 2019) | 64,396 |

¹ As per Alfa Laval Group's 2019 annual report.

² Defined as operating income before amortization of step-up values, adjusted for items affecting comparability.

6.2 Persons Related to the Offeror as Referred to in Chapter 11, Section 5 of the Securities Market Act

Persons related to the Offeror as referred to in Chapter 11, Section 5 of the Securities Market Act include the companies belonging to the Alfa Laval Group as well as Alfa Laval's Pensionsstiftelse, a pension foundation with which certain employees of the Alfa Laval Group are insured. The Offeror is the parent company of the Alfa Laval Group and it has 171 direct or indirect subsidiaries in 53 countries.

The registration number of Alfa Laval's Pensionsstiftelse is 802011-0352, it is domiciled in Stockholm, Sweden, and its registered address is c/o Alfa Laval Corporate AB, P.O. Box 73, SE-221 00 Lund, Sweden.

In addition to the companies belonging to the Alfa Laval Group and Alfa Laval's Pensionsstiftelse, there are no other parties related to the Offeror as referred to in Chapter 11, Section 5 of the Securities Market Act.

Neither the Offeror nor any party related to the Offeror as referred to in Chapter 11, Section 5 of the Securities Market Act holds any Shares as at the date of this Tender Offer Document.

6.3 The Company's Ownership in the Offeror

To the knowledge of the Offeror, Neles does not own any shares or securities that entitle to shares in the Offeror or in a party related to the Offeror as referred to in Chapter 11, Section 5 of the Securities Market Act.

7. APPENDICES

APPENDIX A – STATEMENT ISSUED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY..... A-1

The statement of the Board of Directors of the Company on the Tender Offer in the form published by the Company on 12 August 2020. The Offeror does not accept any responsibility for such information except for the accurate restatement of such information herein.

APPENDIX B – NOTICE TO THE EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE COMPANY PUBLISHED BY THE COMPANY ON 29 JULY 2020..... B-1

The notice to the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company in the form published by the Company on 29 July 2020. The Offeror does not accept any responsibility for such information except for the accurate restatement of such information herein.

APPENDIX C – FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY C-1

The unaudited half-year report of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2020 in the form published by the Company and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the financial period ended on 31 December 2019 in the form published by the Company. The Offeror does not accept any responsibility for such information except for the accurate restatement of such information herein.

APPENDIX D – ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE COMPANY (UNOFFICIAL ENGLISH TRANSLATION)... D-1

The unofficial English language translation of the Articles of Association of the Company has been included in this Appendix D in the form registered in the Finnish Trade Register on the date of this Tender Offer Document. The Offeror does not accept any responsibility for such information except for the accurate restatement of such information herein.

APPENDIX A – STATEMENT ISSUED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

NELES

Statement of the Board of Directors of Neles Corporation regarding the recommended voluntary public cash tender offer by Alfa Laval AB (publ)

Neles Corporation Stock exchange release 12 August 2020 at 9:30 (EEST)

Statement of the Board of Directors of Neles Corporation regarding the recommended voluntary public cash tender offer by Alfa Laval AB (publ)

THIS STOCK EXCHANGE RELEASE MAY NOT BE RELEASED, PUBLISHED OR OTHERWISE DISTRIBUTED, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, IN OR INTO AUSTRALIA, CANADA, HONG KONG SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA, JAPAN, NEW ZEALAND, SOUTH AFRICA, OR ANY OTHER JURISDICTION IN WHICH THE TENDER OFFER WOULD BE PROHIBITED BY APPLICABLE LAW. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, PLEASE SEE SECTION ENTITLED "IMPORTANT INFORMATION" BELOW.

On 13 July 2020, Alfa Laval AB (publ) (the "Offeror" or "Alfa Laval") announced that it will make a recommended voluntary public cash tender offer to acquire all of the issued and outstanding shares in Neles Corporation ("Neles" or the "Company") that are not held by Neles or any of its subsidiaries (the "Shares") (the "Tender Offer").

The Board of Directors of Neles (the "Board of Directors") has resolved on issuing the below statement regarding the Tender Offer as required by Chapter 11, Section 13, of the Finnish Securities Markets Act (746/2012, as amended).

Tender Offer in brief

Neles and the Offeror have on 13 July 2020 entered into a combination agreement (the "Combination Agreement") setting out, among other things, the main terms and conditions pursuant to which the Tender Offer will be made by the Offeror.

The Tender Offer will be made in accordance with the terms and conditions of a tender offer document to be approved by the Finnish Financial Supervisory Authority, expected to be published by the Offeror on or about 13 August 2020 (the "Tender Offer Document").

The offer price is EUR 11.50 in cash for each Share in Neles validly tendered into the Tender Offer (the "Offer Price").

The Offer Price represents a premium of approximately:

- 32.8 percent compared to the closing price of the Neles Share (EUR 8.658) on Nasdaq Helsinki Ltd ("Nasdaq Helsinki") on 10 July 2020, the last trading day before the announcement of the Tender Offer;

- 35.8 percent compared to the volume-weighted average trading price of the Neles Share on Nasdaq Helsinki during the period from 1 July 2020, the first trading day after the date of registration of the partial demerger of Metso Corporation ("Metso") and the merger of Metso's Minerals Business with Outotec Corporation ("Outotec") (the "Demerger"), up until and including 10 July 2020, the last trading day before the announcement of the Tender Offer; and

- 29.6 percent compared to the volume-weighted average trading price of the Neles Share on Nasdaq Helsinki during the period from 1 July 2020, the first trading day after the date of registration of the Demerger, up until and including 10 July 2020, the last trading day before the announcement of the Tender Offer, and excluding the impact of Valmet Corporation's ("Valmet") acquisition of Shares representing 14.88 percent of all Shares in Neles from Solidium Oy ("Solidium"), which was announced by Valmet on 17 June 2020 and completed on 1 July 2020.

The Offer Price is subject to the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer.

The Tender Offer was announced by the Offeror pursuant to Chapter 11, Section 9, of the Finnish Securities Markets Act on 13 July 2020.

Cevian Capital Partners Limited ("Cevian Capital"), one of the major shareholders of Neles who holds approximately 10.9 percent of the Shares, has irrevocably undertaken to accept the Tender Offer subject to certain customary conditions. Among these conditions are Cevian Capital's right to terminate the undertaking under certain conditions, including if a competing tender offer is announced, with a consideration that exceeds the Offer Price by at least five percent and provided that Alfa Laval does not increase the Offer Price to match such competing consideration.

The offer period under the Tender Offer is expected to commence on or about 13 August 2020 and is expected to expire on or about 22 October 2020, and thus, to run for approximately 10 weeks, subject to any extension of the offer period by the Offeror in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer.

The obligation of the Offeror to complete the Tender Offer will be conditional upon the satisfaction or, if permitted by applicable laws and regulations, waiver by the Offeror of certain customary conditions, including, among others, the Offeror having gained control of more than two-thirds (2/3) of the issued and outstanding Shares and voting rights in Neles. The completion of the Tender Offer is not conditional upon the availability of financing.

Should Alfa Laval obtain less than 90% but more than two-thirds (2/3) of the issued and outstanding Shares and votes in Neles, Alfa Laval has stated that it would assess alternatives to acquire the remaining Shares in Neles over time, and it is possible that Neles could become subject to certain corporate transactions, including for example purchases of further Shares in Neles after completion of the Tender Offer, or a statutory cross-border merger into Alfa Laval. Alfa Laval has not taken any decisions on the timeline of any such possible transactions, or on whether any such transactions would be undertaken at all.

Alfa Laval have confirmed that, at the time of the publication of this announcement, neither the Offeror nor any party acting in concert with it as referred to in Chapter 11, section 5 of the Finnish Securities Markets Act holds any Shares or voting rights in Neles.

The detailed terms and conditions of the Tender Offer as well as further information on the Tender Offer will be included in the Tender Offer Document prepared by the Offeror.

Background of the statement

Pursuant to the Finnish Securities Market Act, the Board of Directors has an obligation to prepare a public statement regarding the Tender Offer. The statement shall include a well-founded assessment of the Tender Offer from the perspective of Neles and its shareholders as well as on the strategic plans presented by the Offeror in the Tender Offer Document and their likely effects on the operations of, and employment at Neles.

For the purposes of issuing this statement, the Offeror has submitted to the Board of Directors a draft version of the Tender Offer Document in the form in which the Offeror has filed it with the Finnish Financial Supervisory Authority for approval on 5 August 2020.

In preparing this statement, the Board of Directors has relied on the information that the Offeror has provided in the draft Tender Offer Document and has not independently verified the information included therein. Accordingly, the Board of Directors' assessments of the consequences of the Tender Offer on Neles' operations and employees should not be treated as conclusive.

Assessment of the strategic plans presented by the Offeror in the Tender Offer Document and their likely effects on the operations of, and employment at, Neles

Information given by the Offeror in the Tender Offer Document

The Board of Directors has assessed the Offeror's strategic plans based on the statements made in Neles' and the Offeror's announcement regarding the Tender Offer published on 13 July 2020 and the draft Tender Offer Document.

According to the draft Tender Offer Document, Alfa Laval is a global provider of products and solutions based on its key technologies of heat transfer, separation and fluid handling. The company plays a vital role in areas that are crucial for society, such as energy efficiency, environmental protection and food production. Alfa Laval's products are used in the manufacturing of food, chemicals, pharmaceuticals, starch, sugar and ethanol as well as in the treatment of wastewater; and in the engineering and refinery sectors and mining, nuclear power and marine industries as well as in creating a comfortable indoor climate. Alfa Laval's worldwide organization helps customers in nearly 100 countries to optimize their processes. The company has 42 major production units (22 in Europe, 10 in Asia, 8 in the US and 2 in Latin America) and over 17,000 employees, the majority of whom are located in Sweden, Denmark, India, China, the US and France.

According to the draft Tender Offer Document, Alfa Laval has identified the industrial flow control market as a key growth area. The company has historically had a strong presence in the food and water business as well as in the marine and offshore business. The transaction enables Alfa Laval to considerably strengthen its presence in the large industrial flow control space where the company currently offers mainly energy efficiency solutions.

According to the draft Tender Offer Document, Alfa Laval considers Neles an attractive platform for continued growth. Alfa Laval concludes that the companies operate in parallel end-markets with different product specifications in the valve business and very little overlap between their current operations. However, Alfa Laval sees much in common between the industrial end-markets and the separate hygienic end-markets. In addition, Alfa Laval is highly engaged in the same industrial end-markets as Neles with advanced solutions for heat transfer and separation technology. According to the draft Tender Offer Document, the strategic fit is further enhanced by both companies having an advanced technology profile. Moreover, there are several areas where Alfa Laval believes that being part of the Alfa Laval Group can make a significant contribution to the future development of Neles, with certain strategic opportunities including:

- Leveraging Alfa Laval's well invested service network infrastructure of around 100 service centers globally.
- Leveraging Alfa Laval's highly efficient, automated warehouse presence in North America, Europe, and Asia in Neles' global parts distribution. The set-up is well suited to Neles' product range and can provide a world-class solution in the industrial flow market.
- Acquisition growth: Alfa Laval has a long history of successful M&A transactions and the financial strength to support a meaningful acquisition program in the industrial flow market.

According to the draft Tender Offer Document, Neles and Alfa Laval would create a larger and stronger global player in the flow control market. As a combined company, Neles would become an integral part of Alfa Laval's organization structure, while largely retaining its operational structure and strong identity within the Alfa Laval network. Further, according to the draft Tender Offer Document, the transaction is expected to result in significant benefits for stakeholders, including creation of shareholder value for both Neles and Alfa Laval shareholders. Alfa Laval believes that there is a strong strategic and cultural fit in the transaction.

According to the draft Tender Offer Document, following completion of the Tender Offer, the operations of Neles will continue as a part of the Alfa Laval Group, and the completion of the Tender Offer is not expected to have any major immediate effects on Neles' operations or assets, the position of its management or employees, or its business locations. However, as is customary, Alfa Laval intends to change the composition of the Board of Directors as soon as practically possible after the completion of the Tender Offer to reflect the new ownership structure of Neles.

The Board of Directors' assessment

The Board of Directors considers that the information on the strategic plans of the Offeror concerning Neles included in the draft Tender Offer Document is given, as is typical for such a document, on a general level. Based on the Offeror's statements, the Board of Directors believes that the strategic plans of the Offeror pursuant to the Tender Offer would not have any major immediate effects on Neles' operations or assets, the position of its management or employees, or its business locations.

Furthermore, the Board of Directors notes the Offeror's commitment to the strategy and industrial plan of Neles, its strategic intent to offer a powerful platform to enable Neles' further growth and the lack of overlap with the current activities of the Offeror. Consistent with this view, the Offeror has not provided synergy estimates in their communications to the Board of Directors or in the Offer Document.

Although the strategic plans and intentions of Alfa Laval have been provided only on a general level, the Board of Directors believes that the completion of the Tender Offer would not have any immediate material effects on the employment of Neles' current employees. The Board of Directors notes, however, that the Tender Offer is likely to have an effect on employment in Neles with regard to duplicative functions. The Board of Directors believes that the final and long-term impact of the integration can be assessed only after the completion of the Tender Offer.

On the date of this statement, the Board of Directors has not received from Neles' employees any formal statements as to the effects of the Tender Offer on the employment at Neles.

Assessment of the Tender Offer from the perspective of Neles and its shareholders

Introduction

When evaluating the executed Combination Agreement and the Tender Offer, analyzing alternative opportunities available to Neles and concluding this statement, the Board of Directors has considered several factors, such as Neles' recent financial performance, its financial condition, current trading position and future prospects, the intrinsic value of Neles Shares and the performance of the trading price of the Neles Shares since 1 July 2020.

The Board of Directors' assessment of continuing the business operations of Neles as an independent provider of mission-critical flow control solutions and services has been based on reasonable forward-looking estimates. These include various uncertainties, whereas the Offer Price offered by the Offeror in the Tender Offer and the premium included therein is not subject to any uncertainty other than the fulfilment of the conditions to completion of the Tender Offer and the completion of the Tender Offer.

In order to support its assessment of the Tender Offer, the Board of Directors has received a fairness opinion, dated 13 July 2020, concerning the fairness of the Tender Offer (the "Fairness Opinion") from Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc ("Morgan Stanley") to the effect that the consideration to be offered to the shareholders is fair from a financial point of view. The Fairness Opinion is attached as Appendix 1 to this statement.

Neles as an independent listed company

Neles is one of the leading providers of mission-critical flow control solutions and services for process industries and it started trading as an independent company on 1 July 2020 following the Demerger. Before the Demerger, the operations of Neles formed a separate reporting segment of Metso Group for several years, providing Metso's shareholders and other market participants an opportunity to familiarize themselves with its operations and performance. In preparation for operating as an independent listed company, Neles management also engaged in a thorough communication effort towards the market to engage with both existing Metso shareholders as of that time, as well as potential new shareholders in the standalone Neles. This included a thorough presentation of Neles, its strategy and its prospects during the capital markets day held on 27 May 2020. Despite the relatively short trading history of Neles as a standalone company on Nasdaq Helsinki, it is the Board of Directors' view that the market benefits from a good level of information on Neles and on its future prospects.

Between the initial trading of Neles Shares on 1 July 2020 and the announcement of the Tender Offer on 13 July 2020, approximately 17.1 percent of the total Shares outstanding have traded between a price of EUR 8.26 per Share and EUR 9.28 per Share, excluding the impact of the acquisition of Shares by Valmet from Solidium.

This initial trading performance appears to be consistent with the implied share price for the Shares based on Outotec and Metso's trading ahead of the closing of the Demerger, as well as valuation based on peers trading multiples and broker target prices. It is therefore the Board of Directors' assessment that

the prevailing share price of Neles since 1 July 2020 and until the announcement of the Tender Offer is a relevant reference point against which the Offer Price should be compared to, despite the short standalone trading history of Neles Shares.

Valmet's acquisition of Shares in Neles

Valmet, a Finnish company listed on Nasdaq Helsinki in the business of developing and supplying technologies, automation systems and services for the pulp, paper and energy industries, announced on 17 June 2020 that it had agreed to acquire 22.4 million Shares in Neles from Solidium at a price of EUR 8.00 per Share, representing 14.88 percent of Neles' Shares and votes. On 14 July 2020, Valmet increased further its direct shareholding in Neles to 15.50 percent of Neles' Shares and votes and, based on Neles' shareholder register as of 10 August 2020, Valmet's direct shareholding in Neles amounts to 18.84 percent. The Board has especially considered the fact that Valmet publicly confirmed that their target is to increase their ownership when Neles' Share price supports additional purchases and that Valmet's goal is to have an active long-term role in the development of Neles. The Board has also considered Valmet's press release of 13 July 2020 in which Valmet states that Valmet does not consider the Tender Offer to be beneficial for Neles and that Valmet will continue as an active shareholder of Neles. The Board notes, however, that Valmet has not presented strategic alternatives or transactions that would enable shareholder value enhancement to the benefit of all shareholders of Neles at the same level of value and certainty as the Tender Offer.

Furthermore, on 2 July 2020 the Board of Directors received a shareholder's request from Valmet in accordance with Chapter 5 Section 4 of the Finnish Companies Act (624/2006, as amended) to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting to resolve that the Board of Directors shall have eight members, and that in addition to incumbent members of the Board of Directors, Jukka Tiitinen, currently Valmet's Area President, Asia Pacific, be elected as a member of the Board of Directors. In line with Valmet's request, Neles has convened the said Extraordinary General Meeting to be held on 29 October 2020.

The Board of Directors notes that the current shareholding of Valmet in Neles enables it to exercise certain minority shareholder rights without any support from other shareholders, such as the right to convene and Extraordinary General Meeting and demand a minority dividend. In addition, the Board of Directors has considered that Valmet could block minority squeeze-out proceedings under the Finnish Companies Act in the context of a tender offer and that Valmet, as an industrial company, is seeking influence over the direction of the Company through the election of a member of the Board of Directors. Also, as mentioned previously, the Board of Directors notes Valmet's stated intention to further increase its shareholding over time which can lead to greater influence and control over Neles.

Approach by Alfa Laval and assessment of the Offer Price and the Tender Offer

Following the Demerger, the Offeror approached the Board of Directors with an initial tender offer proposal supported by an irrevocable commitment by Cevian Capital, subject to certain customary conditions, to tender all of its Shares, representing 10.9 percent of all Shares in the Company.

Following various discussions, the Offeror will launch the Tender Offer at the price of EUR 11.50 per Share. With regard to the Offer Price, the Board of Directors notes, amongst other facts and analyses, the following:

- The Offer Price implies a premium of approximately 29.6 percent compared to the volume-weighted average trading price of the Neles' share on Nasdaq Helsinki during the period from 1 July 2020, the first trading day after the date of registration of the Demerger, up until and including 10 July 2020, the last trading day prior to the announcement of the Tender Offer, and excluding the impact of Valmet's acquisition of Shares representing 14.88 percent of all Shares in Neles from Solidium, which was announced by Valmet on 17 June 2020 and completed on 1 July 2020;

- Based on customary financial metrics, the Offer Price implies transaction multiples which the Board of Directors views as attractive when compared to the trading multiples of comparable listed companies and precedent transactions in the same sector as that in which Neles operates; and

- From the standpoint of Neles' intrinsic value, the Board of Directors has carefully assessed the Offer Price and has concluded that the Offer Price is reflective of the value of the Company in the medium to long term, including when considering the potential execution risks related to the realization of

Neles' strategy.

The Board of Directors has on 13 July 2020 also received a Fairness Opinion from Morgan Stanley, indicating that the consideration to be offered to the shareholders of Neles is fair from a financial point of view.

When it comes to the certainty of the Tender Offer the Board of Directors has, in particular, carefully assessed the following factors:

- The Offer Price will be paid fully in cash and the Offeror has secured financing for the payment of the Offer Price as required under applicable laws and regulations and the recommendation on procedures to be followed in Finnish public tender offers issued by the Finnish Securities Market Association (the "Helsinki Takeover Code");
- The Offeror has informed Neles that it believes that necessary regulatory approvals for the Tender Offer may be obtained prior to the expiry of the initial offer period;
- The Tender Offer is supported by Neles' second largest shareholder Cevian Capital with an irrevocable undertaking to tender its Shares subject to certain customary conditions; and
- The completion of the Tender Offer is conditional on the Offeror reaching an acceptance threshold of only two-thirds (2/3) of the Shares, thus increasing the execution certainty of the Tender Offer for those shareholders who will choose to tender their Shares.

The Board of Directors' assessment

The Board of Directors is confident in Neles' standalone strategy and prospects, which have been laid out by the management of the Company during its capital markets day on 27 May 2020. However, following the acquisition of Shares representing 18.84 percent of all Shares in Neles by Valmet, there is no guarantee that over time Neles will be able to continue operating as a fully independent company, particularly given Valmet's stated intention to seek a seat on the Board of Directors and to increase its shareholding over time. In addition, further concentration of ownership could lead to weaker liquidity in the Shares and reduce the interest of potential acquirers towards Neles. This could, in turn, result in there being fewer strategic alternatives available to the Board of Directors to enhance the value of the business operations and the value of the Shares for the benefit of all shareholders of Neles.

While the tender rate conditionality at two-thirds (2/3) of the Shares of the Company increases the execution certainty of the Tender Offer, the Board of Directors has also considered that if the Tender Offer is successful, Alfa Laval could exercise significant control over Neles by being able to make resolutions at the General Meetings of shareholders, which require a qualified majority of two-thirds (2/3) of the Shares represented and votes cast at a General Meeting. These include, among others the right to resolve upon a directed share issue, an issue of convertible instruments, option rights or other special rights entitling the holder to shares, the right to resolve upon amendments to Neles' Articles of Association, as well as the right to resolve upon a merger or demerger of Neles. In addition, the fact that Alfa Laval would hold at least two-thirds (2/3) of all Shares in Neles after the completion of the Tender Offer would also be likely to result in reduced liquidity for the Neles Shares, making it more difficult for remaining shareholders to sell their Shares.

Neles' second largest shareholder Cevian Capital has provided to the Offeror an irrevocable undertaking to tender its Shares subject to customary conditions. Such undertaking was provided to Alfa Laval before it approached the Board of Directors with an initial tender offer proposal.

In this context, and as noted above, the Tender Offer offers significant value upfront in cash and the Board of Directors has evaluated the Offer Price against a range of valuation methodologies. Given the relatively short trading history of Neles as a standalone company since 1 July 2020, the Board of Directors has in particular analyzed in detail the intrinsic value of the Company under a range of scenarios as well as evaluated the Offer Price against a range of valuation methodologies, on the basis of which it has concluded that the Offer Price is reflective of the value of the Company in the medium to long term, including when considering the potential execution risks related to the realization of Neles' strategy and other possible strategic alternatives. The Board of Directors has also taken into account the other terms and conditions of the Tender Offer as well as the Fairness Opinion provided by Morgan Stanley.

The Board of Directors has further taken into account its obligation under the

Helsinki Takeover Code to engage with any third party with an inbound interest for Neles in line with the Board's fiduciary duties if this would be in the best interest of the Company's shareholders.

The Board of Directors also reserves, in accordance with the terms of the Combination Agreement, the right to withdraw, modify, change or supplement its statement in the event of a material change in circumstances, as set out in the Finnish Securities Markets Act and the Helsinki Takeover Code.

Based on its overall assessment, taking into consideration the factors described above, among other matters, and in the light of current circumstances, the Board of Directors has concluded that it recommends that the Company's shareholders accept the Tender Offer.

Financing of the Tender Offer

As required under applicable laws, Alfa Laval has, and will have at the completion of the Tender Offer, access to debt and equity funding in sufficient amounts to finance the payment of the aggregate Offer Price for all of the issued and outstanding Shares in Neles in connection with the Tender Offer (including in any mandatory redemption proceedings in accordance with the Finnish Companies Act). The Tender Offer will be financed through a combination of Alfa Laval's own funds and debt facilities from Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ) ("SEB"). Alfa Laval has secured fully committed debt financing from SEB on a customary certain funds basis, and the availability of the debt financing is subject only to the completion of the Tender Offer and certain conditions that are customary for a certain funds financing arrangement of this kind.

The completion of the Tender Offer is not conditional upon availability of financing.

Recommendation of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors has carefully assessed the Tender Offer and its terms and conditions based on the draft Tender Offer Document provided by the Offeror, the Fairness Opinion, and other available information.

Based on the foregoing, the Board of Directors considers that the Tender Offer and the amount of the Offer Price are, under the prevailing circumstances, fair to the shareholders of Neles.

Given the above-mentioned viewpoints, the members of the Board of Directors who participated in the decision-making unanimously recommend that the shareholders of Neles accept the Tender Offer.

Six out of seven members of the Board of Directors have participated in the decision-making concerning this statement. Board member Niko Pakalén did not participate in the decision. Niko Pakalén has considered himself to be dependent of a major shareholder, Cevian Capital, which has given an undertaking, subject to certain customary conditions, to accept the Tender Offer. For this reason, he has made a decision not to participate in the decision-making concerning this statement.

Other matters

The Board of Directors notes that the transaction may, as is common in such processes, involve unforeseeable risks. The discussion below presents assessments of certain aspects which the Board of Directors considers relevant for the shareholders' decision whether to accept or not to accept the Tender Offer, although they may not be an exhaustive description of all relevant considerations. The below discussion assumes that following the completion of the Tender Offer, the Offeror would hold more than two-thirds (2/3) (the stated acceptance condition of the Tender Offer) but not more than 90% of the issued and outstanding Shares and votes in Neles. This means that there would be no redemption of the minority shareholders' Shares in Neles and that Neles would remain listed on Nasdaq Helsinki.

- A shareholder accepting the Tender Offer should consider the following:
 - Shareholders who accept the Tender Offer will not benefit from potential favorable Share price development after the completion of the Tender Offer or positive developments in Neles' business operations. Conversely, shareholders who accept the Tender Offer will also not bear the risk of possible negative Share price development or negative developments Neles' business operations

after the completion of the Tender Offer. The Board of Directors notes that the Shares have since the announcement of the Tender Offer also traded at levels that are higher than the Offer Price.

· Shareholders who accept the Tender Offer will receive payment for their Shares only after the end of the offer period under the Tender Offer in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer. Once the Offeror announces that all conditions to completion have been fulfilled or waived, valid acceptances of the Tender Offer may not be withdrawn, unless a third party announces a competing public tender offer for the Shares before the execution of the purchase of the Shares in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer.

· If Alfa Laval acquires Shares in Neles within nine months from the end of the offer period under the Tender Offer on terms that are more favorable than the Tender Offer, Alfa Laval would pursuant to the Finnish Securities Markets Act be obliged to compensate the difference to those Neles shareholders who accepted the Tender Offer. However, following the end of such nine-month period, Alfa Laval will be free to acquire further Shares in Neles on terms more favorable than those of the Tender Offer without being obliged to compensate the difference to the shareholders who accepted the Tender Offer.

· A shareholder who does not accept the Tender Offer should consider the following:

· Shareholders who do not accept the Tender Offer will not receive the Offer Price of EUR 11.50 for each Share upon the completion of the Tender Offer. A shareholder that has not accepted the Tender Offer wishing to dispose of the Shares held by it would have to sell its Shares on the open market or negotiate an alternative transaction concerning its Shares.

· The completion of the Tender Offer would result in the ownership of Shares being concentrated to Alfa Laval, the consequence of which would be a reduction in the number of Neles' shareholders and the number of Shares held by other shareholders available to be freely traded on Nasdaq Helsinki. Consequently, there may be fewer potential buyers for the Shares. This may have an adverse effect on the liquidity and value of the Shares and may make it more difficult to dispose of Shares in a timely manner or at a favorable price. The scope of these potential adverse effects is dependent on, among others, the number of Shares validly tendered in the Tender Offer.

· Should Alfa Laval, within nine months from the end of the offer period of the Tender Offer, acquire Shares on terms that are more favorable than the Tender Offer, Alfa Laval would pursuant to the Finnish Securities Markets Act be obliged to compensate the difference to those Neles shareholders who accepted the Tender Offer. Conversely, such compensation would not be payable to the shareholders who did not accept the Tender Offer.

· Shareholders who do not accept the Tender Offer will have opportunities but also risks related to the future development of market price of the Shares as well as Neles' business operations. There can be no assurance of whether the market price of the Shares would appreciate, depreciate or remain at its current level after the Tender Offer.

· Following the Demerger, certain equity analysts have started following Neles. Neles would following the completion of the Tender Offer become a company majority-owned by a strategic investor with potentially reduced trading volumes in the Shares. This may result in certain equity analysts discontinuing their coverage of Neles. Reduced analyst coverage may in turn adversely affect investor interest in Neles and its Shares, which may result in reduced liquidity in the Shares and a decrease in the market price of the Shares.

· Should Alfa Laval become a controlling shareholder following the completion of the Tender Offer, Alfa Laval would be in a position to significantly influence Neles' course of business, including, but not limited to, strategy, business plan and future M&A opportunities. There can be no assurance whether the course of business, as influenced by Alfa Laval, would be as beneficial, more beneficial or less beneficial to the shareholders of Neles than the current course of business.

· In the event that the Tender Offer is completed and provided that the acceptance level condition is not waived, Alfa Laval will hold two-thirds (2/3) or more of the Shares and exercise two-thirds (2/3) or more of the voting rights represented in General Meetings. Consequently, Alfa Laval would pursuant to the Finnish Companies Act be able to make major decisions concerning Neles independently and without cooperation with other shareholders. Such major decisions include, among others, decisions on directed issuances of shares, repurchases of shares, amendments to Neles' Articles of Association, mergers, demergers, and a voluntary liquidation of Neles. In practice Alfa Laval could achieve this influence already through holding even less than two-thirds (2/3) of the Shares and voting rights in Neles, depending on the level of participation and the number of Shares and votes represented at a General Meeting.

Should the Offeror obtain less than 90 % but more than two-thirds (2/3) of the Shares and voting rights in Neles, the Offeror would according to the Tender Offer Document assess alternatives to acquire the remaining Shares over time, and it is possible that Neles could become subject to certain corporate transactions, including for example purchases of further Shares in Neles after completion of the Tender Offer, or a statutory cross-border merger with and into Alfa Laval. However, the Offeror has not taken any decisions on the timeline of any such possible transactions or whether any such transactions would be undertaken at all. Should Alfa Laval cause Neles as the merging entity to merge into Alfa Laval or another company, such a merger could be for share or a cash consideration that could be higher, the same or lower than the Offer Price. In connection with such a merger, however, shareholders would have appraisal rights enabling shareholders to challenge the consideration provided in such a merger and to demand consideration amounting to the fair value of the Shares prior to the merger decision. Such fair value could be higher, the same or lower than the Offer Price. The same rights in a potential merger would not be available to shareholders who have validly tendered their Shares in the Tender Offer after the Tender Offer has been completed. However, Alfa Laval would also in connection with a merger be obliged to compensate the difference between the merger consideration and the Offer Price to those Neles shareholders who accepted the Tender Offer, if Alfa Laval would through the merger acquire Shares in Neles within nine months from the end of the offer period of the Tender Offer on more favorable terms than the Tender Offer.

Pursuant to the Finnish Companies Act, a shareholder that holds more than 90% of all shares and voting rights in a company shall have the right to acquire and, upon demand by other shareholders, also be obligated to redeem the shares owned by the other shareholders. In such case, the Shares held by Neles' shareholders, who have not accepted the Tender Offer, may be redeemed at fair value through redemption proceedings under the Finnish Companies Act in accordance with the conditions set out therein. Such fair value could be higher, the same or lower than the Offer Price.

The Board of Directors expects that delisting of Neles Shares from Nasdaq Helsinki would require that Alfa Laval, on an aggregate basis, holds Shares and voting rights in Neles that exceed 90% of all outstanding Shares and voting rights in Neles and commences proceedings to redeem minority shareholders' Shares. Delisting would result in substantially less onerous disclosure obligations and investor protection rules being applied to Neles.

Neles has undertaken to comply with the Helsinki Takeover Code issued by the Securities Market Association referred to in Chapter 11, Section 28, of the Finnish Securities Markets Act.

This statement does not constitute investment or tax advice, and the Board of Directors specifically does not evaluate herein the general price development or the risks relating to the Shares in general. The shareholders of Neles must independently decide whether to accept the Tender Offer, and they should take into account all relevant information available to them, including information presented in the Tender Offer Document and this statement as well as any other factors affecting the value of the Shares.

Neles is advised by Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc as financial advisor and by Roschier, Attorneys Ltd. as legal advisor.

Vantaa, 12 August 2020

NELES CORPORATION

Board of Directors

Further information:

Rita Uotila

Vice President, Investor Relations

Neles

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Main media

www.neles.com (<http://www.neles.com>)

Neles is one of the leading providers of mission-critical flow control solutions and services for process industries. With our global team of experts and innovative solutions, we help our customers to improve their process performance and ensure safe flow of materials. Neles is listed on the Nasdaq Helsinki in Finland and had sales of about EUR 660 million in 2019. Neles employs about 2,900 people in around 40 countries. Neles was created in the partial demerger of Metso Corporation, and trading in Neles stock started on July 1, 2020.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

THIS STOCK EXCHANGE RELEASE MAY NOT BE RELEASED, PUBLISHED OR OTHERWISE DISTRIBUTED, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, IN OR INTO AUSTRALIA, CANADA, HONG KONG SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA, JAPAN, NEW ZEALAND, SOUTH AFRICA, OR ANY OTHER JURISDICTION IN WHICH THE TENDER OFFER WOULD BE PROHIBITED BY APPLICABLE LAW.

THIS STOCK EXCHANGE RELEASE IS NOT A TENDER OFFER DOCUMENT AND AS SUCH DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER OR INVITATION TO MAKE A SALES OFFER. IN PARTICULAR, THIS STOCK EXCHANGE RELEASE IS NOT AN OFFER TO SELL OR THE SOLICITATION OF AN OFFER TO BUY ANY SECURITIES DESCRIBED HEREIN, AND IS NOT AN EXTENSION OF THE TENDER OFFER, IN, AUSTRALIA, CANADA, HONG KONG SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA, JAPAN, NEW ZEALAND, OR SOUTH AFRICA. INVESTORS SHALL ACCEPT THE TENDER OFFER FOR THE SHARES ONLY ON THE BASIS OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED IN A TENDER OFFER DOCUMENT. THE TENDER OFFER IS NOT BEING MADE, AND THE SHARES WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED FOR PURCHASE FROM OR ON BEHALF OF PERSONS, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY IN ANY JURISDICTION WHERE EITHER AN OFFER OR ACCEPTANCE THEREOF IS PROHIBITED BY APPLICABLE LAW OR WHERE ANY TENDER OFFER DOCUMENT OR REGISTRATION OR OTHER REQUIREMENTS WOULD APPLY IN ADDITION TO THOSE UNDERTAKEN IN FINLAND.

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THIS STOCK EXCHANGE RELEASE AND ANY OTHER DOCUMENTS OR MATERIALS RELATING TO THE TENDER OFFER ARE NOT BEING MADE AND HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED BY AN AUTHORISED PERSON FOR THE PURPOSES OF SECTION 21 OF THE UK FINANCIAL SERVICES AND MARKETS ACT 2000 (THE "FSMA"). ACCORDINGLY, THIS STOCK EXCHANGE RELEASE AND ANY OTHER DOCUMENTS OR MATERIALS RELATING TO THE TENDER OFFER ARE NOT BEING DISTRIBUTED TO, AND MUST NOT BE PASSED ON TO, THE GENERAL PUBLIC IN THE UNITED KINGDOM. THE COMMUNICATION OF THIS STOCK EXCHANGE RELEASE AND ANY OTHER DOCUMENTS OR MATERIALS RELATING TO THE TENDER OFFER IS EXEMPT FROM THE RESTRICTION ON FINANCIAL PROMOTIONS UNDER SECTION 21 OF THE FSMA ON THE BASIS THAT IT IS A COMMUNICATION BY OR ON BEHALF OF A BODY CORPORATE WHICH RELATES TO A TRANSACTION TO ACQUIRE DAY TO DAY CONTROL OF THE AFFAIRS OF A BODY CORPORATE; OR TO ACQUIRE 50 PERCENT. OR MORE OF THE VOTING SHARES IN A BODY CORPORATE, WITHIN ARTICLE 62 OF THE FINANCIAL SERVICES AND MARKETS ACT 2000 (FINANCIAL PROMOTION) ORDER 2005.

Information for shareholders in the United States

Shareholders in the United States are advised that the shares in Neles are not listed on a U.S. securities exchange and that Neles is not subject to the periodic reporting requirements of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and is not required to, and does not, file any reports with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") thereunder.

The Tender Offer will be made for the issued and outstanding shares in Neles, which is domiciled in Finland, and is subject to Finnish disclosure and procedural requirements. The Tender Offer is made in the United States pursuant to Section 14(e) and Regulation 14E under the Exchange Act, subject to exemptions provided by Rule 14d-1(d) under the Exchange act for a "Tier II" tender offer, and otherwise in accordance with the disclosure and procedural requirements of Finnish law, including with respect to the Tender Offer timetable, settlement procedures, withdrawal, waiver of conditions and timing of payments, which are different from those of the United States. In particular, the financial information included in this stock exchange release has been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards in Finland, which may not be comparable to the financial statements or financial information of U.S. companies. The Tender Offer is made to Neles' shareholders resident in the United States on the same terms and conditions as those made to all other shareholders of Neles to whom an offer is made. Any information documents, including this stock exchange release, are being disseminated to U.S. shareholders on a basis comparable to the method that such documents are provided to Neles' other shareholders.

To the extent permissible under applicable law or regulations, Alfa Laval and its affiliates or its brokers and its brokers' affiliates (acting as agents for Alfa Laval or its affiliates, as applicable) may from time to time and during the pendency of the Tender Offer, and other than pursuant to the Tender Offer and combination, directly or indirectly, purchase or arrange to purchase, the shares in Neles or any securities that are convertible into, exchangeable for or exercisable for such shares. These purchases may occur either in the open market at prevailing prices or in private transactions at negotiated prices. To the extent information about such purchases or arrangements to purchase is made public in Finland, such information will be disclosed by means of a press release or other means reasonably calculated to inform U.S. shareholders of Neles of such information. In addition, the financial advisers to Alfa Laval may also engage in ordinary course trading activities in securities of Neles, which may include purchases or arrangements to purchase such securities. To the extent required in Finland, any information about such purchases will be made public in Finland in the manner required by Finnish law.

Neither the SEC nor any U.S. state securities commission has approved or disapproved the Tender Offer, passed upon the merits or fairness of the Tender Offer, or passed any comment upon the adequacy, accuracy or completeness of the disclosure in this stock exchange release. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offence in the United States.

The receipt of cash pursuant to the Tender Offer by a U.S. holder of shares in Neles may be a taxable transaction for U.S. federal income tax purposes and under applicable U.S. state and local, as well as foreign and other, tax laws. Each holder of shares in Neles is urged to consult its independent professional adviser immediately regarding the tax consequences of accepting the Tender Offer.

It may be difficult for Neles' shareholders to enforce their rights and any claims they may have arising under the U.S. federal securities laws, since Alfa Laval and Neles are located in non-U.S. jurisdictions, and some or all of their respective officers and directors may be residents of non-U.S. jurisdictions. Neles' shareholders may not be able to sue Alfa Laval or Neles or their respective officers or directors in a non-U.S. court for violations of the U.S. federal securities laws. It may be difficult to compel Alfa Laval and Neles and their respective affiliates to subject themselves to a U.S. court's judgment.

Forward-looking statements

This stock exchange release contains statements that, to the extent they are not historical facts, constitute "forward-looking statements". Forward-looking statements include statements concerning plans, expectations, projections, objectives, targets, goals, strategies, future events, future revenues or performance, capital expenditures, financing needs, plans or intentions relating to acquisitions, competitive strengths and weaknesses, plans or goals relating to financial position, future operations and development, business strategy and the trends in the industries and the political and legal environment and other information that is not historical information. In some instances, they can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, including the terms "believes", "intends", "may", "will" or "should" or, in each case, their negative or variations on comparable terminology. By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve inherent risks, uncertainties and assumptions, both

general and specific, and risks exist that the predictions, forecasts, projections and other forward-looking statements will not be achieved. Given these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statements contained herein speak only as at the date of this stock exchange release.

Disclaimer

Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ), which is under the supervision of the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority (Finansinspektionen), is acting as lead financial adviser to Alfa Laval and no one else in connection with the Tender Offer and arranger in relation to the Tender Offer, will not regard any other person than Alfa Laval as its client in relation to the Tender Offer and will not be responsible to anyone other than Alfa Laval for providing the protection afforded to clients of Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ) nor for providing advice in relation to the Tender Offer.

Attachments:
08129269.pdf

Morgan Stanley

13 July 2020

Neles Corporation
Vanha Porvoontie 229
01380 Vantaa
Finland

Members of the Board of Directors:

We understand that Neles Corporation (the “**Company**”) and Alfa Laval AB (the “**Offeror**”) have entered into an agreement, dated 13 July 2020 (the “**Combination Agreement**”), which provides, among other things, for the commencement by the Offeror of a voluntary public offer for all the outstanding issued ordinary shares in the Company (the “**Company Shares**”) of Neles Corporation (the “**Company**”, and the “**Transaction**”) for €11.50 in cash per Company Share (the “**Offer Price**”). We further understand that the Company’s second most significant shareholder has executed an irrevocable undertaking for the benefit of the Offeror to accept the Offer Price in the context of the Transaction. The terms and conditions of the Transaction are more fully set forth in the Combination Agreement.

You have asked for our opinion as to whether the Offer Price offered to the holders of Company Shares other than the Company is fair from a financial point of view to such holders of the Company Shares.

For purposes of the opinion set forth herein, we have:

- (a) reviewed certain publicly available financial statements and other business and financial information of the Company (“**Public Information**”);
- (b) reviewed certain internal financial statements and other financial and operating data concerning the Company;
- (c) reviewed a business plan prepared by the management of the Company, which includes certain initiatives planned to be undertaken by the Company (collectively, the “**Initiatives**”);
- (d) discussed the past and current operations and financial condition and the prospects of the Company with senior executives of the Company;
- (e) reviewed the reported prices and trading activity for the Company Shares;
- (f) reviewed analysts’ price targets for the Company Shares;
- (g) compared the financial performance of the Company and the prices of the Company Shares with that of certain other publicly-traded companies comparable with the Company, and their securities;
- (h) reviewed the financial terms, to the extent publicly available, of certain comparable transactions as well as control premia;
- (i) participated in certain discussions and negotiations among representatives of the Company and the Offeror and their financial and legal advisors;
- (j) conducted illustrative intrinsic financial analyses based on, among other things, the estimated discounted cash flows of the Company and the impact of the realisation of the Initiatives on the intrinsic value of the Company;

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- (k) reviewed, for information purposes only, the Combination Agreement and certain related documents; and
- (l) performed such other analyses, reviewed such other information and considered such other factors as we have deemed appropriate.

In forming our opinion, we have also taken into account and relied upon (in each case without independent verification):

- (a) the accuracy and completeness of the Public Information available or supplied or information otherwise made available to us by the Company, and formed a substantial basis for this opinion;
- (b) the commercial assessments of the management of the Company and the financial projections as reflected in the Company's business plan, including, without limitation, the Initiatives, in relation to which we have assumed that such projections, have been reasonably prepared on bases reflecting the best currently available estimates and judgments of the managements of the Company of the future financial performance of the Company;
- (c) that the Transaction will be consummated in accordance with the terms set forth in the Combination Agreement without any waiver, amendment or delay of any terms or conditions. Morgan Stanley has assumed that in connection with the receipt of all the necessary governmental, regulatory or other approvals and consents required for the proposed Transaction, no delays, limitations, conditions or restrictions will be imposed that would have a material adverse effect on the contemplated benefits expected to be derived in the proposed Transaction;
- (d) the fact that the Company has taken its own legal, tax, accounting, regulatory or actuarial advice. We are financial advisors only and have relied upon, without independent verification, the assessments of the Company and its legal, tax, accounting, regulatory or actuarial advisors with respect to legal, tax, accounting, regulatory or actuarial matters. Furthermore, for the purpose of our analysis, we have not made any independent valuation or appraisal of the assets or liabilities of the Company, nor have we been furnished with any such appraisals.

We express no opinion with respect to the fairness of the amount or nature of the compensation to any of the Company's officers, directors or employees, or any class of such persons, relative to the consideration to be paid to the holders of the Company Shares in the Transaction.

Our opinion is necessarily based on financial, economic, market and other conditions as in effect on, and the information made available to us as of, the date hereof. Events occurring after the date hereof may affect this opinion and the assumptions used in preparing it, and we do not assume any obligation to update, revise or reaffirm this opinion.

We have acted as financial advisor to the Board of Directors of the Company in connection with this transaction and will receive a fee for our services which is contingent upon the closing of the Transaction. In the two years prior to the date hereof, we have provided financial advisory for the Company and have received fees in connection with such services. Morgan Stanley may also seek to provide such services to the Offeror and the Company in the future and expects to receive fees for the rendering of these services. Please note that Morgan Stanley is a global financial services firm engaged in the securities, investment management and individual wealth management businesses. Our securities business is engaged in securities underwriting, trading and brokerage activities, foreign exchange, commodities and derivatives trading, prime brokerage, as well as providing investment management, banking, financing and financial advisory services. Morgan Stanley, its affiliates, directors and officers may at any time invest on a principal basis or manage funds that invest, hold long or short positions, finance positions, and may trade or otherwise structure and effect transactions, for their own account or the accounts of its customers, in debt or equity securities or loans of the Offeror, the Company or any other company or any currency or commodity that may be involved in this transaction or any related derivative instrument.

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This opinion has been approved by a committee of Morgan Stanley investment banking and other professionals in accordance with our customary practice. This opinion is for the information of the Board of Directors of the Company only and may not be used for any other purpose without our prior written consent. This opinion is not addressed to and may not be relied upon by any third party, including, without limitation, employees, creditors or shareholders of the Company. In addition, this opinion does not in any manner address the prices at which Company Shares have traded or will trade following the announcement or consummation of the Transaction and Morgan Stanley expresses no opinion or recommendation as to whether shareholders of the Company should tender Company Shares in the Transaction or how such shareholders should act with respect to the Transaction or otherwise.

It is understood that the views set forth in this letter are within the scope of, and provided on and subject to, the engagement letter dated 6 July 2020 and the associated letter of indemnity dated 1 July 2020 between Morgan Stanley and the Company.

We have taken the facts, events and circumstances set forth in this opinion, together with our assumptions and qualifications, into account when determining the meaning of “fairness” for the purposes of this opinion. For the purposes of our opinion, we have not considered the circumstances of individual shareholders.

Based on and subject to the foregoing, we are of the opinion on the date hereof that the Offer Price to be received by the holders of shares of the Company Shares is fair from a financial point of view to such holders of the Company Shares other than the Company.

Yours faithfully,

MORGAN STANLEY & CO. INTERNATIONAL PLC



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Karsten Hofacker
Managing Director

**APPENDIX B – NOTICE TO THE EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE COMPANY
PUBLISHED BY THE COMPANY ON 29 JULY 2020**

NELES

Notice to the Extraordinary General Meeting of Neles Corporation

Neles Corporation, Stock exchange release, July 29, 2020 at 9.00 am EEST

By the request of Valmet Corporation, a shareholder of Neles Corporation ("Neles" or the "Company"), notice is given to the shareholders of Neles to the Extraordinary General Meeting to be held on Thursday, October 29, 2020 at 2:00 p.m. local time at Hilton Helsinki Airport hotel at the address of Lentäjänkuja 1, 01530 Vantaa, Finland. The reception of persons who have registered for the meeting and the distribution of voting tickets will commence at 1:00 p.m.

Depending on the prevailing circumstances regarding the Covid-19 pandemic at the time of the Meeting, Neles will provide further information closer to the meeting on special arrangements related to the meeting in order to secure the health and safety of the Company's shareholders, personnel and other stakeholders.

A. Matters on the agenda of the Extraordinary General Meeting

1. Opening of the meeting
2. Calling the meeting to order
3. Election of persons to scrutinize the minutes and to supervise the counting of votes
4. Recording the legality of the meeting
5. Recording the attendance at the meeting and adoption of the list of votes
6. Election of a new member to the Board of Directors

The Company's shareholder, Valmet Corporation, representing over 15% of all votes conferred by the Company's shares, proposes to the Extraordinary General Meeting that the number of the members of the Board of Directors of Neles shall be increased to eight (8) members and that for a term of office expiring at the end of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company, in addition to incumbent members of the Board of Directors, Mr. Jukka Tiitinen be elected as a new member of the Board of Directors of Neles. Mr. Tiitinen acts currently as Area President, Asia Pacific of Valmet Corporation.

According to Section 4 of the Article of Association, the term of office of a member of the Board of Directors expires at the end of the first Annual General Meeting following the election.

Mr. Tiitinen has given his consent to the appointment. According to Valmet, he is independent of the Company but not independent of a significant shareholder, which corresponds to the view of the Company's Board of Directors. The proposed new candidate is presented on the Company's website (www.neles.com/egm) and in the appendix to this notice. The current board members are presented on the Company's website.

7. Closing of the meeting

B. Documents of the General Meeting

The proposals for decisions on the matters on the agenda of the Extraordinary General Meeting and this notice are available on Neles Corporation's website at the address www.neles.com/egm. The minutes of the meeting will be available on the above-mentioned website no later than November 12, 2020.

C. Instructions for the participants in the General Meeting

1. Shareholders registered in the shareholders' register

Each shareholder who is registered on the record date of the Meeting on October 19, 2020 in the shareholders' register of the Company held by Euroclear Finland Oy has the right to participate in the Extraordinary General Meeting. A shareholder whose shares are registered on his/her personal Finnish book-entry account is registered in the shareholders' register of the Company.

A shareholder who is registered in the shareholders' register and who wants to participate in the meeting shall register for the meeting no later than on October 26, 2020 at 10:00 a.m. by giving a prior notice of participation. The notice must be received by the Company before the end of the registration period. Registration for the Meeting starts on September 1, 2020 at 9:00 a.m. local time.

a.
at the address www.neles.com/egm; or

b. by sending a written notification to the address Neles Corporation, EGM, P.O. Box 304, FI-01301 Vantaa, Finland.

In connection with the registration, a shareholder shall notify his/her name, personal identification number or business identity code, address, telephone number and the name of a possible assistant or proxy representative and the personal identification number of the proxy representative. The personal data given to Neles Corporation by shareholders is used only in connection with the Extraordinary General Meeting and with the processing of related registrations. The Company's privacy notice is available at www.neles.com/privacy/.

The shareholder, his/her authorized representative or proxy representative shall, where necessary, be able to prove his/her identity and/or right of representation at the Extraordinary General Meeting.

2. Holder of nominee registered shares

A holder of nominee registered shares has the right to participate in the Extraordinary General Meeting by virtue of such shares based on which he/she on the Extraordinary General Meeting record date, October 19, 2020, would be entitled to be registered in the shareholders' register held by Euroclear Finland Oy. The right to participate in the Extraordinary General Meeting requires, in addition, that the shareholder on the basis of such shares has been temporarily registered into the shareholders' register held by Euroclear Finland Oy at the latest by October 26, 2020 at 10:00 a.m. local time. As regards nominee registered shares, this constitutes due registration for the Extraordinary General Meeting.

A holder of nominee registered shares is advised to request well in advance the necessary instructions regarding the registration in the temporary shareholders' register, the issuing of proxy documents and registration for the Extraordinary General Meeting from his/her custodian bank.

The account management organization of the custodian bank shall register a holder of the nominee registered shares who wants to participate in the Extraordinary General Meeting, into the temporary shareholders' register of the Company at the latest by the time stated above.

3. Advance voting service

A shareholder, who has a Finnish book-entry account, may vote in advance on items on the agenda of the Extraordinary General Meeting through the Company's website until October 26, 2020 at 10:00 a.m. Through the advance voting service, a shareholder may vote on items on the agenda of the Extraordinary General Meeting without attending the meeting at the meeting venue.

Unless a shareholder voting in advance will be present in person or by proxy in the meeting, he/she may not be able to exercise his/her right under the Finnish Companies Act to request information or a vote in the meeting and if decision proposals regarding certain agenda item have changed after the beginning of the advance voting period, his/her possibility to vote on such item may be restricted. The conditions and other instructions relating to the electronic advance voting may be found from the Company's website at the address www.neles.com/egm. The Finnish book-entry account number of the shareholder is needed for voting in advance.

4. Proxy representative and powers of attorney

A shareholder may participate in and exercise his/her rights at the Extraordinary General Meeting by way of proxy representation. The proxy representative shall produce a dated proxy document or otherwise in a reliable manner demonstrate his/her right to represent the shareholder.

When a shareholder participates in the Extraordinary General Meeting by means of several proxy representatives representing the shareholder with shares held at different securities accounts, the shares by which each proxy representative represents the shareholder shall be identified in connection with the registration for the Extraordinary General Meeting.

Possible proxy documents should be delivered in original to the address Neles Corporation, EGM, P.O. Box 304, FI-01301 Vantaa, Finland, before the last date for registration.

5. Other information

Information on the General Meeting required by the Finnish Limited Liability Companies Act and the Securities Markets Act is available on the Company's website at the address www.neles.com/egm.

Pursuant to Chapter 5, Section 25 of the Companies Act, a shareholder who is present at the Extraordinary General Meeting has the right to request information with respect to the matters to be considered at the meeting.

On the date of the notice, July 29, 2020, the total number of shares and votes in Neles Corporation is 150,348,256. The total amount includes 150,361 own shares held by the Company. Such own shares held by the Company do not have voting rights.

Changes in shareholding after the record date of the Extraordinary General Meeting do not affect the right to participate in the General Meeting or the number of voting rights held in the General Meeting.

NELES CORPORATION

Board of Directors

For further information, please contact:

Elisa Erkkilä, General Counsel, Neles Corporation, tel +358 40 754 4411
Neles Corporation
Simo Sääskilähti
CFO

Rita Uotila
VP, Investor Relations

Neles Corporation

Distribution:

Nasdaq Helsinki

Media

www.neles.com

Neles is one of the leading providers of mission-critical flow control solutions and services for process industries. With our global team of experts and innovative solutions, we help our customers to improve their process performance and ensure the safe flow of materials. Neles is listed on the Nasdaq Helsinki in Finland and had sales of about EUR 660 million in 2019. Neles employs about 2,900 people in approximately 40 countries. Neles was created in the partial demerger of Metso Corporation, and trading in Neles stock started on July 1, 2020.

www.neles.com, [Twitter.com/nelesflow](https://twitter.com/nelesflow) (<http://www.twitter.com/nelesflow>)

For further information, please contact:

Elisa Erkkilä, General Counsel, Neles Corporation, tel +358 40 754 4411
Neles Corporation
Simo Säaskilahti
CFO

Rita Uotila
VP, Investor Relations

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Neles is one of the leading providers of mission-critical flow control solutions and services for process industries. With our global team of experts and innovative solutions, we help our customers to improve their process performance and ensure the safe flow of materials. Neles is listed on the Nasdaq Helsinki in Finland and had sales of about EUR 660 million in 2019. Neles employs about 2,900 people in approximately 40 countries. Neles was created in the partial demerger of Metso Corporation, and trading in Neles stock started on July 1, 2020.

www.neles.com, [Twitter.com/nelesflow](https://twitter.com/nelesflow) (<http://www.twitter.com/nelesflow>)

Attachments:
[07251500.pdf](#)

APPENDIX C – FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY

NELES

Half-Year Review
H1/2020

Neles' Half-year Review January 1 – June 30, 2020

Solid performance in a varying market

- Solid underlying operative margins in the second quarter despite challenging Covid-19 pandemic situation
- Oil and Gas as well as Pulp and Paper projects remained active, the Services business and Maintenance, Repairs and Operations-driven (MRO) business affected by mobility restrictions and lockdowns
- Partial demerger of Metso was completed on June 30th, share trading continuing under Neles name on Nasdaq Helsinki on July 1st
- Neles Board of Directors confirmed growth strategy and mid-term financial targets on July 1st

The partial demerger of the Metso Group took place on June 30, 2020, and the continuing operations renamed the Neles Group. Until the end of 2020, Neles Group will be reported as continuing operations and the demerged Metso Minerals business as discontinued operations (for the period January 1 – June 30, 2020).

In this Half-year Review, in addition to IFRS financial information, a comparable balance sheet and a cash flow statement are disclosed. Figures in parentheses refer to the corresponding period in 2019, unless otherwise stated.

Neles Group is reported as one segment starting June 30, 2020.

Summary of key figures

| Operative key figures, Neles, continuing operations | Q2/20 | Q2/19 | Change, % | H1/20 | H1/19 | Change, % | 2019 |
|--|-------|-------|--------------|-------|-------|--------------|------|
| EUR million | | | | | | | |
| Orders received | 131 | 165 | -21 | 322 | 356 | -10 | 681 |
| Order backlog at end of period | 305 | 298 | 2 | 305 | 298 | 2 | 280 |
| Sales | 141 | 168 | -16 | 277 | 323 | -14 | 660 |
| Service sales ¹ | 31 | 36 | -13 | 60 | 70 | -14 | 152 |
| % of sales | 22 | 21 | | 22 | 22 | | 23 |
| Adjusted EBITA, continuing operations ² | 23 | 27 | -15 | 40 | 50 | -20 | 97 |
| % of sales | 16.3 | 16.2 | | 14.3 | 15.4 | | 14.7 |
| Adjustment items ³ | 4 | - | | 6 | - | | - |
| Operating profit | 18 | 26 | -31 | 32 | 48 | -33 | 93 |
| % of sales | 12.6 | 15.7 | | 11.7 | 14.8 | | 14.0 |
| Earnings per share, continuing operations, EUR | 0.08 | 0.12 | -33 | 0.14 | 0.23 | -39 | 0.46 |
| Free cash flow | 39 | 14 | 179 | 15 | 36 | -58 | 34 |

| Balance sheet key figures, IFRS | Neles H1/20 | Metso H1/19 | Metso 2019 |
|---|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Return on capital employed (ROCE) before taxes, % | 14.2 | 20.9 | 19.2 |
| Balance sheet total | 632 | 3,540 | 3,887 |
| Net debt | 99 | 400 | 798 |
| Equity to assets ratio, % | 41.4 | 43.4 | 42.3 |
| Net debt / EBITDA, rolling 12 months | 1.0 | - | - |
| Gearing, % | 39.1 | 28.7 | 52.3 |
| Personnel at end of period, continuing operations | 2,950 | 2,903 | 2,866 |

¹ Services sales include the sales volume from the Services business

² Includes HQ and support function cost effect of EUR +1 million in Q2/20 (Q2/2019: -1 million), EUR -1 million in H1/20 (H2/2019: -1 million)

-2 million) and EUR -7 million in 2019.

³ Adjustment items amounted to EUR 5.6 million in H1/2020. Q2/2019 and full-year 2019 did not include any adjustment items. Adjustment items consist of carve out, rebranding, and establishing and restructuring costs for setting up independent Neles. See Note 10.

Creation of Neles on June 30, 2020

Metso's Extraordinary General Meeting on October 29, 2019, approved the partial demerger of the company. The registration of the completion of the partial demerger was executed on June 30, 2020. According to the demerger plan, the Metso Minerals businesses were carved out and combined with Outotec Group. Metso's valves business forms the continuing operations and on July 1, 2020, Metso Group was renamed the Neles Group. Metso's shareholders continue as shareholders of Neles Corporation. Additionally, shareholders received 4.3 new Outotec shares for one old Metso share as consideration for the distributed net assets of the Minerals business. In IFRS reporting, a gain of EUR 2,022 million has been recorded on the distribution of the Minerals net assets at fair value and is included in *Profit for the period, discontinued operations*.

President and CEO Olli Isotalo:

During the first half of the year, the market activity was varied. We were successful in winning many important Pulp and Paper projects as well as Oil and Gas projects as evidenced in our increased order backlog. Our Services and MRO-driven business was negatively impacted by postponements in customers' planned maintenance shut-downs, mobility restrictions and lockdowns.

In the second quarter, our profitability was negatively affected by a low sales volume, but we swiftly took actions to reduce our fixed costs and thus were able to deliver a solid adjusted EBITA margin. We paid increased attention to managing our net working capital, but due to low delivery volumes our inventories stayed high; however, we achieved solid cash flow for the second quarter. As part of the adjustment actions we looked at our cost base. Our actions included temporary lay-offs, salary reductions and permanent personnel reductions in e.g. the USA and Finland as well as measures to limit our external spending globally. We also optimized our cost base for our new independent status, for instance, by reallocating resources.

We completed the demerger activities and the launch of Neles during the second quarter. In addition to carve-out activities, we launched Neles' new brand and values. Our customer promise, Reinventing reliability, emphasizes Neles' values and our continuous commitment in supporting our customers as they improve the reliability of their operations and achieve better profitability and improved sustainability. This customer promise is underpinned by our deep knowledge of valve and valve control applications in customer processes, our services capabilities and our commitment to maintaining the market-leading quality and technologies in our products.

We defined Neles' growth strategy and mid-term financial targets, and they were approved by our Board on July 1st. Our target is to be among the leaders in the valve and valve automation industry by surpassing EUR 1 billion in orders received around 2025. This goal is supported by our plans and target to reach over 5 percent annual organic growth in the mid-term as well as targeted acquisitions to expand our product offering and market reach. We emphasize profitable growth by targeting an EBITA margin above 15 percent of sales. In addition, we are aiming to distribute 40 percent of our underlying net earnings as dividends, while investing in growth.

Market outlook

We expect the market activity in Pulp and Paper projects to continue on a good level.

Market activity in Oil and Gas projects is expected to decline from the good level in the first half of the year, due to overall economic concerns.

Market activity for Services and customer Maintenance, Repair and Operations-driven (MRO) business is expected to gradually improve from the suppressed levels in the first half of the year, as the mobility restrictions are expected to ease and customers' operations to normalize.

The ongoing Covid-19 pandemic continues to create uncertainties and risks of abrupt changes in all markets.

Covid-19 pandemic update

The Covid-19 pandemic poses significant short-term risks and uncertainties to the markets. The spread and severity of the pandemic continue to be difficult to predict. Abrupt measures taken by various national and local governments to restrict the spread of the virus increase the unpredictability of the demand for Neles' products and services. The pandemic-related mobility restrictions have impacted Neles' operations by restricting Neles' ability to provide services at customer sites as well as the running of manufacturing sites when lockdowns are imposed. These uncertainties are expected to continue in the second half of 2020 although, for the time being, mobility restrictions are being eased on many markets.

The situation has caused some slow-down in customer acceptances and deliveries of goods, hence keeping inventories high. So far, Neles has not experienced any material credit losses or cancellations of orders in the order backlog. During the first half of year, management took proactive measures to ensure safety of the employees and to control costs and preserve cash flow to protect Neles' financial position. The measures included variety of enforced safety procedures in manufacturing sites, remote working and strict traveling restrictions, cuts on spending across the organization as well as cost saving and optimization activities. Increased attention was paid also to managing net working capital.

There is an increased risk that the pandemic will significantly deteriorate global economic growth, which together with uncertain political and trade-related developments, could affect Neles' customer industries, reduce the investment appetite and customer spending, and thus weaken the demand for Neles' products and services as well as affect the company's business operations and profitability. There are also other market- and customer-related risks that could cause planned and ongoing projects to be postponed, delayed or discontinued.

Neles' Half-year Review 2020

Orders, Sales and Operating environment, Neles continuing operations

Market activity was varied during the reporting period. On one hand, investment projects in the Oil and Gas and the Pulp and Paper industries remained active throughout the reporting period. On the other hand, towards the end of the first quarter and during the second quarter, mobility restrictions lead to cancellations and postponements of customers' planned site work and maintenance shutdowns. This decreased order intake and sales for the Services and MRO-driven business.

The North American Market Area was particularly impacted in the second quarter both by Covid-19 pandemic-related issues as well as fluctuations in oil price and overall market sentiment. EMEIA (Europe, Middle East, India and Africa) and APAC were also affected by Covid-19 pandemic-related slow-downs in the Services and MRO-driven business. South America had a very strong first half of 2020, mainly due to success in the Pulp and Paper project business.

Orders received in H1/2020 decreased by 10% to EUR 322 million (EUR 356 million) and orders received in Q2 decreased by 21% to EUR 131 million (EUR 165 million). Currency exchange rate changes had a negative impact of 2% in H1/2020 and a negative impact of 4% in Q2/2020 on orders received.

The order backlog at June 30, 2020, was EUR 305 million (June 30, 2019: EUR 298 million).

Sales in H1/2020 decreased by 14% to EUR 277 million (EUR 323 million) and sales in Q2 decreased by 16% to EUR 141 million (EUR 168 million). The decline in sales was mainly attributable to slow-downs in the Services and MRO-driven business. Currency exchange rate changes had a negative impact of 1% in H1/2020 and a negative impact of 2% in Q2/2020. The currency exchange rate impact relates mainly to the Brazilian real.

Orders by market area

| | Q2/20 | Q2/19 | H1/20 | H1/19 | 2019 |
|--------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| EMEIA | 53 | 70 | 117 | 150 | 284 |
| North America | 35 | 54 | 93 | 113 | 214 |
| South America | 21 | 13 | 39 | 23 | 47 |
| Asia Pacific | 22 | 29 | 73 | 69 | 136 |
| Neles total | 131 | 165 | 322 | 356 | 681 |

Sales by market area

| | Q2/20 | Q2/19 | H1/20 | H1/19 | 2019 |
|--------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| EMEIA | 52 | 59 | 104 | 115 | 251 |
| North America | 39 | 63 | 92 | 123 | 235 |
| South America | 16 | 10 | 23 | 19 | 37 |
| Asia Pacific | 34 | 36 | 58 | 65 | 137 |
| Neles total | 141 | 168 | 277 | 323 | 660 |

FX impact on orders received and sales

| | Orders received | | Sales | |
|--|-----------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Q2/2020 | H1/2020 | Q2/2020 | H1/2020 |
| 2019, EUR million | 165 | 356 | 168 | 323 |
| Organic growth in constant currencies, % | -16 | -7 | -14 | -13 |
| Impact of changes in exchange rates, % | -4 | -2 | -2 | -1 |
| Structural changes, % | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total change, % | -21 | -10 | -16 | -14 |
| 2020, EUR million | 131 | 322 | 141 | 277 |

Financial performance

Neles, continuing operations

In the second quarter, April 1 – June 30, 2020, Neles adjusted EBITA totaled EUR 23 million, or 16.3% of sales (EUR 27 million, or 16.2%). Profitability was negatively affected by a lower sales volume than the previous year, particularly in the Services and MRO-driven business due to the Covid-19 pandemic-related mobility restrictions and lockdowns and postponements of customers' maintenance shut-downs. In order to offset the negative volume impact on profitability, actions to manage fixed costs were taken. In the second quarter of 2020, Group head office and other costs had a EUR 1 million positive impact (EUR 1 million negative impact) due to final adjustments at the partial demerger date.

Operating profit totaled EUR 18 million, or 12.6% of sales (EUR 26 million, or 15.7%). Adjustment items of EUR 4 million had a negative impact on operating profit in the second quarter (EUR 0 million).

The adjustments were attributable to costs related to the creation and rebranding of Neles, as well as IT and other costs related to setting up a new operating structure.

In the reporting period January 1 – June 30, 2020, Neles adjusted EBITA totaled EUR 40 million, or 14.3% of sales (EUR 50 million, or 15.4%). Adjustment items of EUR 5.6 million had a negative impact on operating profit in the reporting period (EUR 0 million). The adjustments were attributable to costs related to the creation and rebranding of Neles, as well as IT and other costs related to setting up a new operating structure. Operating profit totaled EUR 32 million, or 11.7% of sales (EUR 48 million, or 14.8%). Head quarter and support functions' costs in the reporting period amounted to EUR 1 million (EUR 2 million).

Financial net expenses in the reporting period amounted to EUR 3 million (EUR 1 million). The increase was caused by loan facilities allocated to Neles and other finance expenses related to funding arrangements at the partial demerger.

Earnings per share for continuing Neles operations amounted to EUR 0.08 for the second quarter and EUR 0.14 for the reporting period.

Discontinued operations

Profit for discontinued operations amounted to EUR 2,150 million for the period January 1 – June 30, 2020. The reported amount includes net profit of EUR 127 million for the Minerals operations, without depreciations and amortizations, and a EUR 2,022 million gain recorded on the distribution of Minerals net assets at fair value. Accordingly, earnings per share for discontinued operations were EUR 14.32. See more in Note 10.

Cash flow

Free cash flow, including both the continuing and discontinued operations, was EUR 288 million in the reporting period. A new EUR 100 million term loan for the Minerals business was raised in May 2020 and dividends, net of withholding taxes, of EUR 195 million were paid on June 25, 2020. At the end of June, liquid funds amounted to EUR 427 million, of which EUR 312 million were transferred to the Metso Minerals business at the partial demerger.

During the reporting period, free cash flow for the continuing Neles operations amounted to EUR 15 million (EUR 36 million).

In the continuing operations, investments amounted to EUR 5 million in Q2/2020 and EUR 8 million in H1/2020. After the demerger, liquid funds for Neles amounted to EUR 114 million.

Financial position as at June 30, 2020

At the partial demerger of the Metso Minerals business on June 30, 2020, assets of EUR 3,229 million and liabilities of EUR 2,079 million were transferred to Metso Outotec Oyj. After the partial demerger, the Neles balance sheet as at June 30, 2020, amounted to EUR 632 million, equity EUR 253 million, borrowings EUR 173 million and liquid funds EUR 114 million.

A EUR 150 million loan facility was allocated to the continuing Neles Group, while all the other loan facilities, including the senior unsecured notes, were transferred to Metso Outotec Oyj. Neles lease liabilities amounted to EUR 41 million. At June 30, 2020, gearing was 39.1% and the equity-to-asset ratio 41.4%. On July 13, 2020 Neles paid EUR 26 million in withholding taxes on the dividend distribution paid to shareholders on June 25, 2020.

Neles' available funding consists of an undrawn, committed syndicated revolving credit facility of EUR 200 million and EUR 200 million Finnish commercial paper program. Neles Group does not have a public rating in any ratings agency.

Creation of Neles on June 30, 2020

Metso's Extraordinary General Meeting on October 29, 2019, approved the partial demerger of the company. The registration of the completion of the partial demerger was executed on June 30, 2020. According to the demerger plan, the Metso Minerals businesses were carved out and combined with Outotec Group. From July 1, 2020, Metso's valves business forms the continuing operations and Metso Group was renamed the Neles Group. Metso's shareholders continue as shareholders of Neles Corporation. Additionally, shareholders received 4.3 new Outotec shares for one old Metso share as consideration for the distributed net assets of the Minerals business. In IFRS reporting, a gain of EUR 2,022 million has been recorded on the distribution of the Minerals net assets at fair value and is included in *Profit for the period, discontinued operations*.

Capital expenditure and investments

In the reporting period, gross capital expenditure for continuing Neles operations, excluding business acquisitions, was 8 million (EUR 6 million). EUR 3 million (EUR 2 million in H1/2019) of the investments are related to the new manufacturing site in Jiaxing, China.

Research and development

Neles' research and development activities focus on renewal and expansion of certain product platforms to ensure the future competitiveness of its offering.

R&D and IP related expenditure

| EUR million | H1/20 | H1/19 | 12/19 |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| R&D expenditure | 10 | 10 | 18 |
| of sales, % | 3.6 | 3.1 | 2.7 |
| Of which expensed | 8 | 9 | 17 |
| of sales, % | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.6 |

Personnel

At the end of June 2020, Neles had 2,950 employees. As a result of the partial demerger of Metso, 112 persons migrated to Neles and 12,479 persons were transferred to Metso Outotec as part of the Minerals business. Personnel in the Group Head Office and support functions totaled 237 at the end of June 2020.

Neles employee negotiations in Finland were finalized on June 23, 2020; as a result, 32 permanent positions, out of the maximum of 45 initially estimated, will be terminated by the end of 2020. In the US, 49 permanent positions were terminated in the second quarter. Temporary layoffs, as announced on March 25, 2020, included most of the personnel in Finland, excluding some employees in manufacturing at the Vantaa factory and in IT. Similar arrangements were implemented globally. Cost saving actions were related to structural changes and Covid-19 pandemic.

Personnel, end of reporting period

| | 6/2020 | 6/2019 | 12/2019 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|---------|
| Neles total | 2,950 | 2,903 | 2,868 |
| June 30, 2020 discontinued operations | - | 11,773 | 12,955 |
| Metso total | - | 14,676 | 15,821 |

Shares and share trading

Neles' share capital was reduced by EUR 90,000,000.00 in accordance with the partial demerger plan. After the transaction, Neles' share capital was EUR 50,982,843.80 and the number of shares 150,348,256. This included 150,361 treasury shares held by the Parent Company, which represented 0.1% of all Neles shares and votes. The Neles share's closing price was EUR 8.91 on the first day of trading on July 1, 2020.

In preparation of the demerger, Metso decided to terminate its American Depositary Receipts (ADR) facility that was traded on the International OTCQX market in the United States under the ticker symbol 'MXCY', with four ADRs representing one Metso share. The closing price of the Metso ADR was USD 7.78 when termination became effective on May 21, 2020.

A total of 92,128,115 Metso shares were traded on Nasdaq Helsinki in January – June 2020, and the value of shares traded was EUR 2,523 million. Metso's market capitalization at the end of June 2020, before the demerger and excluding shares held by the Parent Company, was EUR 4,381 million (EUR 5,280 million at the end of 2019).

Valmet Corporation announced on June 17, 2020, that it had signed a share purchase agreement, effective July 1, 2020, after the registration of Metso's partial demerger. After the purchase was realized, Valmet's ownership in Neles totaled 22,374,869 shares, which represents 14.88% of Neles' total shares.

Metso share performance on Nasdaq Helsinki January 1 – June 30, 2020

| EUR | H1/2020 | July 1, 2020 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|--------------|
| Closing price | 29.17 | 8.91 |
| Highest share price | 36.95 | - |
| Lowest share price | 17.92 | - |
| Volume-weighted average trading price | 27.38 | - |

Flagging notifications in the reporting period

In the reporting period, Metso received the following shareholders' flagging notifications.

| Date | Shareholder | Threshold | Direct, % | Indirect, % | Financial instruments | Total, % | Total shares |
|----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------------------|----------|--------------|
| June 30 | BlackRock Inc. | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% |
| June 22 | BlackRock Inc. | above 5% | below 5% | 5.14% | 0.09% | 5.23% | 7,874,142 |
| June 19 | BlackRock Inc. | below 5% | below 5% | 4.96% | 0.11% | 5.07% | 7,631,495 |
| June 17 | Valmet Oyj | - | - | - | 14.88% | 14.88% | 22,374,869 |
| June 11 | BlackRock Inc. | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% |
| June 9 | BlackRock Inc. | above 5% | below 5% | 4.80% | 0.41% | 5.21% | 7,846,244 |
| June 5 | BlackRock Inc. | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% |
| June 4 | BlackRock Inc. | above 5% | below 5% | 4.62% | 0.45% | 5.07% | 7,634,987 |
| May 28 | BlackRock Inc. | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% |
| May 25 | BlackRock Inc. | above 5% | below 5% | 4.97% | 0.11% | 5.09% | 7,654,876 |
| May 22 | BlackRock Inc. | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% |
| May 13 | BlackRock Inc. | above 5% | below 5% | 5.03% | 0.11% | 5.15% | 7,748,004 |
| May 12 | BlackRock Inc. | below 5% | below 5% | 4.91% | 0.12% | 5.03% | 7,571,465 |
| May 11 | BlackRock Inc. | above 5% | below 5% | 5.22% | 0.15% | 5.37% | 8,079,571 |
| May 6 | BlackRock Inc. | above 5% | below 5% | 4.66% | 0.40% | 5.06% | 7,621,397 |
| May 4 | BlackRock Inc. | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% |
| April 29 | BlackRock Inc. | above 5% | below 5% | 4.84% | 0.23% | 5.08% | 7,643,511 |
| April 21 | BlackRock Inc. | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% |
| April 20 | BlackRock Inc. | above 5% | below 5% | 4.69% | 0.31% | 5.01% | 7,541,725 |
| April 17 | BlackRock Inc. | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% |
| April 6 | BlackRock Inc. | above 5% | below 5% | 4.48% | 0.52% | 5.01% | 7,535,311 |
| April 3 | BlackRock Inc. | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% |
| March 26 | BlackRock Inc. | above 5% | below 5% | 4.51% | 0.48% | 5.00% | 7,522,000 |
| March 18 | BlackRock Inc. | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% |
| March 17 | BlackRock Inc. | above 5% | below 5% | 4.93% | 0.10% | 5.04% | 7,582,849 |
| March 16 | BlackRock Inc. | above 5% | below 5% | 5.00% | 0.06% | 5.07% | 7,630,846 |
| March 13 | BlackRock Inc. | above 5% | below 5% | 4.94% | 0.10% | 5.04% | 7,591,558 |
| March 12 | BlackRock Inc. | above 5% | below 5% | 5.09% | 0.10% | 5.20% | 7,818,872 |
| March 11 | BlackRock Inc. | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% |
| March 10 | BlackRock Inc. | above 5% | below 5% | 5.02% | 0.03% | 5.06% | 7,615,237 |
| Feb 26 | BlackRock Inc. | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% |
| Feb 25 | BlackRock Inc. | above 5% | below 5% | 4.86 % | 0.15% | 5.01% | 7,541,236 |
| Feb 20 | BlackRock Inc. | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% |
| Feb 18 | BlackRock Inc. | above 5% | below 5% | 4.70% | 0.34% | 5.04% | 7,582,200 |
| Feb 17 | BlackRock Inc. | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% |
| Feb 12 | BlackRock Inc. | above 5% | below 5% | 4.78% | 0.33% | 5.11% | 7,689,364 |
| Feb 10 | BlackRock Inc. | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% | below 5% |
| Feb 6 | BlackRock Inc. | above 5% | below 5% | 4.71% | 0.31% | 5.03% | 7,562,914 |

Annual General Meeting

Metso Corporation's Annual General Meeting (AGM) was held on June 16, 2020, in Helsinki. The meeting approved the financial statements and discharged the members of the Board of Directors and the President & CEO from liability for the financial year 2019.

Dividend for 2019

The meeting approved the Board of Directors' proposal to pay a dividend of EUR 1.47 per share for the financial year 2019. The dividend was paid to the shareholders who were registered in the company's shareholders' register, held by Euroclear Finland Oy, on the dividend record date June 18, 2020. The dividend was paid on June 25, 2020. All the shares in the company were entitled to a dividend except for own shares held by the company on the dividend record date.

Composition of the Boards of Directors

Metso Corporation (effective June 16-30, 2020)

The AGM confirmed that the Board of Directors of Metso has seven members and re-elected Mikael Lilius as Chair, Christer Gardell as Vice Chair, and Lars Josefsson, Antti Mäkinen, Kari Stadigh and Arja Talma as members of the Board. Emanuela Speranza was elected as a new member.

The Board's term of office commenced at the end of the Annual General Meeting and will expire at the registration of the completion of the partial demerger of Metso Corporation.

Future Neles Corporation (effective July 1, 2020)

The AGM confirmed that the Board of Directors of the future Neles has seven members. Jukka Moisio was elected as Chair, Mark Vernon as Vice Chair, and Britta Giesen, Anu Hämäläinen, Niko Pakalén, Teija Sarajärvi and Petter Söderström as members of the Board.

The term of office of the Board of the future Neles Corporation commences at the registration of the completion of the partial demerger of Metso Corporation and expires at the end of the next Annual General Meeting of the future Neles Corporation.

Remuneration of the Boards of Directors

Metso Corporation (effective June 16-30, 2020)

The AGM decided that the Metso Board members shall be paid the same fixed annual remuneration as in the previous term. The remuneration to be paid will be calculated pro rata to the length of the term of office based on the following annual remuneration:

Chair: EUR 120,000

Vice Chair: EUR 66,000

Other members: EUR 53,000 each

It was further decided that the same additional remuneration as in the previous term shall be paid for the members of the Board of Directors that are elected as members of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration and HR Committee. The additional remuneration to be paid will be calculated pro rata to the length of the term of office based on the following annual remuneration:

Chair of the Audit Committee: EUR 20,000

Members of the Audit Committee: EUR 10,000 each

Chair of the Remuneration and HR Committee: EUR 10,000

Members of the Remuneration and HR committee: EUR 5,000 each

The AGM also approved that the fixed annual remuneration be paid to the members of the Board of Directors in cash within two weeks after the expiry of their term of office.

Future Neles Corporation (effective July 1, 2020)

The AGM decided that the following fixed annual remuneration be paid to the members of the Board of Directors of the future Neles Corporation. The remuneration to be paid will be calculated pro rata to the length of the term of office based on the following annual remuneration:

Chair: EUR 115,000

Vice Chair: EUR 65,000

Other members: EUR 50,000 each

It was further decided that an additional remuneration shall be paid for the members of the Board of Directors that are elected as members of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration and HR Committee. The remuneration to be paid will be calculated pro rata to the length of the term of office based on the following annual remuneration:

Chair of the Audit Committee: EUR 15,000

Members of the Audit Committee: EUR 7,500 each

Chair of the Remuneration and HR Committee: EUR 7,500

Members of the Remuneration and HR Committee: EUR 3,750 each

As a condition for the annual remuneration, the members of the Board of Directors of the future Neles Corporation are obliged to use 40 percent of the fixed total annual remuneration to purchase Neles Corporation's shares from the market at a price formed in public trading. The purchase will be carried out within two weeks from the publication of the interim review for the period following the registration of the completion of the partial demerger of Metso Corporation.

Meeting fees

The AGM also approved the following meeting fees: for each meeting of the Board of Directors of Metso Corporation and the future Neles Corporation and their respective Committees, a fee of EUR 800 be paid to the members of the Board that reside in the Nordic countries, a fee of EUR 1,600 be paid to the members of the Board that reside in other European countries and a fee of EUR 3,200 be paid to the members of the Board that reside outside Europe.

Auditor

Authorized Public Accountant Ernst & Young Oy was elected as the company's Auditor until the end of the next AGM. Ernst & Young Oy has designated Mikko Järventausta, APA, as the responsible auditor. In addition, Mr. Toni Halonen, APA, will act as responsible auditor of the future Neles Corporation thereafter. The remuneration to the Auditor was decided to be paid against the invoice approved by the Audit Committee.

Authorization to repurchase the company's own shares

The AGM approved the proposal of the Board of Directors to authorize the Board to decide on the repurchase of Metso's own shares. The number of own shares to be repurchased may not exceed 5,000,000 shares, which corresponds to approximately 3.3 percent of all Metso's shares. The authorization is effective until June 30, 2021, and it cancels the previous authorization. This authorization has not been exercised as of August 5, 2020.

Authorization to issue shares and special rights entitling to shares

The AGM approved the proposal of the Board of Directors to decide on the issuance of shares and the issuance of special rights entitling to shares. The number of new shares that may be issued based on decision(s) of the Board of Directors pursuant to the authorization may not exceed 10,000,000 shares, which corresponds to approximately 6.7 percent of all Metso's shares. The number of Metso's own shares that may be transferred pursuant to the authorization may not exceed 5,000,000 shares, which corresponds to approximately 3.3 percent of all Metso's shares. The authorization is effective until June 30, 2021, and it cancels the previous authorization. This authorization has not been exercised as of August 5, 2020.

Operating model and management appointments

Neles' operating model consists of three business lines, four market areas, operations and corporate functions. The business lines are Equipment, Services, and Valve Controls & Actuators. The market areas are North America, South America, EMEIA and Asia-Pacific. The main corporate functions are Finance, Human Resources, and Communications and Marketing.

Neles Corporation's Executive Management Team consists of President and CEO Olli Isotalo and the heads of business lines, market areas, operations and corporate functions. The members of the Executive Management Team are:

- Olli Isotalo, President and CEO

Heads of business lines:

- Timo Hänninen, Equipment
- Sami Nousiainen, Services
- Kalle Suurpää, Valve Controls & Actuators

Heads of market areas:

- Patrick Dunn, North America
- Fabio Maia, South America
- Jon Jested-Rask, EMEIA
- Tan HangPheng, Asia-Pacific

Head of operations:

- Kevin Tinsley

Heads of corporate functions:

- Simo Sääskilahti, Finance (CFO), deputy CEO as of July 1
- Hanne Peltola, Human Resources
- Kaisa Voutilainen, Communications and Marketing

Other main events during the reporting period

May 27: Neles held its first capital markets day on May 27. The event covered themes such as Neles' end markets, business prospects, cornerstones of the strategy as well as mid-term financial targets as published on May 25. A full archive of the materials is available at <https://www.neles.com/investors/cmd/>.

Events after the reporting period

July 30: BlackRock, Inc. notified that on July 28, 2020, its total holding in Neles shares and in financial instruments entitling to shares fell below 5 percent.

July 29: At the request of Valmet Corporation, the shareholders of Neles were notified of the Extraordinary General Meeting to be held on Thursday, October 29, 2020, at 2:00 p.m. local time at the Hilton Helsinki Airport hotel, at the address of Lentäjänkuja 1, 01530 Vantaa, Finland. The reception of persons who have registered for the meeting and the distribution of voting tickets will commence at 1:00 p.m.

July 28: Neles Corporation received notification, pursuant to Chapter 9, Section 5 and 6 of the Finnish Securities Markets Act, about a change in the holding of mutual funds managed by BlackRock, Inc. of the total amount of shares and financial instruments entitling to shares of Neles Corporation fell below 5%, on July 27, 2020.

July 28: Neles Corporation received notification, pursuant to Chapter 9, Section 5 and 6 of the Finnish Securities Markets Act, about a change in the holding of mutual funds managed by BlackRock, Inc. of the total amount of shares and financial instruments entitling to shares of Neles Corporation exceeded 5%, on July 24, 2020.

July 28: Neles Corporation received notification, pursuant to Chapter 9, Section 5 and 6 of the Finnish Securities Markets Act, from Société Générale SA (SG SA) that on July 23, 2020, their total holding in Neles shares and financial instruments fell below 5 percent.

July 24: Neles Corporation received notification, pursuant to Chapter 9, Section 5 and 6 of the Finnish Securities Markets Act, about a change in the holding of mutual funds managed by BlackRock, Inc. of the total amount of shares and financial instruments entitling to shares of Neles Corporation fell below 5%, on July 23, 2020..

July 24: Neles Corporation has received a notification, pursuant to Chapter 9, Section 5 and 6 of the Finnish Securities Markets Act, about a change in the holding of mutual funds managed by BlackRock, Inc. of the total amount of shares and financial instruments entitling to shares of Neles Corporation exceeded 5%, on July 22, 2020.

July 24: Neles Corporation received notification, pursuant to Chapter 9, Section 5 and 6 of the Finnish Securities Markets Act, from Société Générale SA (SG SA) that on July 21, 2020, their total holding in Neles shares and financial instruments exceeded 5 percent.

July 17: Moody's Investors Service (Moody's) withdrew the Baa2 long-term Issuer rating and (P)Baa2 senior unsecured MTN rating of Metso Corporation that was renamed to Neles. Moody's states that it has decided to withdraw the unsolicited rating for its own business reasons. The full notification is available at Moody's website. Neles does not require the credit rating since the senior unsecured notes that the rating was related to were transferred to Metso Outotec at the closing of the partial demerger of Metso on June 30, 2020.

July 15: Valmet Corporation announced on July 14, 2020, its direct shareholding in Neles exceeded the 15 percent threshold and amounted to 23 304 869 shares, or 15.50 percent of Neles' shares and votes.

July 13: Alfa Laval AB (publ) ("Alfa Laval" or the "Offeror"), a Swedish public limited liability company, and Neles Corporation ("Neles" or the "Company") have, on July 13, 2020, entered into a combination agreement (the "Combination Agreement") pursuant to which Alfa Laval will make a voluntary recommended public cash tender offer for all issued and outstanding shares in Neles that are not held by Neles or any of its subsidiaries (the "Tender Offer"). In the Tender Offer, Neles' shareholders will be offered a cash consideration of EUR 11.50 for each issued and outstanding share in Neles (the "Offer Price"), valuing Neles' total equity at approximately EUR 1,727 million. The members of the Board of Directors of Neles who participated in the decision-making have unanimously decided to recommend that the shareholders of Neles accept the Tender Offer.

July 7: Neles' new valve technology center in Jiaxing, China, started its operations. The new plant strengthens Neles' valve and related products production capabilities and increases availability for customers across various process industries, in China and globally.

July 2: The Board of Directors of Neles received a request from Valmet in accordance with Chapter 5 Section 4 of the Finnish Companies Act to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting. In connection with its request, Valmet has proposed that the Extraordinary General Meeting resolve that the Board of Directors of Neles shall have eight (8) members. Further, Valmet has proposed that, for a term of office expiring at the end of the next Annual General Meeting of the company, in addition to incumbent members of the Board of Directors, Jukka Tiitinen, currently Valmet's Area President, Asia Pacific, be elected as a member of the Board of Directors of Neles.

July 2: Solidium representative Petter Söderström notified Neles that he has resigned from Neles' Shareholders' Nomination Board, as Solidium is no longer among the four largest shareholders of Neles.

July 2: The holding of mutual funds managed by BlackRock, Inc. of the total amount of shares and financial instruments entitling to shares of Neles Corporation fell below 5%, on June 30, 2020.

July 1: The Board of Directors of Neles Corporation decided on the establishment of a new share-based long-term incentive scheme for company management and selected key employees. The decision includes a Performance Share Plan (also "PSP") for top management, a deferred share unit plan (also "DSUP") for other management and selected key employees, and a Restricted Share Plan (also "RSP") as a complementary structure for specific situations. The objectives of the share-based long-term incentive scheme are to align the interests of Neles' management and key employees with those of the company's shareholders and, thus, to promote shareholder value creation in the long term, to commit management and key employees to achieving Neles' strategic targets and to promote the retention of Neles' key resources.

July 1: Neles Corporation's Board of Directors made the following decisions in its organization meeting:

- Appointments of the Board's committees and deputy CEO
 - Audit Committee: Anu Hämäläinen (Chair), Britta Giesen, Niko Pakalén, and Petter Söderström
 - Remuneration Committee: Jukka Moisio (Chair), Mark Vernon, and Teija Sarajärvi
 - Chief Financial Officer Simo Sääskilahti appointed as Deputy CEO
- Confirmation and approval of the company's profitable growth strategy
- Confirmation and approval of the company's mid-term financial targets
- Update to the company's Disclosure Policy

Strategy for profitable growth and mid-term financial targets

The Board confirmed and approved Neles' profitable growth strategy and mid-term financial targets, as announced on May 25, 2020.

Neles' vision is to become a leading diversified valve and valve automation company, reinventing reliability in flow control. Neles aims to achieve profitable, faster than market growth and will continue to develop its organization and operations to ensure successful execution of its strategy.

The confirmed mid-term financial targets derived from the strategy are:

- Orders received of more than EUR 1 billion around 2025
- Annual organic growth ambition of at least 5%
- EBITA margin of at least 15%, while investing in growth
- Maintaining a strong balance sheet (net debt/EBITDA less than 2.5), while investing in growth
- Dividend payout of approx. 40% of net earnings (excluding PPA amortization related to acquisitions)

Neles' strategic targets are mid-term ambitions and should not be viewed as guidance for the near-term performance of Neles, as the current Covid-19 pandemic will adversely impact the Neles' business in the short term.

Update to the Disclosure Policy

The Board confirmed that Neles will observe a 30-day silent period prior to the publication of its financial results. During this time, Neles is not in contact with capital market representatives nor does it comment on the company's financial performance, markets or its future outlook. The full Disclosure Policy is available on Neles' website.

July 1: According to Solidium Oy's notification, on July 1, 2020, they completed the sale of their entire 14.88% stake (in total 22,374,869 shares and votes) in Neles Oyj. As a consequence of the sale, Solidium Oy's ownership of shares and votes in Neles Oyj fell below the 5% flagging threshold. The sale constitutes a consummation of the binding, unconditional sale and purchase agreement entered into on June 17, 2020.

July 1: Neles Corporation received notification, pursuant to Chapter 9, Section 5 and 6 of the Finnish Securities Markets Act, about ownership in Neles Corporation. The share purchase was executed based on Valmet Corporation's share purchase agreement announcement published on June 17, 2020. After the share purchase, Valmet's ownership in Neles is 22,374,869 shares, which represents 14.88% of Neles' total shares.

Short-term business risks and market uncertainties

The Covid-19 pandemic poses significant short-term risks and uncertainties to the markets. The spread and severity of the pandemic are difficult to predict. Abrupt measures taken by various national and local governments to restrict the spread have further increased the unpredictability of the pandemic on the demand for Neles' products and services as well as on Neles' operations by restricting the company's ability to provide services at customer sites, due to the restrictions on the mobility of people, and to run our manufacturing sites when lockdowns are imposed.

There is an increased risk that the pandemic will significantly deteriorate global economic growth, which, together with uncertain political and trade-related developments, could affect Neles' customer industries, reduce the investment appetite and customer spending, and thus weaken the demand for Neles' products and services as well as affect the company's business operations and profitability. There are also other market- and customer-related risks that could cause planned and on-going projects to be postponed, delayed or discontinued.

Tightening trade relations, continued market growth and inflation, as well as the impact of tariffs or other trade barriers could pose challenges to Neles' supply chain and price management, impacting the company's growth capability and margins.

Exchange rate fluctuations and changes in commodity prices could affect our orders received, sales and financial position. Neles hedges currency exposure linked to firm delivery and purchase agreements. Uncertain market conditions could adversely affect our customers' payment behavior and increase the risk of lawsuits, claims and disputes taken against Neles in various countries related to, among other things, Neles' products, projects and other operations.

Market outlook

We expect the market activity in Pulp and Paper projects to continue on a good level.

Market activity in Oil and Gas projects is expected to decline from the good level in the first half of the year, due to overall economic concerns.

Market activity for Services and customer Maintenance, Repair and Operations-driven (MRO) business is expected to gradually improve from the suppressed levels in the first half of the year, as the mobility restrictions are expected to ease and customers' operations to normalize.

The ongoing Covid-19 pandemic continues to create uncertainties and risks of abrupt changes in all markets.

Vantaa, August 5, 2020
Neles Corporation's Board of Directors

Neles' Half-year Review: tables

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Consolidated statement of income, IFRS

| EUR million | 4-6/20 | 4-6/19 | 1-6/20 | 1-6/19 | 1-12/19 |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| Continuing operations | | | | | |
| Sales | 141 | 168 | 277 | 323 | 660 |
| Cost of goods sold | -94 | -109 | -183 | -212 | -435 |
| Gross profit | 46 | 59 | 94 | 111 | 225 |
| Selling and marketing expenses | -18 | -20 | -36 | -38 | -78 |
| Research and development expenses | -4 | -4 | -8 | -9 | -17 |
| Administrative expenses | -9 | -8 | -16 | -15 | -34 |
| Other operating income and expenses, net | 1 | -1 | -1 | -1 | -4 |
| Share in profits of associated companies | - | - | - | - | - |
| Operating profit | 18 | 26 | 32 | 48 | 93 |
| Financial income and expenses, net | -2 | 0 | -3 | -1 | -2 |
| Profit before taxes | 15 | 26 | 28 | 47 | 91 |
| Income taxes | -4 | -8 | -7 | -13 | -22 |
| Profit for the period, continuing operations | 11 | 18 | 22 | 34 | 69 |
| Profit for the period, discontinued operations | 2,091 | 71 | 2,150 | 119 | 230 |
| Profit for the period | 2,103 | 89 | 2,171 | 154 | 299 |
| Profit attributable to, continuing operations | | | | | |
| Shareholders of the parent company | 11 | 18 | 22 | 34 | 69 |
| Non-controlling interests | - | - | - | - | - |
| Profit attributable to, discontinued operations | | | | | |
| Shareholders of the parent company | 2,091 | 71 | 2,150 | 119 | 232 |
| Non-controlling interests | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -1 |
| Profit attributable to | | | | | |
| Shareholders of the parent company | 2,103 | 89 | 2,171 | 153 | 301 |
| Non-controlling interests | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -1 |
| Earnings per share, EUR | | | | | |
| Basic and diluted, continuing operations | 0.08 | 0.12 | 0.14 | 0.23 | 0.46 |
| Basic and diluted, discontinued operations | 13.93 | 0.47 | 14.32 | 0.79 | 1.54 |
| Basic and diluted | 14.00 | 0.59 | 14.46 | 1.02 | 2.00 |

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income, IFRS

| EUR million | 4-6/20 | 4-6/19 | 1-6/20 | 1-6/19 | 1-12/19 |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| Continuing operations | | | | | |
| Profit for the period | 11 | 18 | 22 | 34 | 69 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | | |
| Measurement at fair value, net of tax | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Currency translation on subsidiary net investments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Defined benefit plan actuarial gains and losses, net of tax | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Total comprehensive income, continuing operations | 11 | 18 | 22 | 34 | 70 |
| Profit attributable to, continued operations | | | | | |
| Shareholders of the parent company | 11 | 18 | 22 | 34 | 70 |
| Non-controlling interests | - | - | - | - | - |
| Discontinued operations | | | | | |
| Profit for the period | 2,091 | - | 2,150 | - | 230 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | | |
| Cash flow hedges, net of tax | 0 | - | 1 | - | 3 |
| Measurement at fair value, net of tax | 0 | - | 0 | - | 0 |
| Currency translation on subsidiary net investments | 0 | - | -53 | - | 2 |
| Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods | 2,091 | - | -52 | - | 4 |
| Other items | 0 | - | -1 | - | -3 |
| Total comprehensive income, discontinued operations | 2,091 | - | 2,097 | - | 231 |
| Profit attributable to, discontinued operations | | | | | |
| Shareholders of the parent company | 2,091 | - | 2,097 | - | 232 |
| Non-controlling interests | 0 | - | 0 | - | -1 |
| Total comprehensive income | 2,102 | - | 2,119 | - | 301 |
| Profit attributable to | | | | | |
| Shareholders of the parent company | 2,103 | - | 2,121 | - | 303 |
| Non-controlling interests | -1 | - | -2 | - | -1 |

Consolidated Balance Sheet – Assets, IFRS

| EUR million | Neles 6/20 | Continuing and discontinued operations 6/19 | Continuing operations 12/19 |
|---|---------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Intangible assets | | | |
| Goodwill | 60 | 545 | 62 |
| Other intangible assets | 17 | 84 | 18 |
| Total intangible assets | 78 | 629 | 81 |
| Tangible assets | | | |
| Land and water areas | 6 | 40 | 6 |
| Buildings and structures | 19 | 96 | 21 |
| Machinery and equipment | 26 | 140 | 28 |
| Assets under construction | 13 | 46 | 11 |
| Total tangible assets | 64 | 322 | 67 |
| Right-of-use assets | 41 | 115 | 46 |
| Other non-current assets | | | |
| Investments in associated companies | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Non-current financial assets | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Loan and other interest bearing receivables | - | 5 | - |
| Derivative financial instruments | - | 4 | - |
| Deferred tax asset | 17 | 109 | 13 |
| Other non-current receivables | 2 | 41 | 1 |
| Total other non-current assets | 19 | 167 | 14 |
| Total non-current assets | 201 | 1,233 | 208 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Inventories | 181 | 1,028 | 181 |
| Trade receivables | 96 | 633 | 95 |
| Customer contract assets | - | 127 | - |
| Interest bearing receivables | - | 1 | - |
| Derivative financial instruments | 0 | 16 | 0 |
| Income tax receivables | 2 | 36 | 2 |
| Other current receivables | 37 | 138 | 40 |
| Deposits and securities, maturity more than three months | 1 | 50 | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 114 | 279 | 57 |
| Liquid funds | 114 | 330 | 57 |
| Total current assets | 430 | 2,307 | 374 |
| Assets, discontinued operations | - | - | 3,305 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 632 | 3,540 | 3,887 |

Consolidated Balance Sheet – Equity and liabilities, IFRS

| EUR million | Neles 6/20 | Continuing and discontinued operations 6/19 | Continuing operations 12/19 |
|---|---------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| Equity | | | |
| Share capital | 51 | 141 | 141 |
| Cumulative translation adjustments | 52 | -95 | 52 |
| Fair value and other reserves | 28 | 292 | 298 |
| Discontinued operations | - | - | -155 |
| Retained earnings | 121 | 1,045 | 1,187 |
| Equity attributable to shareholders | 252 | 1,384 | 1,523 |
| Non-controlling interests | 1 | 11 | 3 |
| Total equity | 253 | 1,394 | 1,526 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Non-current liabilities | | | |
| Interest bearing liabilities | 150 | 388 | 36 |
| Lease liabilities | 32 | 87 | 37 |
| Post-employment benefit obligations | 14 | 71 | 9 |
| Provisions | 1 | 33 | 3 |
| Derivative financial instruments | - | 3 | - |
| Deferred tax liability | 4 | 39 | 4 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 201 | 622 | 89 |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Interest bearing liabilities | 22 | 233 | 20 |
| Lease liabilities | 9 | 29 | 10 |
| Trade payables | 54 | 437 | 63 |
| Provisions | 11 | 66 | 12 |
| Advances received | 24 | 252 | 24 |
| Customer contract liabilities | - | 79 | - |
| Derivative financial instruments | 0 | 18 | 1 |
| Income tax liabilities | 7 | 70 | 2 |
| Other current liabilities | 51 | 340 | 39 |
| Total current liabilities | 178 | 1,523 | 171 |
| Total liabilities | 379 | 2,146 | 259 |
| Liabilities, discontinued operations | - | - | 2,102 |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | 632 | 3,540 | 3,887 |

Net interest-bearing liabilities

| EUR million | Neles 6/20 | Continuing and discontinued operations 6/19 | Continuing operations 12/19 |
|---|---------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| Interest bearing liabilities | 172 | 620 | 56 |
| Lease liabilities | 41 | 116 | 47 |
| Liquid funds | -114 | -330 | -57 |
| Other interest bearing assets | - | -6 | - |
| Net interest bearing liabilities | 99 | 400 | 46 |

Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, IFRS

| EUR million | Share capital | Cumulative translation adjustments | Fair value and other reserves | Discontinued operations | Retained earnings | Equity attributable to shareholders | Non- controlling interests | Total equity |
|---|------------------|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Jan 1, 2019 | 141 | -101 | 302 | - | 1,061 | 1,403 | 10 | 1,413 |
| Profit for the period, continuing operations | - | - | - | - | 34 | 34 | 0 | 34 |
| Profit for the period, discontinued operations | - | - | - | - | 119 | 119 | 0 | 119 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | | | | | |
| Cash flow hedges, net of tax | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | 0 |
| Currency translation on subsidiary net investments | - | 6 | - | - | - | 6 | - | 6 |
| Total comprehensive income | - | 6 | 0 | - | 153 | 159 | - | 159 |
| Dividends | - | - | - | - | -180 | -180 | - | -180 |
| Share-based payments, net of tax | - | - | 3 | - | 1 | 3 | - | 3 |
| Other items | - | - | -12 | - | 10 | -2 | - | -1 |
| Jun 30, 2019 | 141 | -95 | 292 | - | 1,045 | 1,384 | 11 | 1,394 |

| EUR million | Share capital | Cumulative translation adjustments | Fair value and other reserves | Discontinued operations | Retained earnings | Equity attributable to shareholders | Non- controlling interests | Total equity |
|---|------------------|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Jan 1, 2020 | 141 | 52 | 298 | -155 | 1,187 | 1,523 | 3 | 1,526 |
| Profit for the period, continuing operations | - | - | - | - | 22 | 22 | 0 | 22 |
| Profit for the period, discontinued operations | - | - | - | - | 2,150 | 2,150 | - | 2,150 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | | | | | |
| Cash flow hedges, net of tax | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | 0 |
| Measurement at fair value, net of tax | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | 0 |
| Currency translation on subsidiary net investments | - | 0 | 0 | -53 | 0 | -53 | 0 | -53 |
| Discontinued operations | - | 0 | 1 | 0 | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| Total comprehensive income | - | 0 | 1 | -53 | 0 | -52 | 0 | -52 |
| Dividends | - | - | - | - | -221 | -221 | - | -221 |
| Distributed assets in the demerger at fair value | - | - | - | - | -3,171 | -3,171 | - | -3,171 |
| Effect of demerger | -90 | - | -273 | 208 | 156 | 0 | -2 | -2 |
| Share-based payments, net of tax | - | - | 2 | - | -4 | -3 | - | -3 |
| Other items | - | - | 1 | - | 3 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| Jun 30, 2020 | 51 | 52 | 28 | 0 | 121 | 252 | 1 | 253 |

Consolidated statement of cash flows, IFRS

| EUR million | Continuing and discontinued operations | | | | |
|---|--|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| | 4–6/20 | 4–6/19 | 1–6/20 | 1–6/19 | 1–12/19 |
| Operating activities | | | | | |
| Profit for the period, continuing operations | 12 | 18 | 22 | 34 | 69 |
| Profit for the period, discontinued operations | 68 | 71 | 127 | 119 | 230 |
| Adjustments | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 6 | 23 | 12 | 45 | 82 |
| Financial expenses, net | 12 | 10 | 14 | 20 | 38 |
| Income taxes | 32 | 15 | 55 | 41 | 95 |
| Other items | 4 | -1 | 5 | - | -2 |
| Change in net working capital | 141 | -105 | 158 | -160 | -254 |
| Net cash flow from operating activities before financial items and taxes | 275 | 31 | 393 | 99 | 258 |
| Financial income and expenses paid, net | -12 | -11 | -16 | -16 | -30 |
| Income taxes paid | -16 | -34 | -41 | -52 | -137 |
| Net cash flow from operating activities | 247 | -14 | 336 | 31 | 91 |
| Investing activities | | | | | |
| Capital expenditures on intangible and tangible assets | -23 | -21 | -50 | -41 | -107 |
| Proceeds from sale of intangible and tangible assets | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 8 |
| Proceeds from and investments in financial assets, net | - | - | - | 31 | 31 |
| Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired | - | -35 | 1 | -35 | -214 |
| Proceeds from sale of businesses, net of cash sold | - | - | - | 9 | 9 |
| Other items | - | - | - | - | -3 |
| Net cash flow from investing activities | -24 | -56 | -48 | -35 | -276 |
| Financing activities | | | | | |
| Dividends paid | -195 | -90 | -195 | -90 | -180 |
| Transactions with non-controlling interests | - | - | - | - | -13 |
| Proceeds from and repayment of debt, net | -4 | 20 | 148 | 13 | 198 |
| Repayments of lease liabilities | -8 | -18 | -17 | -18 | -34 |
| Net cash flow from financing activities | -206 | -89 | -64 | -95 | -29 |
| Net change in liquid funds | 17 | -158 | 225 | -99 | -215 |
| Effect from changes in exchange rates | -4 | -2 | -11 | 0 | 2 |
| Cash and cash equivalents transferred in demerger | -312 | - | -312 | - | - |
| Liquid funds equivalents at beginning of period | 413 | 488 | 213 | 426 | 426 |
| Liquid funds at end of period | 114 | 328 | 114 | 328 | 213 |
| Liquid funds at end of period, continuing operations | - | 93 | - | 93 | 57 |
| Liquid funds at end of period, discontinued operations | - | 234 | - | 234 | 156 |

Free cash flow

| EUR million | Continuing and discontinued operations | | |
|--|--|-----------|-----------|
| | 1–6/20 | 1–6/19 | 1–12/19 |
| Cash flow from operating activities | 337 | 31 | 91 |
| Capital expenditures on intangible and tangible assets | -50 | -41 | -107 |
| Proceeds from sale of intangible and tangible assets | 1 | 1 | 8 |
| Free cash flow | 288 | -9 | -9 |

Analysis of consolidated balance sheet - Assets

This analysis table is showing a comparable balance sheet for continuing Neles for the comparative period 6/2019 in addition to IFRS financial information.

| EUR million | Neles | Continuing operations | |
|--|------------|-----------------------|------------|
| | 6/20 | 6/19 | 12/19 |
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Intangible assets | | | |
| Goodwill | 60 | 63 | 62 |
| Other intangible assets | 17 | 19 | 18 |
| Total intangible assets | 78 | 82 | 81 |
| Tangible assets | | | |
| Land and water areas | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Buildings and structures | 19 | 21 | 21 |
| Machinery and equipment | 26 | 28 | 28 |
| Assets under construction | 13 | 4 | 11 |
| Total tangible assets | 64 | 59 | 67 |
| Right-of-use assets | 41 | 47 | 46 |
| Other non-current assets | | | |
| Deferred tax asset | 17 | 21 | 13 |
| Other non-current receivables | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Total other non-current assets | 19 | 22 | 14 |
| Total non-current assets | 201 | 210 | 208 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Inventories | 181 | 179 | 181 |
| Trade receivables | 96 | 91 | 95 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income tax receivables | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Other current receivables | 37 | 32 | 40 |
| Deposits and securities, maturity more than three months | 1 | 10 | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 114 | 85 | 57 |
| Liquid funds | 114 | 95 | 57 |
| Total current assets | 430 | 399 | 374 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 632 | 609 | 582 |

Analysis of consolidated balance sheet – Equity and liabilities

This analysis table is showing a comparable balance sheet for continuing Neles for the comparative period 6/2019 in addition to IFRS financial information.

| EUR million | Neles 6/20 | Continuing operations 6/19 12/19 | |
|--|---------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| Equity | | | |
| Share capital | 51 | 141 | 141 |
| Cumulative translation adjustments | 52 | -95 | -103 |
| Fair value and other reserves | 28 | 292 | 298 |
| Retained earnings | 121 | 1,045 | 1,187 |
| Equity attributable to shareholders | 252 | 1,384 | 1,523 |
| Non-controlling interests | 1 | 11 | 3 |
| Total equity | 253 | 1,394 | 1,526 |
| Equity for discontinued operations | - | -1,027 | -1,203 |
| Total equity, continuing operations | 253 | 367 | 324 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Non-current liabilities | | | |
| Interest bearing liabilities | 150 | - | 36 |
| Lease liabilities | 32 | 35 | 37 |
| Post-employment benefit obligations | 14 | 13 | 9 |
| Provisions | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Deferred tax liability | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 201 | 54 | 89 |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Interest bearing liabilities | 22 | 16 | 20 |
| Lease liabilities | 9 | 12 | 10 |
| Trade payables | 54 | 63 | 63 |
| Provisions | 11 | 12 | 12 |
| Advances received | 24 | 25 | 24 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Income tax liabilities | 7 | 5 | 2 |
| Other current liabilities | 51 | 56 | 39 |
| Total current liabilities | 178 | 188 | 171 |
| Total liabilities | 379 | 242 | 259 |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | 632 | 609 | 582 |

Net interest bearing liabilities

| EUR million | Neles 6/20 | Continuing operations 12/19 | |
|---|---------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| Interest bearing liabilities | 172 | | 56 |
| Lease liabilities | 41 | | 47 |
| Liquid funds | -114 | | -57 |
| Interest bearing receivables | - | | - |
| Net interest bearing liabilities | 99 | | 46 |

Analysis of consolidated statement of cash flows

This analysis table is showing the cash flow statements for continuing Neles for the periods in this interim report Q2/2020, addition to IFRS financial information.

| EUR million | Continuing operations | | |
|---|-----------------------|------------|------------|
| | 1–6/20 | 1–6/19 | 1–12/19 |
| Operating activities | | | |
| Profit for the period | 22 | 34 | 69 |
| Adjustments | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 12 | 12 | 25 |
| Financial expenses, net | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| Income taxes | 7 | 13 | 22 |
| Other items | -13 | 2 | 5 |
| Change in net working capital | -6 ¹ | -3 | -30 |
| Net cash flow from operating activities before financial items and taxes | 25 | -1 | 92 |
| Financial income and expenses paid, net | -1 | -1 | 0 |
| Income taxes paid | -1 | -17 | -38 |
| Net cash flow from operating activities | 23 | 43 | 54 |
| Investing activities | | | |
| Capital expenditures on intangible and tangible assets | -8 | -6 | -20 |
| Proceeds from sale of intangible and tangible assets | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Acquisitions/divestments, Metso Group | - | - | -50 |
| Net cash flow from investing activities | -8 | -7 | -70 |
| Financing activities | | | |
| Dividends paid | -39 | -18 | -36 |
| Proceeds from/repayments of short-term debt, net | 3 | 7 | 13 |
| Proceeds from/repayment of long-term debt, net | - | - | 36 |
| Financing, Metso group | 84 ¹ | -30 | -34 |
| Lease payments | -4 | -4 | -10 |
| Net cash flow from financing activities | 44 | -44 | -31 |
| Net change in liquid funds | 59 | -8 | -46 |
| Effect from changes in exchange rates | -1 | 2 | 2 |
| Liquid funds at beginning of period | 57 | 101 | 101 |
| Liquid funds at end of period | 114 | 95 | 57 |

Free cash flow

| EUR million | Continuing operations | | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | 1–6/20 | 1–6/19 | 1–12/19 |
| Cash flow from operating activities | 23 | 43 | 54 |
| Capital expenditures on intangible and tangible assets | -8 | -6 | -20 |
| Proceeds from sale of intangible and tangible assets | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Free cash flow | 15 | 36 | 34 |

¹ For the period 1-6/2020, carve out related items are excluded from *Change in networking capital* and presented in *Financing, Metso Group*.

Notes to the Half-year Review

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1. Basis of preparation

This Half-year review has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*, applying the accounting policies published in the Financial Statements 2019 of Metso group. Neles Group will continue to apply these IFRS accounting policies, as applicable to Neles operations. New accounting standards have been adopted as described in note 2. This Half-year Review is unaudited.

The partial demerger of Metso Group was effective on June 30th, 2020 and the continuing group was renamed the Neles Group. Neles Group is reported as continuing operations and separated Metso Minerals operations and a proportioned share of *Group Head office and other* for the period January 1 – June 30, 2020 as discontinued operations in the income statement. From June 30, 2020 Neles Group is reported as one segment.

Neles' performance is measured with operating profit (EBIT). In addition, Neles uses several other alternative performance measures to reflect the underlying business performance and to improve comparability between financial periods. Alternative performance measures, however, should not be considered as a substitute for measures of performance in accordance with the IFRS.

All figures presented have been rounded and consequently the sum of individual figures might differ from the presented total figure.

2. New accounting standards

New and amended standards adopted in 2020

Neles has applied the following revised IFRS Standards that have been effective since January 1, 2020. These amendments have not had a material impact on the reported figures.

- Amendments to IFRS 3 Definition of a business
- Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8 Definition of material
- Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

3. Key figures

| | 1–6/20 | 1–6/19 | 1–12/19 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|
| EUR million | | | |
| Sales | 277 | 323 | 660 |
| Services sales | 60 | 70 | 152 |
| % of sales | 21.8 | 21.6 | 23.0 |
| Adjusted EBITA | 40 | 50 | 97 |
| % of sales | 14.3 | 15.4 | 14.7 |
| Operating profit | 32 | 48 | 93 |
| % of sales | 11.7 | 14.8 | 14.0 |
| Profit for the period, continuing operations | 22 | 34 | 69 |
| Profit for the period, discontinued operations | 2,150 | 119 | 230 |
| Profit for the period | 2,171 | 154 | 299 |
| Earnings per share | | | |
| Continuing operations: | | | |
| Earnings per share, basic, EUR | 0.14 | 0.23 | 0.46 |
| Earnings per share, diluted, EUR | 0.14 | 0.23 | 0.46 |
| Discontinued operations: | | | |
| Earnings per share, basic, EUR | 14.32 | 0.79 | 1.54 |
| Earnings per share, diluted, EUR | 14.32 | 0.79 | 1.54 |
| Total: | | | |
| Earnings per share, basic, EUR | 14.46 | 1.02 | 2.00 |
| Earnings per share, diluted, EUR | 14.46 | 1.02 | 2.00 |
| Cash flow | | | |
| Free cash flow, continuing, EUR million | 15 | 36 | 34 |
| Free cash flow/share, continuing, EUR | 0.10 | 0.24 | 0.23 |
| R&D expenditure, EUR million | 10 | 10 | 18 |
| % of sales | 3.6 | 3.1 | 2.7 |
| Gross capital expenditure, EUR million | 8 | 6 | 20 |
| % of sales | 2.9 | 1.9 | 3.0 |
| Amortization, EUR million | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Depreciation of tangible assets, EUR million | 5 | 5 | 10 |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets, EUR million | 6 | 5 | 11 |
| Adjustment items, EUR million ¹ | 6 | - | - |
| Balance sheet | | | |
| Balance sheet total, EUR million | 632 | 3,540 | 3,887 |
| Equity attributable to shareholders, EUR million | 252 | 1,383 | 1,523 |
| Equity per share, EUR | 1.68 | 9.22 | 10.15 |
| Equity-to-assets ratio, % | 41.4 | 43.4 | 42.3 |
| Net debt, EUR million | 99 | 400 | 798 |
| Gearing, % | 39.1 | 28.7 | 52.3 |
| Net debt / EBITDA | 1.0 | - | - |
| Debt to capital ratio, % | 45.7 | - | - |
| Number of outstanding shares at end of period (thousands) | 150,198 | 150,076 | 150,076 |
| Average number of shares (thousands) | 150,160 | 150,038 | 150,057 |
| Average number of diluted shares (thousands) | 150,215 | 150,167 | 150,200 |
| Personnel at the end of period | 2,950 | 14,676 | 15,281 |

¹ Adjusting items comprise of costs related to the demerger and setting up Neles business area as an independent company, restructuring costs, outcome of material intellectual property rights disputes, gains and losses on business disposals, and other infrequent events.

Formulae for key figures

| | | | |
|--|---|--|-------|
| Earnings before financial expenses, net, taxes and amortization, adjusted (adjusted EBITA) | = | Operating profit + adjustment items + amortization | |
| Earnings per share, basic | = | $\frac{\text{Profit attributable to shareholders}}{\text{Average number of outstanding shares during the period}}$ | |
| Earnings per share, diluted | = | $\frac{\text{Profit attributable to shareholders}}{\text{Average number of diluted shares during the period}}$ | |
| Equity/share | = | $\frac{\text{Equity attributable to shareholders}}{\text{Number of outstanding shares at the end of the period}}$ | |
| Return on equity (ROE), % | = | $\frac{\text{Profit for the period}}{\text{Total equity (average for the period)}}$ | x 100 |
| Return on capital employed (ROCE) before taxes, % | = | $\frac{\text{Profit before tax + financial expenses}}{\text{Capital employed (average for the period)}}$ | x 100 |
| Gearing, % | = | $\frac{\text{Net interest bearing liabilities}}{\text{Total equity}}$ | x 100 |
| Debt to capital, % | = | $\frac{\text{Interest bearing liabilities}}{\text{Total equity + interest bearing liabilities}}$ | x 100 |
| Equity to assets ratio, % | = | $\frac{\text{Total equity}}{\text{Balance sheet total - advances received}}$ | x 100 |
| Free cash flow | = | Net cash flow from operating activities – investments in intangible and tangible assets + proceeds from sale of intangible and tangible assets | |
| Free cash flow/share | = | $\frac{\text{Free cash flow}}{\text{Average number of outstanding shares during the period}}$ | |
| Net debt | = | Interest bearing liabilities - non-current financial assets - loan and other interest bearing receivables (current and non-current) - liquid funds | |
| Net debt / EBITDA rolling 12 months, % | = | Net debt / EBITDA x 100 | |
| Net working capital (NWC) | = | Inventories + trade receivables + other non-interest bearing receivables + customer contract assets and liabilities, net - trade payables - advances received - other non-interest bearing liabilities | |
| Capital employed | = | Net working capital + intangible and tangible assets + right-of-use assets + non-current investments + interest bearing receivables + liquid funds + tax receivables, net + interest payables, net | |

4. Disaggregation of sales

Neles' sales consist of sale of process industry flow control solutions with delivery of valves and services to delivered equipment. Equipment deliveries are recognized as revenue at point in time, when delivered, and sales from providing services are recognized when the services are rendered.

External sales by product type

| EUR million | 4-6/20 | 4-6/19 | 1-6/20 | 1-6/19 | 1-12/19 |
|----------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Products/ equipments | 110 | 132 | 217 | 253 | 508 |
| Services | 31 | 36 | 60 | 70 | 152 |
| Sales total | 141 | 168 | 277 | 323 | 660 |

External sales by geographical area

| EUR million | 4-6/20 | 4-6/19 | 1-6/20 | 1-6/19 | 1-12/19 |
|--------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| EMEIA | 52 | 59 | 104 | 115 | 251 |
| North America | 39 | 63 | 92 | 123 | 235 |
| South America | 16 | 10 | 23 | 19 | 37 |
| Asia-Pacific | 34 | 36 | 58 | 65 | 137 |
| Sales total | 141 | 168 | 277 | 323 | 660 |

5. Reconciliation of adjusted EBITA and operating profit

| EUR million | 4-6/20 | 4-6/19 | 1-6/20 | 1-6/19 | 1-12/19 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Adjusted EBITA | 23 | 27 | 40 | 50 | 97 |
| % of sales | 16.3 | 16.2 | 14.3 | 15.4 | 14.7 |
| Amortizations | -1 | -1 | -2 | -2 | -4 |
| Adjustments | | | | | |
| - Restructuring costs | -1 | - | -1 | - | - |
| - Rebranding and establishing costs | -3 | - | -5 | - | - |
| Adjustments , total | -4 | - | -6 | - | - |
| Operating profit | 18 | 26 | 32 | 48 | 93 |
| % of sales | 12.6 | 15.7 | 11.7 | 14.8 | 14.0 |

6. Fair value estimation

For those financial assets and liabilities which have been recognized at fair value in the balance sheet, the following measurement hierarchy and valuation methods have been applied:

- Level 1 Quoted unadjusted prices at the balance sheet date in active markets. The market prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, market information service system, pricing service or regulatory agency. The quoted market price used for financial assets is the current bid price. Level 1 financial instruments include debt and equity investments classified as financial instruments at fair value through profit and loss.
- Level 2 The fair value of financial instruments in Level 2 is determined using valuation techniques. These techniques utilize observable market data readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, market information service system, pricing service or regulatory agency. Level 2 financial instruments include:
- Over-the-counter derivatives classified as financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit and loss or qualified for hedge accounting
 - Debt securities classified as financial instruments at fair value through profit and loss
 - Fixed rate debt under fair value hedge accounting
- Level 3 A financial instrument is categorized into Level 3 if the calculation of the fair value cannot be based on observable market data. Neles had no such instruments.

The table below present Neles' financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value. There have been no transfers between fair value levels during the periods.

| EUR million | 6/20 | | | 6/19 | | |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Assets | | | | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss | | | | | | |
| Derivatives not under hedge accounting | - | 1 | - | - | 0 | - |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | | | | | | |
| Derivatives under hedge accounting | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - |
| Total | - | 1 | - | - | 0 | - |
| Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss | | | | | | |
| Derivatives not under hedge accounting | - | 0 | - | - | 1 | - |
| Total | - | 0 | - | - | 1 | - |

The carrying value of other financial assets and liabilities than those presented in this fair value level hierarchy table approximates their fair value. Fair values of other debt are calculated as net present values.

7. Notional amounts of derivative instruments

| EUR million | 6/20 | 6/19 | 12/19 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|-------|
| Forward exchange rate contracts | 0 | 0 | 0 |

The notional amounts indicate the volumes in the use of derivatives, but do not indicate the exposure to risk.

8. Contingent liabilities and other commitments

| EUR million | 6/20 | 12/19 |
|---|------|-------|
| Guarantees | | |
| External guarantees given by parent and group companies | 35 | 39 |
| Other commitments | | |
| Repurchase commitments | 9 | 11 |
| Other contingencies | 3 | 4 |
| Total | 47 | 55 |

9. Borrowings

In the demerger as at June 30, 2020, EUR 150 million term loan was transferred to Neles. Loan has a floating interest rate base and matures on July 2022. The covenant of the loan is related to the debt to capital ratio and is clearly covered at the end of the period.

Neles has lease liabilities EUR 42 million at the end of period, which mainly relates to plant and office leases.

Neles has syndicated revolving credit facility of EUR 200 million with four banks, maturing in 2023 with two one-year extension options and EUR 200 million Finnish commercial paper program. Both the revolving credit facility loan and commercial paper program are fully undrawn at the end of period.

10. Discontinued operations

Result of discontinued operations

| EUR million | 1–6/20 | 1–12/19 |
|---|--------|---------|
| Sales | 1,447 | 2,976 |
| Expenses | -1,272 | -2,673 |
| Result from operating activities | 175 | 303 |
| Income taxes | -47 | -72 |
| Result from operating activities, net of tax | 127 | 230 |
| Fair value gain from valuation of net assets of discontinued operations | 2,022 | - |
| Profit from discontinued operations, net of tax | 2,150 | 230 |
| Earnings per share, EUR | 14.32 | 1.54 |
| Earnings per share, diluted, EUR | 14.32 | 1.54 |

Profit from discontinued operations include demerger expenses of EUR 11 million in H1/2020 and EUR 22 million in 2019. Profit from discontinued operations of EUR 2,150 million (EUR 230 million) is attributable to the owners of the parent company.

Cash flows from discontinued operations

| EUR million | 1–6/20 | 1–12/19 |
|---|--------|---------|
| Net cash flow from operating activities | 314 | 36 |
| Net cash flow from investing activities | -40 | -207 |
| Net cash flow from financing activities | -108 | 2 |
| Net cash flow for the period | 166 | -169 |

Net assets of discontinued operations

| EUR million | 6/20 |
|-------------------------------|-------|
| Goodwill | 551 |
| Other intangible assets | 173 |
| Tangible assets | 337 |
| Right-of-use assets | 97 |
| Deferred tax assets | 101 |
| Investments | 8 |
| Loan receivables | 6 |
| Financial assets | 35 |
| Other non-current receivables | 35 |
| Inventories | 886 |
| Trade receivables | 485 |
| Customer contract assets | 94 |
| Income tax receivables | 29 |
| Other receivables | 79 |
| Liquid funds | 312 |
| Assets total | 3,229 |

| EUR million | 6/20 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| Borrowings | 857 |
| Lease liabilities | 83 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 62 |
| Post-employment benefit obligations | 58 |
| Trade payables | 351 |
| Provisions | 94 |
| Advances received | 185 |
| Customer contract liabilities | 79 |
| Income tax liabilities | 47 |
| Financial liabilities | 20 |
| Other current liabilities | 244 |
| Liabilities total | 2,079 |
| Net assets and liabilities | 1,150 |

11. Quarterly information

| EUR million, % | 4–6/20 | 1–3/20 | 10–12/19 | 7–9/19 | 4–6/19 | 1–3/19 |
|------------------------|--------|--------|----------|--------|--------|--------|
| Orders received | 131 | 191 | 154 | 171 | 165 | 191 |
| Order backlog | 305 | 337 | 280 | 295 | 298 | 311 |
| Sales | 141 | 137 | 167 | 170 | 168 | 155 |
| Adjusted EBITA | 23 | 17 | 18 | 29 | 27 | 23 |
| % of sales | 16.3 | 11.7 | 11.0 | 17.1 | 16.2 | 14.2 |
| Amortization | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Adjustment items | 4 | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| Operating profit | 18 | 15 | 17 | 28 | 26 | 22 |
| % of sales | 12.6 | 10.9 | 10.4 | 16.5 | 16.1 | 14.0 |
| Earning per share, EUR | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.09 | 0.14 | 0.13 | 0.09 |

12. Exchange rates

| Currency | 1–6/20 | 1–6/19 | 1–12/19 | 6/20 | 6/19 | 12/19 |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| USD (US dollar) | 1.1061 | 1.1334 | 1.1809 | 1.1198 | 1.1380 | 1.1234 |
| SEK (Swedish krona) | 10.6435 | 10.4782 | 10.2591 | 10.4948 | 10.5633 | 10.4468 |
| GBP (Pound sterling) | 0.8735 | 0.8761 | 0.8861 | 0.9124 | 0.8966 | 0.8508 |
| CAD (Canadian dollar) | 1.5040 | 1.5120 | 1.5307 | 1.5324 | 1.4893 | 1.4598 |
| BRL (Brazilian real) | 5.3983 | 4.3580 | 4.3020 | 6,1118 | 4.3511 | 4.5157 |
| CNY (Chinese yuan) | 7.7808 | 7.6891 | 7.8148 | 7.9219 | 7.8185 | 7.8205 |
| AUD (Australian dollar) | 1.6708 | 1.6015 | 1.5795 | 1.6344 | 1.6244 | 1.5995 |

13. Events after reporting period

July 29: Notice to Extraordinary General Meeting to be held on October 29, 2020 based on Valmet's request to extend the number of members in Neles' Board of Directors.

July 15: Valmet Corporation announced that its direct shareholding in Neles exceeded on July 14, 2020, the 15 percent threshold with 15.50% of Neles' shares and votes.

July 13: Alfa Laval AB announced their recommended public cash tender offer for all issued and outstanding shares in Neles that are not held by Neles or any of its subsidiaries. The Board members who participated in the decision-making have unanimously decided to recommend the offer.

July 1: The share purchase was executed based on Valmet Corporation's share purchase agreement announcement published on June 17, 2020. After the share purchase, Valmet's ownership in Neles represents 14.88% of Neles' total shares.

It should be noted that certain statements herein which are not historical facts, including, without limitation, those regarding expectations for general economic development and the market situation, expectations for customer industry profitability and investment willingness, expectations for company growth, development and profitability and the realization of synergy benefits and cost savings, and statements preceded by "expects", "estimates", "forecasts" or similar expressions, are forward-looking statements. These statements are based on current decisions and plans and

currently known factors. They involve risks and uncertainties that may cause the actual results to materially differ from the results currently expected by the company.

Such factors include, but are not limited to:

- (1) general economic conditions, including fluctuations in exchange rates and interest levels which influence the operating environment and profitability of customers and thereby the orders received by the company and their margins,
- (2) the competitive situation, especially significant technological solutions developed by competitors,
- (3) the company's own operating conditions, such as the success of production, product development and project management and their continuous development and improvement,
- (4) the success of pending and future acquisitions and restructuring.

Neles' financial information in 2020

Interim Review for January–September 2020 on October 28

NELES

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Metso Corporation

Board of Directors' Report and Financial Statements 2019

Translation from the original document in Finnish

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Board of Directors' Report

Financial year 2019

Operating environment

The activity in the valves market remained healthy, reflected in good demand related to customers' oil & gas and pulp and paper investment projects. There was also good demand in the distribution network that serves several process industries.

The strong demand for mining services throughout 2019 was supported by high utilization rates at the customers' mines and their focus on productivity improvements. The demand for mining equipment was healthy, although customers' decision-making related to new capital investments turned cautious mid-year and remained so until the end of the year. Healthy demand for aggregates equipment and services in North America and Europe saw typically lower seasonal activity in the fourth quarter. In China, the demand for aggregates equipment was good throughout the year, while the Indian market remained softer than in 2018. Demand in waste recycling was healthy whereas demand in metal recycling continued to be affected by low scrap prices.

Key figures, IFRS

Based on the decision taken by Metso's Extraordinary General Meeting on October 29, 2019, to approve the partial demerger of the company, Metso has applied IFRS 5 and classified and disclosed its businesses of Minerals segment as discontinued operations from the beginning of November 2019. Thus, depreciations and amortizations of discontinued operations have been calculated only for the period January-October 2019. Accordingly, Flow Control businesses form the continuing operations of Metso Group.

| EUR million | 2019 | 2018 | Change % |
|--|-------|-------|----------|
| Continuing operations | | | |
| Orders received | 681 | 628 | 8 |
| Orders received by services business | 154 | 136 | 13 |
| % of orders received | 23 | 22 | |
| Order backlog at the end of period | 280 | 276 | 1 |
| Sales | 660 | 593 | 11 |
| Sales by services business | 152 | 128 | 19 |
| % of sales | 23 | 22 | |
| Adjusted EBITA ¹ | 96 | 86 | 13 |
| % of sales | 14.6 | 14.5 | |
| Operating profit | 93 | 83 | 12 |
| % of sales | 14.0 | 14.1 | |
| Earnings per share, EUR | 0.46 | 0.43 | 7 |
| Discontinued operations | | | |
| Orders received | 3,009 | 2,872 | 5 |
| Orders received by services business | 1,907 | 1,777 | 7 |
| % of orders received | 63 | 62 | |
| Order backlog at the end of period | 1,408 | 1,411 | 0 |
| Profit for the year, discontinued operations | 230 | 164 | 40 |
| Earnings per share, EUR | 1.54 | 1.10 | 40 |
| Metso total | | | |
| Profit for the year | 299 | 229 | 31 |
| Earnings per share, EUR | 2.00 | 1.53 | 31 |

¹ Continuing operations do not include any adjustment items in years 2019 and 2018. Reconciliation of EBITA and operating profit is presented in Note 1.1 Segment information.

IFRS 16 is adopted in the 2019 figures. Comparison figures for 2018 are not restated

Sales and result, IFRS

Sales of the continuing operations increased to EUR 660 million in 2019 (EUR 593 million in 2018), which resulted from growth of both equipment and services sales. Operating profit for the continuing operations improved 12% and totaled EUR 93 million, or 14.0% of sales. (EUR 83 million or 14.1%). The improvement was thanks to both sales growth and good operational performance. Profit for the period for the continuing operations was EUR 69 million (EUR 65 million) and earnings per share EUR 0.46 (0.43).

Profit for the period for the discontinued operations improved significantly and totaled EUR 230 million (EUR 164 million). The stronger profit resulted from higher sales and improved operational efficiency. Earnings per share for the discontinued operations improved to EUR 1.54 (EUR 1.10).

Metso Group's profit for the period was EUR 299 million (EUR 229 million) and earnings per share was EUR 2.00 (EUR 1.53).

Key figures, comparable

In order to improve comparability, Metso has prepared, in addition to IFRS, financial information for the Group so that the amortization of the Minerals business has been recorded for the full year 2019. This is consistent with segment reporting and is comparable with the 2018 Metso Group figures.

The following information in this Board of Director's report relate to Metso's comparable financial information for 2019, unless otherwise stated.

| EUR million | 2019 | 2018 | Change % |
|---|--------|--------|----------|
| Orders received | 3,690 | 3,499 | 5 |
| Orders received by services business | 2,061 | 1,913 | 8 |
| % of orders received | 56 | 55 | |
| Order backlog at the end of period | 1,688 | 1,686 | 0 |
| Sales | 3,635 | 3,173 | 15 |
| Sales by services business | 1,967 | 1,773 | 11 |
| % of sales | 54 | 56 | |
| Adjusted EBITA ¹ | 474 | 369 | 28 |
| % of sales | 13.0 | 11.6 | |
| Operating profit | 418 | 351 | 19 |
| % of sales | 11.5 | 11.1 | |
| Earnings per share, EUR | 1.94 | 1.53 | 27 |
| Free cash flow | 39 | 146 | -68 |
| Return on capital employed (ROCE) before taxes, % | 18.7 | 16.9 | |
| Equity to assets ratio, % | 42.1 | 47.7 | |
| Net gearing, % | 52.7 | 11.7 | |
| Personnel at end of period | 15,821 | 13,150 | 20 |

¹ Adjustment items for Metso amounted to EUR 36 million in 2019, while comparative period for 2018 does not include any adjustment items.

IFRS 16 is adopted in the 2019 figures. Comparison figures for 2018 are not restated.

Orders and sales

Orders received in 2019 totaled EUR 3,690 million, which is 5% higher than in 2018. Orders increased organically 4%. The McCloskey acquisition and other structural changes had 1% positive impact on orders. Flow Control orders increased 8%, and growth was driven by both equipment and services orders. Minerals orders increased 5%, largely driven by the services business.

The order backlog at the end of December totaled EUR 1,688 million (EUR 1,686 million at the end of 2018).

Sales totaled EUR 3,635 million, which is 15% higher than in 2018. Most of this resulted from organic growth. Flow Control's 11% sales growth year-on-year was also driven by both the equipment and services business. Minerals' sales increased 15% and both equipment and services business orders grew at a double-digit rate.

Impacts from currency and structural changes on orders received

| EUR million, % | Flow Control | Minerals | Metso total |
|--|--------------|----------|-------------|
| 2018 | 628 | 2,872 | 3,499 |
| Organic growth in constant currencies, % | 3% | 4% | 4% |
| Impact of changes in exchange rates, % | 2% | 0% | 1% |
| Structural changes, % | 3% | 1% | 1% |
| Total change, % | 8% | 5% | 5% |
| 2019 | 681 | 3,009 | 3,690 |

Impacts from currency and structural changes on sales

| EUR million, % | Flow Control | Minerals | Metso total |
|--|--------------|----------|-------------|
| 2018 | 593 | 2,581 | 3,173 |
| Organic growth in constant currencies, % | 5% | 14% | 12% |
| Impact of changes in exchange rates, % | 3% | 0% | 1% |
| Structural changes, % | 3% | 1% | 2% |
| Total change, % | 11% | 15% | 15% |
| 2019 | 660 | 2,976 | 3,635 |

Financial performance

Adjusted EBITA improved in 2019 to EUR 474 million, or 13.0% of sales (EUR 369 million, or 11.6%). The higher profitability resulted from the sales growth and improved operational efficiency in both segments. Flow Control's adjusted EBITA totaled EUR 104 million, or 15.8% of sales (EUR 90 million, or 15.2%). Minerals' adjusted EBITA increased to EUR 381 million, or 12.8% of sales (EUR 291 million, or 11.3%). Operating profit improved to EUR 418 million, or 11.5% of sales (EUR 351 million, or 11.1%) in 2019. Adjustment items of EUR 36 million had a negative impact on the operating profit as there were no adjustments in 2018. The adjustments were attributable to costs related to changes in the manufacturing footprint as well as to the Metso Outotec transaction costs and other acquisition costs. Flow Control's operating profit totaled EUR 100 million, or 15.2% of sales (EUR 88 million, or 14.8%). Minerals' operating profit totaled EUR 350 million, or 11.8% of sales (EUR 283 million, or 11.0%). The impact of the Group Head Office and other -items on the operating profit was EUR 32 million negative largely due to the adjustment items (EUR 20 million negative).

Profit before taxes improved to EUR 380 million (EUR 321 million). Annual net financial expenses were EUR 38 million (EUR 30 million).

During the second quarter Metso announced that related to an earlier announced reassessment decision by the Finnish tax authority, the Assessment Adjustment Board had largely accepted Metso's appeal and ruled that Metso receive a refund of about EUR 14 million of the EUR 21 million tax paid in the first quarter of 2018. The effective tax rate was 24% in 2019 or 28% excluding the refund impact.

Earnings per share increased to EUR 1.94 (EUR 1.53) and the return on capital employed (ROCE) rose to 18.7% (16.9% at the end of 2018), thanks to improved earnings and despite higher working capital and the negative effect from the adoption of IFRS 16. See Note 5.5 for more information.

Net cash generated by operating activities totaled EUR 91 million (EUR 177 million) and free cash flow was EUR 39 million (EUR 146 million). An increase in net working capital had a EUR 254 million negative (EUR 129 million negative) impact on cash flow, arising mainly from growth in receivables and inventories. The growth in receivables was related to the strong sales growth. Higher inventory was attributable to investments to assuring availability and some inefficiencies caused by long supply and internal logistics chains. In addition, the consolidation of McCloskey increased inventory. Actions to improve inventory efficiency are continuing and started to show results in the second half of 2019.

Financial position

Metso's balance sheet and liquidity position remain good. Total liquid funds at the end of December 2019 were EUR 213 million (EUR 426 million at the end of 2018). There were no investments in financial instruments with an initial maturity exceeding three months (EUR 94 million at the end of 2018), and EUR 213 million (EUR 332 million at the end of 2018) is accounted for as cash and cash equivalents. The total dividend of EUR 180 million was paid in two installments in May and in November.

Metso has an undrawn, committed syndicated revolving credit facility of EUR 600 million. In addition, Metso drew a bilateral EUR 300 million term loan from the Nordea Bank on September 30, 2019, to finance the McCloskey acquisition. The loan has a maturity of two years and includes an option to extend the maturity by one year. Metso drew a bilateral EUR 150 million term loan from the Nordea Bank on November 4, 2019, for general corporate purposes. The loan has a maturity of three years, and it will be part of the funding structure of future Neles. Metso also has an undrawn, committed loan of EUR 40 million from the European Investment Bank.

Net interest-bearing liabilities were EUR 798 million at the end of December (EUR 165 million at the end of 2018) and net gearing was 52.7% (11.7% at the end of 2018), due to decrease of liquid funds, and the EUR 300 million loan to finance the McCloskey acquisition. The equity-to-assets ratio was 42.1% (47.7% at the end of 2018).

On July 9, 2019, Standard & Poor's Ratings Services placed their BBB rating on Metso on Credit Watch negative due to planned carve-out and the combining of the Metso Minerals Business with Outotec. As a result of this, Metso's continuing business will consist of only the Neles (Flow Control) business.

Combination of Metso Minerals and Outotec and the creation of Neles

On October 29, 2019, the Extraordinary General Meetings (EGMs) of both Metso Corporation and Outotec Oyj approved the proposed partial demerger of Metso and the plan to combine Metso's Minerals Business and the Outotec Group to create Metso Outotec Group. As a result, Metso's Flow Control business became the continuing business of the currently listed Metso, and, after the registration of the demerger, it will be renamed Neles (later referred to as "the future Neles"), an independent listed company supplying flow control products and services. In the partial demerger of Metso, all assets and liabilities of Metso that relate to, or primarily serve, Metso's Minerals Business will transfer without liquidation to Outotec. Metso and Outotec have previously communicated that the completion of the combination of Metso's Minerals Business and Outotec is expected to take place in the second quarter of 2020, subject to the receipt of all required regulatory and other approvals, including competition clearances. Considering the progress of the regulatory approval process, Metso and Outotec currently expect the completion of the combination of Metso's Minerals Business and Outotec to take place on June 30, 2020, subject to the receipt of all required regulatory and other approvals, including competition clearances. Metso's Board of Directors published the plan relating to the transaction on July 4, 2019.

In addition, the EGM decided on an amendment of Metso's Articles of Association and on a decrease in Metso's share capital as a result of the demerger. More information including all meeting documents is available at www.metso.com/egm-2019.

As part of the preparations for both Metso Outotec and the future Neles, two new credit facilities were signed on September 30, 2019. A new EUR 600 million multi-currency revolving credit facility agreement will transfer to Metso Outotec on completion of the transaction. In addition, it refinanced Metso's existing EUR 500 million revolving credit facility. A new EUR 200 million multi-currency revolving credit facility agreement to be used for general corporate purposes of the future Neles Group will become available on completion of the transaction.

On October 7, 2019, the Finnish Financial Supervisory Authority approved the Finnish language demerger prospectus (also referred to as the "Offering Circular"). It includes unaudited pro forma financial information presented for illustrative purposes only to give effect to the demerger and the acquisition of McCloskey International Ltd by the Metso Minerals Business to Outotec's historical financial information as if they had occurred at an earlier point in time.

On October 7, 2019, Metso published illustrative financial information for future Neles for the financial years 2016–2018 and for the periods January–June 2019 and 2018.

On October 8, 2019, Moody's Investor Service assigned a 'Baa2' long-term issuer rating and S&P Global Ratings a 'BBB-' preliminary long-term issuer credit rating to the future Metso Outotec. The outlook on both ratings is stable.

On October 30, 2019, Metso announced the positive results of its consent solicitation process where it solicited consents and waivers from the holders of the outstanding notes of certain series of notes issued under its EMTN Program in order to substitute Outotec in place of Metso as the issuer of these notes.

Simo Sääskilahti was appointed Senior Vice President, Finance of Metso's Valves business area on October 2, 2019. During the creation of the future Neles, he will be nominated the Chief Financial Officer. He started in the new position on October 15, 2019, and reports to Olli Isotalo, President of the Valves business area and the CEO of the future Neles.

On November 29, 2019, clearance was received from the United States Department of Justice relating to the combination of Metso's Minerals business and Outotec.

Adjustment items related to the Metso Outotec transaction costs totaled EUR 14 million in 2019.

All related documents and stock exchange releases are available on our website at www.metso.com/news-metso-outotec-neles.

Reporting segments: Flow Control

Key figures

| EUR million | 2019 | 2018 | Change % |
|--|-------|-------|----------|
| Orders received | 681 | 628 | 8 |
| Orders received by services business | 154 | 136 | 13 |
| % of orders received | 23 | 22 | |
| Order backlog | 280 | 276 | 1 |
| Sales | 660 | 593 | 11 |
| Sales by services business | 152 | 128 | 19 |
| % of sales | 23 | 22 | |
| Adjusted EBITA ¹ | 104 | 90 | 16 |
| % of sales | 15.8 | 15.2 | |
| Operating profit | 100 | 88 | 14 |
| % of sales | 15.2 | 14.8 | |
| Return on operative capital employed (Segment ROCE), % | 28.8 | 37.1 | |
| Personnel at end of year | 2,866 | 2,723 | 5 |

¹ There were no adjustment items in the Flow Control segment in the reporting periods presented.

The Pumps business area was moved from the Flow Control segment to the Minerals segment as of January 1, 2019. Figures for 2018 have been restated. Restated figures for 2018 based on the new reporting structure were published on March 26, 2019.

Flow Control's full-year orders increased 8% from the previous year and totaled EUR 681 million (EUR 628 million). The increase was driven by both organic and acquired growth. Equipment orders grew 7% and services orders 13%. Sales totaled EUR 660 million, representing growth of 11% compared to 2018. Equipment sales increased 9% and services sales 19% year-on-year.

Adjusted EBITA was EUR 104 million, or 15.8% of sales (EUR 90 million, or 15.2% in 2018). Operating profit totaled EUR 100 million, or 15.2% of sales (EUR 88 million, or 14.8%). The higher profitability was driven by sales growth and overall solid operational performance.

Reporting segments: Minerals

Key figures

| EUR million | 2019 | 2018 | Change % |
|--|--------|-------|----------|
| Orders received | 3,009 | 2,872 | 5 |
| Orders received by services business | 1,907 | 1,777 | 7 |
| % of orders received | 63 | 62 | |
| Order backlog | 1,408 | 1,411 | 0 |
| Sales | 2,976 | 2,581 | 15 |
| Sales by services business | 1,815 | 1,644 | 10 |
| % of sales | 61 | 64 | |
| Adjusted EBITA ¹ | 381 | 291 | 31 |
| % of sales | 12.8 | 11.3 | |
| Operating profit* | 350 | 283 | 24 |
| % of sales | 11.8 | 11.0 | |
| Return on operative capital employed (Segment ROCE), % | 22.6 | 23.7 | |
| Personnel at end of year | 12,451 | 9,942 | 25 |

¹ Adjustment items amounted to EUR 36 million in 2019, while comparative periods for year 2018 do not include any adjustment items. Reconciliation of EBITA and operating profit is presented in Note 1.1 Segment information.

The Pumps business area was moved from the Flow Control segment to the Minerals segment as of January 1, 2019. Figures for 2018 have been restated. Restated figures for 2018 based on the new reporting structure were published on March 26, 2019.

Orders received increased 5% compared to 2018 and totaled EUR 3,009 million (EUR 2,872 million). Equipment orders were at the previous year's level and saw both organic and acquired growth in aggregates, while the mining equipment orders came in lower year-on-year, due to customers' cautious decision-making during the second half of the year. Minerals services orders increased 7% compared to 2018. The full-year sales grew 15% to EUR 2,976 million (EUR 2,581 million) and was largely organic. Both equipment and services sales increased at a double-digit rate. Adjusted EBITA improved to EUR 381 million, or 12.8% of sales (EUR 291 million, or 11.3%). Higher profitability was thanks to volume growth and improved internal efficiency. Operating profit was EUR 350 million, or 11.8% of sales (EUR 283 million, or 11.0%).

During the second half of the year, Metso continued to streamline and optimize its supply chain and manufacturing footprint. As part of this initiative, Metso decided to discontinue its foundry operations in Isithebe in South Africa and rubber and poly-met manufacturing operations in Ersmark in Sweden. Both relate to developing the global supply footprint of the Minerals

Consumables business area. Going forward, Metso will utilize synergies of the most efficient manufacturing and sourcing opportunities regionally and globally to ensure the best value, availability and quality for its customers. These closures incurred total costs of EUR 15 million, which are reported as adjustment items and had a negative impact on Minerals' operating profit in 2019.

The grinding media business, with sales of EUR 60 million in 2018, was divested at the beginning of 2019. It is included in the comparison figures for 2018.

Capital expenditure and investments

Gross capital expenditure excluding business acquisitions in 2019 was EUR 110 million (EUR 67 million), of which maintenance investments accounted for 54%, or EUR 59 million (54%, or EUR 36 million).

Metso's expansion investment of approximately EUR 25 million to increase the aggregates equipment manufacturing capacity in India advanced to the inauguration phase during the first quarter. The first product deliveries were started during the second half of 2019.

The groundbreaking ceremony for a new greenfield valve plant in Jiaxing, China, took place on January 9, 2019. The plant will strengthen Metso's production capabilities for valves and related products and increase production capacity for customers across various process industries, both in China and globally. The size of investment is approximately EUR 10 million.

In addition, the investment into expanding the foundry capacity in Vadodara, India, is progressing as planned and full-scale production is expected to begin in 2020. The total investment is approximately EUR 25 million.

Acquisitions and divestments

The acquisition of McCloskey International, a Canadian mobile crushing and screening equipment manufacturer, was successfully completed on October 1, 2019. With this acquisition, Metso expanded its offering in the aggregates industry globally and strengthened its customer reach especially in the general contractor segment. With the acquisition about 900 employees in Canada, the United States and the United Kingdom transferred to Metso. The acquisition was funded by a EUR 300 million term loan, which was drawn on September 30, 2019. McCloskey has been included in the Minerals segment from the fourth quarter of 2019 onwards.

On September 17, 2019, Metso announced that it had signed an agreement to acquire the remaining 25% of shares of Shaorui Heavy Industries Ltd, a Chinese manufacturer of crushing and screening equipment targeted for the mid-markets to support its growth plans in China. The transaction was completed during the fourth quarter 2019. As a result, Metso became the sole owner of the company with 100% of its shares, completing the original 75% shareholding acquired in September 2013.

The acquisition of a Chilean mining services business was successfully completed in May 2019. Its sales in 2018 were EUR 57 million and the May-December 2019 sales are recognized in the published figures for Minerals' services business. With the acquisition, 869 services employees in Chile, Argentina and Brazil transferred to Metso.

On January 4, 2019, Metso completed the divestment of its grinding media business. The divested business consisted of two locations in Spain and 80 employees. Its sales in 2018 were EUR 60 million. The proceeds from the divestment had no material impact on Metso's financial results.

Research and development

Continuous renewal and innovation are fundamental for Metso's competitiveness. The objective for innovation is to secure sustaining differentiation with targeted investments that are based on business- or product-specific roadmaps. During 2019, Metso continued to increase its Research and development (R&D) activities. R&D expenses in 2019 were EUR 62 million, or 1.7% of sales (EUR 51 million, or 1.6%).

R&D and IP-related expenses

| EUR million | 2019 | 2018 |
|--------------|------|------|
| R&D expenses | 62 | 51 |
| of sales, % | 1.7 | 1.6 |

Inventions and patents

| Pieces | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|------|------|
| Invention disclosures | 160 | 123 |
| Priority patent applications | 15 | 23 |
| Inventions protected by patents, as of December 31 | 350 | 310 |

Metso had several major product launches in 2019.

The latest addition to the versatile MX™ Multi-Action cone crusher series was introduced at the Bauma 2019 fair. The MX3 enables improved crusher productivity and lower operating costs with a design optimized especially for mid-sized quarrying for both hard and soft rock applications. The Metso MX3 is suitable for secondary, tertiary and quaternary crushing stages.

The Lokotrack ST2.3, a completely new mobile screen unit, brings the proven quality and operational reliability of Lokotrack track-mounted solutions to a completely new lighter-weight screening solution. Thanks to its compact and safety-driven design, the easy-to-use ST2.3 is an ideal solution for entrepreneurs looking to enter the screening business.

The Metso Lokotrack® Urban™ range is designed for crushing in densely populated environments, such as city centers. It enables up to 60% better noise protection and cuts dust emissions. This can make the environmental permit process easier and opens new opportunities for the crushing business. The latest addition to the series, the Urban LT96 is ideal for small to mid-sized contractors crushing and recycling demolished concrete on site.

Metso's Shaorui business in China introduced its first range of mobile crushing and screening equipment especially designed for the price and quality conscious mid-market segment. Utilizing Metso's proven technologies and long experience in track-mounted equipment, the new range offers various solutions ideal for quarry contracting and demolition applications.

The new Metso Nordtrack™ mobile crushing and screening range introduced 19 products designed to meet the requirements of general contractors in the aggregates industry.

Metso expanded its crusher wear part offering by launching a new range of OEM crusher liners. Available for selected markets since September 2019, the new Metso O-Series offers the right balance between performance, affordability and reliability.

Metso introduced a new approach for tailings management in mining with the launch of the VPX™ filter. Water conservation, efficient tailings management and responsible mine reclamation are becoming increasingly important for mines to ensure their license to operate.

Metso launched a hybrid truck body with unmatched payload and wear life. The Metso Truck Body is a groundbreaking innovation that combines the benefits of rubber and high structural strength steel, enabling mines and quarries to haul more with less. The Metso Truck Body is a lightweight, rubber-lined tray designed for off-highway trucks. The elastic rubber absorbs the energy of every impact, preventing it from reaching the frame and thus allowing for a lighter-than-usual, high structural strength steel frame beneath the rubber. As a result, the body can absorb maximum shock at the lowest possible weight. It can have up to six times the wear life with 20-30% less weight.

Metso expanded its waste recycling product range with the launch of the new Metso M&J K-series pre-shredders. The first two models are M&J K160 and M&J K210. The new competitive models provide a low cost-per-ton with high reliability, ease of operation and great flexibility for various waste types and with a design optimized especially for sites with a 5–45 tons per hour production requirement.

During the third quarter, Metso announced that it is expanding its remote monitoring services for the mining industry by opening its first Metso performance center in Santiago, Chile, and by building up capabilities for a second center in Changsha, China. Additional centers will be opened in major mining regions during 2020-2021.

Metso introduced an extended size range Neles® M series trunnion ball valves. Series M size range extension provides considerable advantages including modularity, better availability, and easier servicing.

Safety and sustainability

Metso wants to be a responsible and trusted partner bringing sustainable productivity to customers. This means that Metso operates efficiently and responsibly in terms of the environment, safety and the wellbeing of people and the economy.

Safety

Metso's aim is to reinforce its commitment to the continuous improvement of safety and the goal of zero harm. In 2019, Metso succeeded in improving its safety performance significantly, ending the year with an LTIF (lost time incident frequency) of 1.7 (2.9 in 2018). The focus on safety was also reflected in the increased number of risk observations and safety conversations in 2019.

To sharpen the focus of safety work, Metso has developed a training program for supervisors to support them in leading safety. Additionally, a site support program was launched in 2019 for selected Metso sites to bring the injury rate closer to the goal of zero harm.

Metso continues setting individual safety targets and conducting safety audits with follow-up plans for corrective actions. To ensure that all sites apply Metso's minimum safety standards, employees were trained on the upgraded standards in 2019 as part of Metso's annual Safety pledge campaign.

Environment

By auditing its own operations and following the implementation of corrective actions, Metso works to prevent environmental hazards. In 2019, Metso's environmental audits focused on, for example, chemical safety and the handling of hazardous waste.

In 2019, Metso improved energy efficiency at production sites by, for example, investing in new welding machines and melting furnaces. Water consumption was also decreased by reusing and recycling process water.

Climate program

In 2019, Metso launched its new Climate program that includes new climate targets for the most significant sources of emissions. These climate targets were also approved by the Science Based Targets initiative.

Metso has committed to a 25% reduction in carbon emissions in production by 2030. Metso demands sustainability not only of its own production, but also 30% of its suppliers in terms of spend are required to set science-based emission targets by 2024. By streamlining transportation routes and optimizing warehouse locations, Metso aims for a 20% reduction in transportation emissions by 2025.

Additionally, Metso aims for a 10% reduction in GHG emissions in the most energy-intensive customer processes using its products by 2025. This is further reinforced by the demanding energy-efficiency targets in all Metso R&D projects. As supportive actions, Metso will also offset flight emissions by 100% by 2021 and continue to find new ways to decrease emissions, for example, in offices.

Responsible procurement

Metso has developed a Supplier Code of Conduct that sets the standards for Metso's suppliers and forms the basis for supplier cooperation. Metso has over 7,000 suppliers in more than 70 countries. The direct procurement spend in 2019 totaled EUR 1,399 million.

In 2019, Metso conducted 123 supplier sustainability audits. 82 percent of the corrective actions were implemented. In 2019, Metso also organized a supplier sustainability day in India to improve collaboration and competences, to share good practices and to help suppliers understand Metso's expectations for sustainability.

Metso Code of Conduct

Metso's Code of Conduct sets the standard for the conduct of all Metso employees as well as Metso's suppliers, business partners and other stakeholders. In 2019, Metso organized Code of Conduct training to all employees and achieved a participation rate of 99.2%.

Compliance management

Regarding data privacy, Metso's Privacy Office has throughout the year developed practices and processes related to personal data processing, by actively monitoring the development of privacy legislation globally to ensure compliance everywhere we operate.

In 2019, Metso received 11 reports of suspected financial misconduct and 35 reports of suspected non-financial misconduct via its Whistleblower channel. In addition to the Whistleblower reports, 10 reports were investigated after they had been submitted directly to Internal Audit. All cases were investigated, and none had significant financial implications on Metso.

Metso has an audit framework in place to support risk management by ensuring compliance and continuous business development. In total 27 internal audits were performed in 2019.

Corporate Governance and remuneration

Decisions of the 2019 Annual General Meeting

Metso Corporation's Annual General Meeting (AGM) was held on April 25, 2019, in Helsinki, Finland. The AGM approved the financial statements and discharged the members of the Board of Directors and the President & CEOs from liability for the financial year 2018.

The AGM approved the Board of Directors' proposal to pay a dividend of EUR 1.20 per share in two installments. The first dividend installment of EUR 0.60 per share was paid on May 7, 2019. The second installment of EUR 0.60 was paid on November 5, 2019.

The AGM confirmed the number of Board members as eight and re-elected Mikael Lilius as Chair of the Board and Christer Gardell as Vice Chair of the Board. Peter Carlsson, Lars Josefsson, Nina Kopola, Antti Mäkinen and Arja Talma were re-elected as members for a new term. Kari Stadigh was elected as a new member.

The Authorized Public Accountant firm Ernst & Young was elected as Metso's Auditor with Mikko Järventausta as principal responsible auditor. In addition, the AGM approved the proposals of the Board of Directors to authorize the Board to decide on both the repurchase of Metso shares as well as the issuance of shares and special rights entitling to shares. The Nomination Board's proposal concerning the composition and remuneration of the Board of Directors was also approved.

Metso's Board of Directors held its organizing meeting after the AGM. In the meeting the Board elected members of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration and HR Committee from among its members as follows:

- Audit Committee: Arja Talma (Chair), Nina Kopola and Antti Mäkinen
- Remuneration and HR Committee: Mikael Lilius (Chair), Christer Gardell and Lars Josefsson

The minutes of the meeting are available at www.metso.com/agm.

Nina Kopola resigned from the Board of Directors as of August 1, 2019, due to her appointment as Director General of Business Finland. As a result, Metso's Board continued with the seven members and the Audit Committee with two members.

Changes in the Metso Executive Team

Merja Kamppari, SVP, Human Resources, left her position on January 31, 2019. Hannele Järvistö has acted as interim SVP, Human Resources, as of February 1, 2019.

On June 18, Metso's Board of Directors appointed Olli Isotalo as President, Valves business area. Olli Isotalo started in his position on July 15, and at the same time, became a member of the Metso Executive Team. Olli Isotalo previously served as the CEO of Patria Oyj and has held various executive positions at Cargotec Corporation.

On July 26, Metso announced that Stephan W. Kirsch has been appointed President, Mining Equipment business area and a member of the Metso Executive Team, effective August 1. He joined Metso in 2018, and previously served as Senior Vice President, Business and Product Management in the Mining Equipment business area.

New earning periods for senior management's long-term incentive plans

On February 6, 2019, the Board of Directors decided on new earning periods for the company's three senior management long-term incentive plans: Performance Share Plan, Restricted Share Plan and Deferred Share Unit Plan. Competitive long-term incentive plans are designed to align the interest of Metso's management with those of its shareholders to increase the value of Metso and to commit the management to the company.

A new plan period for the Performance Share Plan

The Board approved the commencement of a new plan period for the senior management Performance Share Plan (PSP). PSP 2019–2021 commenced at the beginning of 2019 and potential share rewards will be delivered in the first half of 2022, if the performance targets set by the Board are achieved. The potential share reward payable under PSP 2019–2021 is based on the total shareholder return of Metso's share during calendar years 2019–2021. The plan includes 11 executives belonging to Metso's senior management and a maximum number of share rewards that may be allocated and delivered totals to 190,000 shares, gross before the deduction of applicable payroll tax.

A new plan period for the Restricted Share Plan

The Board approved the commencement of a new plan period for the complementary Restricted Share Plan (RSP). RSP 2019–2021 commenced at the beginning of 2019, and potential share rewards will be delivered in spring 2022, if the performance targets are achieved. The maximum number of share rewards that may be allocated and delivered within the RSP 2019–2021 totals to 60,000 shares, gross before the deduction of applicable payroll tax.

A new plan period for the Deferred Share Unit Plan

The Board approved the commencement of a new plan period for the Deferred Share Unit Plan (DSUP). DSUP 2019–2021 commenced at the beginning of 2019, and potential rewards will be delivered in the first half of 2022, if the performance targets are achieved. The plan includes around 140 people.

The Deferred Share Unit Plan consists of annually commencing three-year plans. The final value of the plans depends both on the achievement of the performance targets set by the Board of Directors and the development of Metso's share price. The maximum amount of rewards payable for the years 2019–2021, based on the average price of the Metso share on February 4, 2019, is approximately EUR 9 million, gross before the deduction of applicable payroll tax.

Personnel

Metso had 15,821 employees at the end of December 2019, which is 2,671 more than at the end of December 2018. During 2019, personnel increased by 143 to 2,866 in Flow Control and by 2,509 to 12,451 in Minerals. Acquisitions increased personnel by 2,182 in Minerals in 2019. Personnel in the Group Head Office and support functions totaled 504 at the end of 2019 (485 at the end of 2018).

Personnel by area

| Metso total | Dec 31, 2019 | Share, % | Dec 31, 2018 | Share, % | Change % |
|---------------------------|---------------|------------|---------------|------------|-----------|
| Europe | 4,874 | 31 | 4,412 | 34 | 10 |
| North America | 2,229 | 14 | 1,674 | 13 | 33 |
| South and Central America | 4,493 | 28 | 2,906 | 22 | 55 |
| Asia Pacific | 3,556 | 23 | 3,318 | 25 | 7 |
| Africa and Middle East | 669 | 4 | 840 | 6 | -20 |
| Metso total | 15,821 | 100 | 13,150 | 100 | 20 |

In 2019, Metso conducted its PeoplePulse employee engagement survey to help teams identify areas for development. With a response rate of 89% (87% in 2018), it provided teams with the opportunity to discuss results and take practical, positive development actions. Our employee net promoter score (eNPS) of 49.1 is also strong.

Metso employees represent 97 nationalities, operating in over 50 countries and in 185 locations. The combination of different backgrounds and a wide range of service years and ages ensures diverse capabilities.

Shares and share trading

Metso's share capital on December 31, 2019, was EUR 140,982,843.80 and the number of shares 150,348,256. This included 272,088 treasury shares held by the Parent Company, which represented 0.2% of all Metso shares and votes. A total of 113,638,358 Metso shares were traded on Nasdaq Helsinki in January-December 2019, and the value of shares traded was EUR 3,673 million. Metso's market capitalization at the end of December 2019, excluding shares held by the Parent Company, was EUR 5,280 million (EUR 3,435 million at the end of 2018).

Metso share performance on Nasdaq Helsinki January 1–December 31, 2019

| EUR | |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Closing price | 35.18 |
| Highest share price | 39.79 |
| Lowest share price | 22.36 |
| Volume-weighted average trading price | 32.49 |

In addition to Nasdaq Helsinki, Metso's ADRs (American Depositary Receipts) are traded on the International OTCQX market in the United States under the ticker symbol 'MXCY', with four ADRs representing one Metso share. The closing price of the Metso ADR on December 31, 2019, was USD 9.78.

Conveyance of own shares based on the long-term incentive plan

On March 28, 2019, a total of 79,040 of Metso Corporation's treasury shares were conveyed without consideration to the 80 key individuals participating in the Performance Share Plan 2016-2018 under the terms and conditions of the plan decreasing the number of treasury shares to 272,088. The directed share issue was based on an authorization given by the Annual General Meeting 2018.

Flagging notifications

In January-December 2019, Metso has received the following flagging notifications of changes in direct shareholding, shareholding through financial instruments or their total amount. Metso is not aware of any shareholders' agreements regarding the ownership of Metso shares and voting rights. Metso has 150,348,256 issued shares.

Events after the reporting period

Changes in the Metso Executive Team

Giuseppe Campanelli was appointed President, Minerals Services business area, and Kalle Sipilä President, Pumps business area as of January 2, 2020. Both also became members of Metso's Executive Team. The former President of both Minerals Services and Pumps business areas, Mikko Keto, resigned on January 1, 2020.

Shareholders' Nomination Board's proposals regarding the composition and remuneration of the Board of Directors of Metso and the future Neles

The Shareholders' Nomination Board published its proposals regarding the composition and remuneration of the Board of Directors of both Metso and the future Neles Corporation on January 16, 2020. The Nomination Board will provide these proposals to Metso's Board of Directors, which will submit them to Metso's next Annual General Meeting, to be held on March 20, 2020.

Metso's Board composition and remuneration

The Nomination Board will propose that Metso's Board of Directors should have seven members. Mikael Lilius is proposed to be re-elected as the Chair, Christer Gardell as the Vice Chair, and Lars Josefsson, Antti Mäkinen, Kari Stadigh and Arja Talma re-elected as members of the Board. Emanuela Speranza will be proposed as a new Board member. Peter Carlsson, a current Board member, has notified the Nomination Board that he will not be available for re-election.

The Board's term of office will commence at the end of the Annual General Meeting and will expire at the registration of the completion of the partial demerger of Metso Corporation.

All the Board member candidates have given their consent to their election and have been assessed to be independent of the company and its significant shareholders, except for Christer Gardell and Antti Mäkinen, who have each been assessed to be independent of the company but not independent of a significant shareholder.

Metso and Outotec have, on February 5, 2020, signed an agreement to amend the combination agreement in respect of the combination of Metso's Minerals Business and Outotec. In the amendment agreement, Metso and Outotec have agreed that Nina Kopola would be replaced with Emanuela Speranza on the Board of Directors of Metso Outotec due to the resignation of Ms. Kopola from the Board of Directors of Metso. Ms. Speranza will be proposed to be elected to the Board of Directors of Metso at the Annual General Meeting of Metso to be held on March 20, 2020.

The Nomination Board will propose the same fixed annual remuneration to the Board members as in the previous term. The remuneration to be paid will be calculated pro rata to the length of the term of office based on the following annual remuneration:

- Chair – EUR 120,000
- Vice Chair – EUR 66,000
- Other members – EUR 53,000 each

Additional remuneration to be paid pro rata to the length of the term of office:

- Chair of the Audit Committee – EUR 20,000
- Members of the Audit Committee – EUR 10,000
- Chair of the Remuneration and HR Committee – EUR 10,000
- Member of the Remuneration and HR Committee – EUR 5,000

The Nomination Board will propose that the fixed annual remuneration be paid to the members of the Board of Directors in cash within two weeks after the expiry of their term of office.

Future Neles' Board composition and remuneration

The Nomination Board will propose that the Board of Directors of the future Neles Corporation should have seven members. Jukka Moisio is proposed to be elected as Chair, Mark Vernon as Vice Chair, and Britta Giesen, Anu Hämäläinen, Niko Pakalén, Teija Sarajärvi and Petter Söderström as members of the Board.

All member candidates have given their consent to their election and have been assessed to be independent of the company and its significant shareholders, except for Petter Söderström and Niko Pakalén, who have each been assessed to be independent of the company but not independent of a significant shareholder.

The term of office of the Neles Board will commence at the registration of the completion of the partial demerger of Metso and will expire at the end of the next Annual General Meeting of Neles.

The Nomination Board will propose the following fixed annual remuneration. The remuneration to be paid will be calculated pro rata to the length of the term of office based on the following annual remuneration:

- Chair – EUR 115,000
- Vice Chair – EUR 65,000
- Other members – EUR 50,000 each

Additional remuneration to be paid pro rata to the length of the term of office:

- Chair of the Audit Committee – EUR 15,000
- Members of the Audit Committee – EUR 7,500
- Chair of the Remuneration and HR Committee – EUR 7,500
- Member of the Remuneration and HR Committee – EUR 3,750

The Nomination Board will propose that, as a condition for the annual remuneration, the members of the Board of Directors of the future Neles Corporation be obliged, directly based on the Annual General Meeting's decision, to use 40% of the fixed total annual remuneration for purchasing Neles Corporation shares from the market at a price formed in public trading and that the purchase will be carried out within two weeks from the publication of the interim review for the period following the registration of the completion of the partial demerger of Metso.

Meeting fees

Meeting fees are proposed to be paid as follows: for each meeting of the Board of Directors of Metso Corporation and the future Neles Corporation and their Committees, a fee of EUR 800 be paid to the members of the Board that reside in the Nordic countries, a fee of EUR 1,600 be paid to the members of the Board that reside in other European countries and a fee of EUR 3,200 be paid to the members of the Board that reside outside Europe.

Personnel representative

The Nomination Board notes that, also during the commencing term of office of the Board of Directors, a personnel representative will participate as an external expert in the meetings of the Board of Metso, within the limitations imposed by Finnish law. The Board of Metso will invite the personnel representative in its organizing meeting after the AGM 2020.

Composition of the Nomination Board

Metso's Shareholders' Nomination Board comprises Petter Söderström (Investment Director, Solidium Oy) as the Chair and Niko Pakalén (Partner, Cevian Capital Partners Ltd.), Mikko Mursula (Deputy CEO, Ilmarinen Mutual Pension Insurance Company), Risto Murto (President and CEO, Varma Mutual Pension Insurance Company), and, as an expert member, Mikael Lilius (Chair of Metso's Board of Directors). The Shareholders' Nomination Board consists of the representatives of the four largest registered shareholders of the company based on the ownership situation as of September 1 annually.

Mikael Lilius has not participated in the decision-making of the Nomination Board's proposal concerning the remuneration of the Chair of the Board and the election of the Chair of the Board of Metso, due to his current position as Metso's Chair.

Petter Söderström and Niko Pakalén have not participated in the decision-making of the Nomination Board's proposal concerning the remuneration of the members of the Board of Directors and the election of the Board members of the future Neles Corporation, due to them being proposed as Board members of the future Neles.

Short-term business risks and market uncertainties

Uncertainties in economic growth and political developments globally could affect our customer industries, reduce the investment appetite and spending among our customers, weaken the demand for Metso's products and services as well as affect our business operations. There are also other market- and customer-related risks that could cause on-going projects to be postponed, delayed or discontinued. Concern about the possible effects of the ongoing trade disputes on economic growth has had an impact on metal prices. This could further impact our customers' behavior.

Continued market growth and inflation as well as the impact of tariffs or other trade barriers could pose challenges to our supply chain and price management, impacting our growth capability and margins.

Exchange rate fluctuations and changes in commodity prices could affect our orders received, sales and financial position. Metso hedges currency exposure linked to firm delivery and purchase agreements.

Uncertain market conditions could adversely affect our customers' payment behavior and increase the risk of lawsuits, claims and disputes taken against Metso in various countries related to, among other things, Metso's products, projects and other operations.

The outbreak of the coronavirus will likely have an impact on the manufacturing and supply chain-related operations in China during the first quarter of 2020.

Information security and cyber threats could disturb or disrupt Metso's businesses and operations.

Market outlook

Market activity in both segments, Flow Control and Minerals, is expected to remain at the current level in both the equipment and services business.

Metso's market outlook describes the expected sequential development of market activity during the following six-month period using three categories: improve, remain at the current level, or decline.

Corporate Governance Statement

Metso published a separate Corporate Governance Statement for 2019 that complies with the recommendations of the Finnish Corporate Governance Code for listed companies and covers other central areas of corporate governance. The statement is available on our website, separately from the Board of Directors' Report.

Non-financial information

Metso's business model

Metso drives profitable growth and sustainable productivity across its customer industries to create value for its shareholders and other stakeholders by offering a diverse and competitive portfolio for mining, aggregates, recycling and other process industries through a market-specific sales and supply chain.

Non-financial value creation

Metso takes a systematic approach to managing non-financial matters, including appropriate policies, processes, governance and organization. The Board of Directors has evaluated the following non-financial matters: environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, as well as anti-corruption and bribery matters, as required by the Finnish Accounting Act and set forth in EU Directive 2014/95/EU (rules on disclosure of non-financial and diversity information by large companies). The evaluation criteria took into consideration value chain impacts, risk management measures, applicable performance indicators and future opportunities. The Board has concluded that the most material non-financial areas in terms of value creation for shareholders and other stakeholders are:

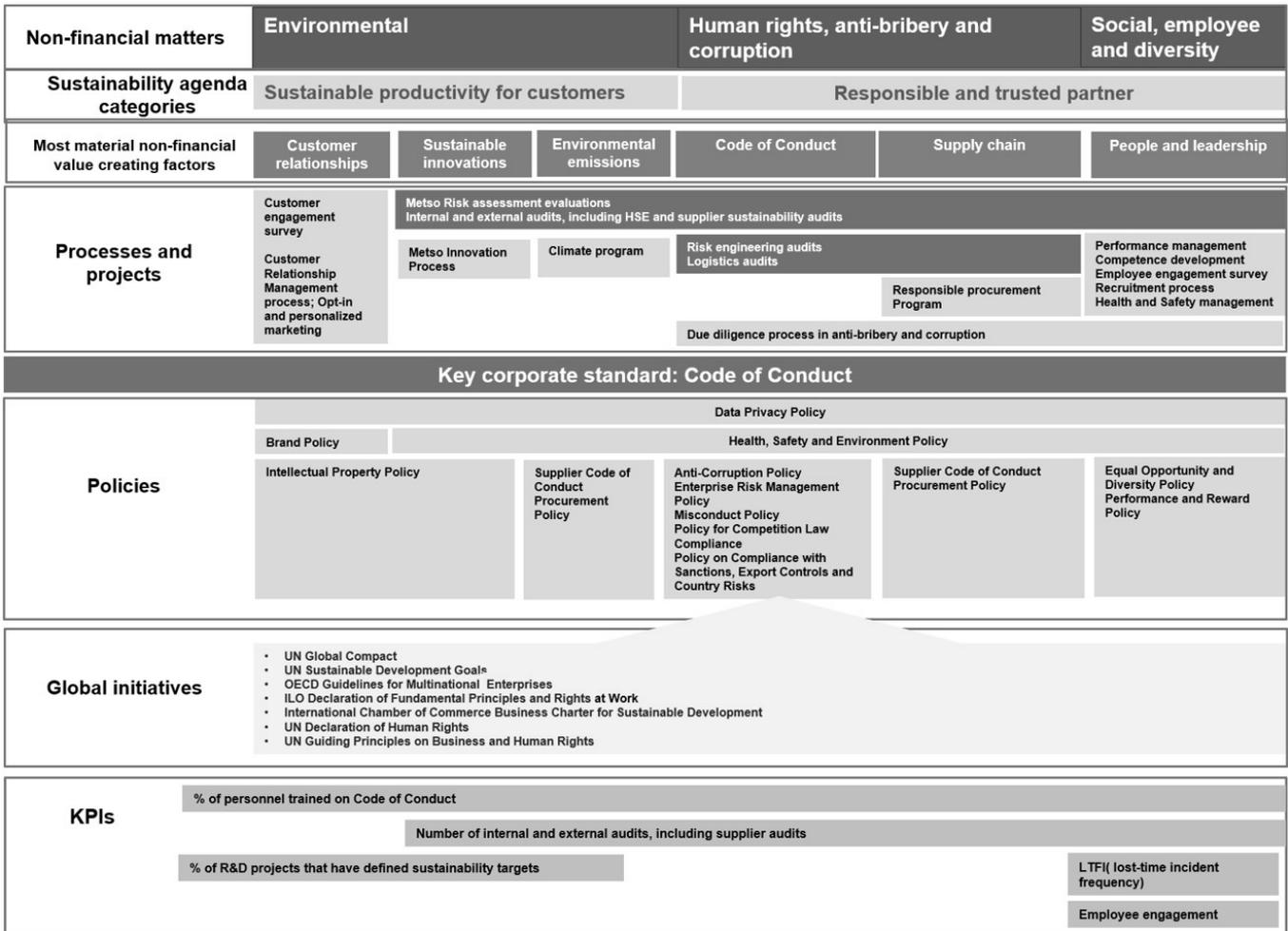
1. Customer relationships
2. Sustainable innovations
3. Code of Conduct
4. Supply chain
5. People and leadership
6. Actions and programs related to climate issues

Metso's sustainability agenda comprises of two focus areas: responsible and trusted partner, and sustainable productivity for customers. These focus areas include the most material non-financial value creating areas listed above. A commitment to follow certain global initiatives forms the basis for Metso's value creation and business operations regarding non-financial value creation. Metso's operations are also managed through policies, processes, guidelines and instructions.

Key performance indicators for non-financial areas

Key performance indicators (KPIs) that Metso has chosen for the non-financial areas are:

1. % of personnel trained on Code of Conduct
2. Number of internal and external audits (including supplier audits)
3. % of R&D projects that have defined sustainability targets
4. Lost-time incident frequency
5. Employee engagement



Non-financial risks

Risks related to Metso's non-financial areas are mainly associated with compliance, brand and reputation, health, safety and environment (HSE), and climate change, as well as human and labor rights, especially in the supply chain.

Operating throughout the value chain in a sustainable way is a high priority for Metso, as environmental, social or governance misconduct can affect the company's reputation and have long-term financial and other consequences. Non-financial risks can also create business interruption risks, lost working hours and other financial implications.

Metso's Code of Conduct is the key corporate standard to be followed by all employees; in addition, we have other relevant policies, guidelines and processes in place to support risk management. As Metso's operations are largely outsourced, there are risks related to the environment, human and labor rights, and corruption in the supply chain. To mitigate supply chain risks, supplier audits are conducted annually by an external Metso partner and by internal procurement and quality assurance.

Health issues, discrimination and harassment are the most significant human and labor rights-related risks. Sick-leave absences can have cost impacts and compromise customer deliveries. Low employee engagement may lead to losing talent and competences. Metso mitigates these risks by, for example, having compulsory Code of Conduct training, which includes harassment and discrimination topics, every second year for all employees. In addition, these risks are mitigated by providing managers with tools in daily management activities and through the active development of leadership. For example, in Finland the 'Metso early support model' is in place to help ensure that employees can maintain their health.

Metso's main health and safety risks occur both in its own operations as well as at customer sites. The most common risks in our own operations are related to lifting, working at heights, machinery, hot work and road travel. These risks are mitigated with the help of work instructions, training, risk observations, audits and the corrective actions that these generate. Metso uses lost-time incident frequency (LTIF) as the key indicator for safety both at its own premises and for the subcontractors working at Metso's and customers' sites. Another important safety focus is on making sure that products and services are safe to use and maintain; thus, the safety of services is considered in the early phase of product and service development.

The biggest threats and opportunities related to the environment and climate change are present at customer sites. Flow Control's key focus areas are improved reliability, safety and minimizing emissions. In Minerals, Metso works to improve efficiency through reduced energy consumption, reduced water consumption, improved utilization of raw materials, reduced

emissions, and reduced noise and dust. Safety is an overall priority. Metso's aim is to develop its offering for both brownfield and greenfield operations.

The Board oversees the appropriate governance of overall enterprise risk management. Internal control practices are aligned with Metso's risk management process approved by the Board. Risk management and major risks are described in detail in the Corporate Governance on pages. An audit frame is in place to support risk management by ensuring compliance and continuous business development. In 2019, a total of 190 compliance-related audits were conducted at Metso premises and for Metso suppliers.

Customer relationships

A few years ago, a single Customer Relationship Management system was implemented across the businesses to more effectively collate and manage customer data. Currently, work is ongoing to further improve the information and its usage to make customer relationship management more effective and deliver a better service experience. Furthermore, the development of our sales capabilities by providing training and by strengthening the sales teams in driving customer success has continued.

Metso gathers customer feedback systematically and measures the customer experience in all businesses. This enables Metso to validate its strengths and identify the operational development areas. The results from the annual engagement survey indicate that customers value the quality of Metso's products and the technical expertise and support they get from their key contacts. Areas to be improved are responsiveness, problem resolution and availability of products. Metso has developed improvement initiatives and metrics to address the identified areas, and their impact on the customer experience is monitored with the annual measurement as well as with regular touchpoint surveys, for example after product or service delivery. The annual customer engagement survey was conducted in autumn 2019 and the results showed good improvement.

Metso continues to invest in marketing automation, which will help keep customers better informed throughout their customer journey, from solution research to replacement. This improves the customer experience and increases sales potential.

Sustainable innovations

Metso's product and service design is focused on helping customers to operate safely with higher productivity and profitability while reducing their resource intensity. The biggest environmental impacts of Metso's solutions are generated when they are in use in the customer processes. The mining industry faces increasing energy costs, declining water resources, stringent environmental legislation, and lower grade ore bodies. Innovating for solutions that are more energy efficient is one of the key drivers in the mining industry because the comminution process, including crushing and grinding, is the most energy-intensive and energy-inefficient stage of mineral production. Improvements in comminution efficiency can result in significant energy savings and have a large impact on the operating cost of a plant as well as conserve resources and reduce greenhouse gas emissions.

Product safety is also one of the key drivers in Metso's research and development work. The product safety principles consider all aspects relevant to:

- Safe installation and operation
- Servicing and maintaining products in all conditions
- Training customers on the safe use of the equipment

Metso has a target to define sustainability targets for each new R&D project; 91% of the new R&D projects in 2019 had set environmental efficiency and/or product safety innovation targets. The R&D expenditure in 2019 was EUR 62 million (EUR 51 million in 2018).

Metso's services portfolio, which ranges from wear and spare parts to life cycle services, is an important part of the offering. Service and distribution centers close to the customer ensure efficient and timely service. Well-maintained equipment typically has a smaller environmental footprint.

Climate program

In 2019, Metso launched a new climate program that includes CO₂ emissions reduction targets for all the relevant emission sources: research & development, procurement, production, inbound and outbound transportation and flights. The program also includes local supportive actions, such as environmental efficiency of offices and commuting.

Code of Conduct

Metso's Code of Conduct is the key corporate standard to be followed. Metso's commitment to integrity as outlined in our Code of Conduct reflects our respect for all applicable laws and regulations, our aim to share regulatory best practices, and our effort to act as a good corporate citizen. We respect and support human rights. All employees are entitled to be treated with respect, and we have zero tolerance for discrimination, harassment, or illegal threats. Any form of compulsory, forced or child labor is unacceptable. We respect applicable national laws and regulations regarding working hours and employee compensation. Our Anti-Corruption Policy supports zero-tolerance for bribery and corruption, including facilitation payments. Metso requires in its third-party agreements that suppliers, business partners and other stakeholders also follow similar standards.

All Metso people have a responsibility for compliance. A range of internal controls are in place, and people are strongly encouraged to report any suspected wrongdoing or misconduct to their supervisors, to other management or, if necessary, directly to Internal Audit, e.g. using a whistleblower channel. All reports are treated as confidential and anonymous, and Metso commits to no negative repercussions for the reporting person.

In 2019 we implemented a renewed Code of Conduct training as part of our biennial process. The training is mandatory for all employees; 99.2% of Metso employees completed the training during the required time frame either through e-learning or in a classroom setting. The training is part of the induction program for new employees.

Supply chain

Due to the cyclical nature of Metso's customer industries, a business model of outsourcing the manufacturing plays an important role. 70 percent of the cost of goods sold derives from our suppliers, and close relationships with them are critical. Metso expects its suppliers to follow the Supplier Code of Conduct, which is based on Metso's Code of Conduct, and the international principles Metso follows.

Processes are in place to continuously develop a shared understanding with suppliers in the areas of innovation, cost efficiency, quality and sustainability in order to manage the risks related to outsourcing. Human and labor rights, environmental and safety practices, compliance with laws and regulations, and anti-bribery are covered by third-party supplier audits, supplier self-assessments and Metso's internal supplier sustainability audits. Key supplier requirements are also incorporated into contract obligations, and a contract breach can lead to consequences that include the termination of a supplier relationship. Supplier sustainability audits are conducted in higher risk countries, and suppliers are required to implement corrective actions within a given timeframe. Corrective actions are followed up.

People and leadership

The performance and engagement of our people is a key contributor to value creation. Engagement is supported and achieved by the safety and wellbeing of employees and responsible employment.

Valuing diversity and providing equal opportunities is important. In order to advance work-related human rights principles, Metso has had an Equal Opportunity and Diversity Policy since 2011. The policy provides concrete content to the general principles of Metso's Code of Conduct. The underlying principle of the policy is Metso's commitment to promoting equal opportunities for all employees, regardless of gender, age, race, religion, caste or religious beliefs, ethnic or national origins, marital/civil partnership status, union membership, political affiliation, sexuality or disability. Employees are selected based on merit and experience.

Continuous development and learning in everyone's daily work is emphasized in Metso's learning approach, which is supported by our global people processes and tools. Additionally, Metso aims for fair remuneration systems that take into consideration the individual, team, business area and the Group's performance, as well as the varying market practices globally. From an employee engagement point of view, excelling in leadership makes all the difference. Metso's approach is based on its values and Leadership Principles. Employee engagement is measured via the Metso global employee survey, PeoplePulse, which was conducted in 2019 and showed improved results from 2018.

Human rights are part of our Code of Conduct. We respect human rights and support the execution of related global initiatives and policies. We also review human rights-related topics, including safety and labor rights, regularly in our own operations and within the operations of our suppliers. In 2019, we assessed two of our units: China and India. Based on the results, follow-up plans will be prepared; the assessments will be expanded to other sites in 2020. Employee safety, risk observations, safety discussions and safety training hours are continuously measured. The lost-time incident frequency (LTIF) in 2019 was 1.7 (2.8 in 2018). Annually, an external partner conducts site visits as part of sustainability reporting assurance. In 2019, three sites were visited as part of the assurance process: in Canada, Finland, and India.

Further information

In addition, as required by the Finnish Accounting Act and set forth in EU Directive 2014/95/EU (rules on disclosure of non-financial and diversity information by large companies), information related to non-financial matters is also available at:

- Business Overview 2019, Metso's strategy and business model
- Business Overview 2019, Metso's value creation model
- Corporate Governance 2019, Risk management at Metso
- Corporate Governance 2019, Metso's risk map

Shares and shareholders

Metso has one share series, and each share entitles its holder to one vote at a General Meeting and to an equal amount of dividend. Metso's shares are registered in the Finnish book-entry system maintained by Euroclear.

Basic share information

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Listed on | Nasdaq Helsinki |
| Trading code | METSO |
| ISIN code | FI0009007835 |
| Industry | Industrials |
| Number of shares on December 31, 2019 | 150,348,256 |
| Share capital on December 31, 2019 | EUR 140,982,843.80 |
| Market value on December 31, 2019 | EUR 5,280 million |
| Listing date | July 1, 1999 |

Metso shares are also traded on alternative marketplaces like BOAT, BATS Chi-X and Turquoise. In addition, Metso's ADS (American Depositary Shares) are traded in the United States on the International OTCQX market under the ticker symbol MXCYY. Four Metso ADS represent one ordinary share. The Bank of New York Mellon serves as the depository bank for Metso's ADS.

Metso's share and shareholders in 2019

On December 31, 2019, Metso's share capital was EUR 140,982,843.80 and the total number of shares was 150,348,256. There were no changes in the number of shares and share capital in 2019. More information on the past share capital changes is available at www.metso.com/shares.

At the end of 2019, Metso had approximately 45,000 shareholders in the book-entry system. The largest shareholder was Solidium with 22,374,869 shares and 14.9 percent of the share capital. A total of 113,638,358 Metso shares were traded on the Nasdaq Helsinki during 2019, equivalent to a turnover of EUR 3,673 million.

At the year-end, the members of Metso's Board of Directors and President and CEO Pekka Vauramo held a total of 77,931 Metso shares, corresponding to 0.05 percent of the total number of shares and votes. More information about management holdings is available in note 1.5.

Share key figures 2015–2019

| | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Share capital, at the end of year, EUR million | 141 | 141 | 141 | 141 | 141 |
| Number of shares, at the end of year | | | | | |
| Number of outstanding shares | 150,076,168 | 149,997,128 | 149,997,128 | 149,984,538 | 149,984,538 |
| Own shares held by the Parent Company | 272,088 | 351,128 | 351,128 | 363,718 | 363,718 |
| Total number of shares | 150,348,256 | 150,348,256 | 150,348,256 | 150,348,256 | 150,348,256 |
| Average number of outstanding shares | 150,057,328 | 149,997,128 | 149,995,127 | 149,984,538 | 149,964,701 |
| Average number of diluted shares | 150,200,101 | 150,186,841 | 150,151,338 | 150,113,107 | 149,989,417 |
| Earnings/share, basic, EUR | 2.00 | 1.53 | 0.68 | 0.87 | 2.95 |
| Earnings/share, diluted, EUR | 2.00 | 1.53 | 0.68 | 0.87 | 2.95 |
| Free cash flow/share, EUR | 0.26 | 0.97 | 1.05 | 2.26 | 2.27 |
| Dividend/share ¹ , EUR | 1.47 | 1.20 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 |
| Dividend ¹ , EUR million | 221 | 180 | 157 | 157 | 157 |
| Dividend/earnings ¹ , % | 73.5 | 78.4 | 154.0 | 121.0 | 36.0 |
| Effective dividend yield ¹ , % | 4.2 | 5.2 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 5.1 |
| P/E ratio | 17.6 | 15.0 | 41.9 | 31.2 | 7.0 |
| Equity/share, EUR | 10.08 | 9.37 | 8.96 | 9.54 | 9.58 |

¹ Board proposal to the AGM

Share performance and trading on Nasdaq Helsinki in 2019

| | 2019 |
|---|-------------|
| Closing price, December 31, EUR | 35.18 |
| Market capitalization, December 31 ¹ , EUR million | 5,280 |
| Trading volume, NASDAQ OMX Helsinki Ltd, pieces | 113,638,358 |
| % of shares ² | 76% |
| Trading volume, NASDAQ OMX Helsinki Ltd, EUR million | 3,673 |
| Average daily trading volume, pieces | 454,553 |
| compared to 2018, % | -4% |
| Relative turnover, % | 76% |
| relative turnover 2018 | 79% |
| Share performance, % | 1.54 |
| Highest share price, EUR | 39.79 |
| Lowest share price, EUR | 22.36 |
| Average share price, EUR | 32.32 |

¹ Excluding own shares held by the parent company

² Of the total amount of shares for public trading

Metso ADR share performance in 2019

| | 2019 |
|---------------------------------|-------|
| Closing price, December 31, USD | 9.78 |
| Highest share price, USD | 10.48 |
| Lowest share price, USD | 6.40 |

Largest shareholders December 31, 2019

| | Shares and votes | % of share capital and voting rights |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 Solidium Oy | 22,374,869 | 14.88 |
| 2 Ilmarinen Mutual Pension Insurance Company | 4,051,253 | 2.69 |
| 3 Varma Mutual Pension Insurance Company | 2,848,465 | 1.89 |
| 4 The Local Government Pensions Institution | 1,575,166 | 1.05 |
| 5 Elo Mutual Pension Insurance Company | 1,476,000 | 0.98 |
| 6 Nordea Funds | 1,294,361 | 0.86 |
| Nordea Pro Finland Fund | 598,753 | 0.40 |
| Nordea Finnish Passive Fund | 285,495 | 0.19 |
| Nordea Premium Varainhoito Tasapaino Fund | 82,869 | 0.06 |
| Nordea Premium Varainhoito Maltti Fund | 75,446 | 0.05 |
| Nordea Säästö 50 | 65,418 | 0.04 |
| Nordea Finland Fund | 49,873 | 0.03 |
| Nordea Säästö 25 Fund | 44,904 | 0.03 |
| Nordea Säästö 75 | 38,337 | 0.03 |
| Nordea Premium Varainhoito Kasvu Fund | 28,450 | 0.02 |
| Nordea Bank Abp | 24,816 | 0.02 |
| 7 Society of Swedish Literature in Finland | 1,095,176 | 0.73 |
| 8 The State Pension Fund | 1,000,000 | 0.67 |
| 9 Danske Invest Funds | 784,645 | 0.52 |
| Danske Invest Finnish Equity Fund | 635,402 | 0.42 |
| Danske Invest Arvo Finland Value Fund | 149,243 | 0.10 |
| 10 OP Funds | 736,940 | 0.49 |
| OP-Finland | 570,000 | 0.38 |
| OP-Finland Index Fund | 101,743 | 0.07 |
| OP-Pohjoismaat Indeksii-Sijoitusrahasto | 65,197 | 0.04 |
| 11 Mandatum Life Insurance Company Ltd. | 667,986 | 0.44 |
| 12 Sigrid Jusélius Foundation | 662,465 | 0.44 |
| 13 Aktia Funds | 525,000 | 0.35 |
| Aktia Capital Mutual Fund | 400,000 | 0.27 |
| Aktia Secura Mutual Fund | 70,000 | 0.05 |
| Aktia Nordic Mutual Fund | 55,000 | 0.04 |
| 14 Schweizerische Nationalbank | 480,962 | 0.32 |
| 15 Finnish Cultural Foundation | 400,123 | 0.27 |
| 16 Oy Etra Invest Ab | 400,000 | 0.27 |
| 17 The Finnish Social Insurance Institution | 396,316 | 0.26 |
| 18 Veritas Pension Insurance Company Ltd. | 365,000 | 0.24 |
| 19 Samfundet Folkhälsan i Svenska Finland | 320,985 | 0.21 |
| 20 SEB Finlandia Optimized Low Carbon | 272,992 | 0.18 |
| 20 largest owner groups in total | 41,728,704 | 27.75 |
| Nominee-registered holders | 82,498,397 | 54.87 |
| Other shareholders | 25,841,047 | 17.17 |
| Own shares held by the Parent Company | 272,088 | 0.20 |
| In the issuer account | 8,020 | 0.00 |
| Total | 150,348,256 | 100.00 |

Breakdown of share ownership on December 31, 2019

| Number of shares | Shareholders | % of shareholders | Total number of shares and votes | % of share capital and voting rights |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 – 100 | 20,859 | 46.5 | 1,008,335 | 0.7 |
| 101 – 1,000 | 20,304 | 45.3 | 7,170,290 | 4.8 |
| 1,001 – 10,000 | 3,378 | 7.5 | 8,613,321 | 5.7 |
| 10,001 – 50,000 | 223 | 0.5 | 4,409,336 | 2.9 |
| 50,001 – 100,000 | 38 | 0.1 | 2,653,276 | 1.8 |
| over 100,000 | 44 | 0.1 | 43,715,193 | 29.0 |
| Total | 44,846 | 100 | 67,569,751 | 44.9 |
| Nominee-registered shares | 11 | | 82,498,397 | 54.9 |
| Own shares held by the Parent Company | 1 | | 272,088 | 0.2 |
| In the issuer account | | | 8,020 | 0.0 |
| Number of shares issued | | | 150,348,256 | 100.0 |

Breakdown by shareholder category on December 31, 2019

| % | 2019 |
|--|-------------|
| Nominee-registered and non-Finnish holders | 56% |
| Solidium Oy | 15% |
| Private investors | 11% |
| Financial and insurance corporations | 12% |
| Non-profit institutions | 4% |
| Others | 2% |
| Total | 100% |

Flaggings

Under the provisions of the Finnish Securities Markets Act, shareholders of listed companies have an obligation to notify both the Finnish Financial Supervision Authority and the company of changes when their holdings reach, exceed or fall below a certain threshold. Metso is not aware of any shareholders' agreements regarding Metso shares or voting rights. All flagging notifications have been released as a stock exchange release are available at www.metso.com/news.

Board authorizations

The Annual General Meeting has granted the following authorizations to the Board that are effective at the signing of the Financial Statements. The Board has not exercised these authorizations. Valid board authorizations and their details are available at www.metso.com/board.

| Authorization | Maximum number | Validity | Purpose of use |
|--|------------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Repurchase and conveyance of the company's own shares | 10 million shares (6.7% of shares) | Until June 30, 2020 | 1. Development of the company's capital structure 2. Financing or carrying out acquisitions, investments or other business transactions 3. Management's incentive plans |
| Issuance of shares and issuance of special rights entitling to shares ¹ | 15 million shares (10% of shares) | Until June 30, 2020 | Same as above. A directed share issue may be executed without consideration only if there is an especially weighty financial reason to do so, taking the interests of all shareholders into account. |

¹ Repurchased shares can be held by the company, cancelled or conveyed. The Board of Directors shall decide on other matters related to the repurchase and/or acceptance as a pledge of the company's own shares.

Incentive plans

Metso's share ownership plans are part of the management remuneration program. For further information, see www.metso.com/remuneration and the Financial Statements, note 1.5 and 1.6. Any shares to be potentially rewarded are acquired through public trading, and therefore the incentive plans have no diluting effect on the share value.

Key figures

Continuing operations

| EUR million | 2019 ¹ | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|-------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Sales | 660 | 593 | 2,699 | 2,586 | 2,977 |
| Operating profit | 93 | 83 | 218 | 227 | 555 |
| % of sales | 14.0 | 14.1 | 8.1 | 8.8 | 18.6 |
| Profit before taxes | 91 | 85 | 184 | 188 | 516 |
| % of sales | 13.8 | 14.3 | 6.8 | 7.3 | 17.3 |
| Profit for the year | 69 | 65 | 102 | 130 | 442 |
| % of sales | 10.4 | 10.9 | 3.8 | 5.0 | 14.8 |
| Profit for the year, discontinued operations | 230 | 164 | - | - | - |
| Profit attributable to shareholders of the company | 301 | 230 | 102 | 130 | 442 |
| Exports from Finland and international operations | 629 | 560 | 2,628 | 2,501 | 2,881 |
| % of sales | 95.3 | 94.6 | 97.4 | 96.7 | 96.8 |
| Amortization | 4 | 2 | 17 | 17 | 18 |
| Depreciation | 10 | 10 | 42 | 44 | 51 |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets | 11 | - | - | - | - |
| Depreciation and amortization, total | 25 | 12 | 59 | 61 | 69 |
| % of sales | 3.8 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.3 |
| EBITA | 96 | 86 | 236 | 244 | 573 |
| % of sales | 14.6 | 14.5 | 8.7 | 9.4 | 19.3 |
| EBITDA | 117 | 95 | 277 | 288 | 624 |
| % of sales | 17.8 | 16.1 | 10.3 | 11.1 | 21.0 |
| Orders received | 681 | 628 | 2,982 | 2,724 | 3,027 |
| Order backlog, December 31 | 280 | 276 | 1,439 | 1,320 | 1,268 |

¹ Key figures for years 2019 and 2018 are presenting continuing operations.

The Income statement and Balance sheet of discontinued operations are presented in more detail in the appendix Analysis of discontinued operations.

Metso total

| EUR million | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Financial expenses, net | 38 | 30 | 35 | 39 | 39 |
| % of sales ¹ | 1.1 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.3 |
| Interest expenses | 34 | 25 | 23 | 29 | 28 |
| % of sales ¹ | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 0.9 |
| Interest cover (EBITDA) | 15.0x | 13.7x | 7.9x | 7.4x | 16.0x |
| Gross capital expenditure | 110 | 67 | 38 | 31 | 46 |
| % of sales ¹ | 3.0 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.5 |
| Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired | 214 | 78 | 30 | - | - |
| Net capital expenditure | 102 | 61 | 35 | 19 | 31 |
| % of sales ¹ | 2.8 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 1.0 |
| Net cash flow from operating activities | 91 | 177 | 185 | 346 | 360 |
| Free cash flow | 39 | 146 | 158 | 339 | 341 |
| Cash conversion, % ² | 13 | 64 | 155 | 261 | 180 |
| Research and development | 62 | 51 | 27 | 34 | 41 |
| % of sales ¹ | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| Balance sheet total | 3,887 | 3,279 | 3,287 | 3,236 | 3,209 |
| Equity attributable to shareholders | 1,523 | 1,406 | 1,344 | 1,431 | 1,436 |
| Total equity | 1,526 | 1,416 | 1,351 | 1,439 | 1,444 |
| Interest bearing liabilities | 1,017 | 598 | 853 | 794 | 822 |
| Net interest bearing liabilities | 798 | 165 | 24 | -26 | 153 |
| Net working capital (NWC) | 939 | 633 | 502 | 487 | 598 |
| % of sales ¹ | 25.8 | 20.0 | 18.6 | 18.8 | 20.1 |
| Capital employed | 2,543 | 2,015 | 2,204 | 2,233 | 2,267 |
| Return on equity (ROE), % | 20.4 | 16.5 | 7.3 | 9.0 | 33.1 |
| Return on capital employed (ROCE) before taxes, % | 19.2 | 16.9 | 10.3 | 10.4 | 25.7 |
| Return on capital employed (ROCE) after taxes, % | 15.1 | 12.5 | 6.6 | 7.8 | 22.4 |
| Equity to assets ratio, % | 42.3 | 47.7 | 44.5 | 48.0 | 48.3 |
| Net gearing, % | 52.3 | 11.7 | 1.8 | -1.8 | 10.6 |
| Debt to capital, % | 40.0 | 29.7 | 38.7 | 35.6 | 36.3 |
| Average number of personnel | 14,331 | 12,605 | 11,703 | 12,059 | 13,754 |
| Personnel, December 31 | 15,821 | 13,150 | 12,037 | 11,542 | 12,619 |

¹ In 2019 Metso comparable revenue totaled EUR 3,635 million (EUR 3,173 million in 2018)

² In 2015 cash conversion is calculated on profit excluding the gain on the sale of Process Automation (PAS) business disposal.

The Income statement and Balance sheet of discontinued operations are presented in more detail in the appendix Analysis of discontinued operations.

Formulas for the key figures

| | | | |
|--|---|---|--|
| Earnings before financial expenses, net, taxes and amortization, adjusted (adjusted EBITA) | = | Operating profit + adjustment items + amortization | |
| Earnings per share, basic | = | $\frac{\text{Profit attributable to shareholders}}{\text{Average number of outstanding shares during the period}}$ | |
| Earnings per share, diluted | = | $\frac{\text{Profit attributable to shareholders}}{\text{Average number of diluted shares during the period}}$ | |
| Equity/share | = | $\frac{\text{Equity attributable to shareholders}}{\text{Number of outstanding shares at the end of the period}}$ | |
| Return on equity (ROE), % | = | $\frac{\text{Profit for the period}}{\text{Total equity (average for the period)}} \times 100$ | |
| Return on capital employed (ROCE) before taxes, % | = | $\frac{\text{Profit before tax + financial expenses}}{\text{Capital employed (average for the period)}} \times 100$ | |
| Return on capital employed (ROCE) after taxes, % | = | $\frac{\text{Profit for the period + financial expenses}}{\text{Capital employed (average for the period)}} \times 100$ | |
| Net gearing, % | = | $\frac{\text{Net interest bearing liabilities}}{\text{Total equity}} \times 100$ | |
| Debt to capital, % | = | $\frac{\text{Interest bearing liabilities}}{\text{Total equity + interest bearing liabilities}} \times 100$ | |
| Equity to assets ratio, % | = | $\frac{\text{Total equity}}{\text{Balance sheet total - advances received}} \times 100$ | |
| Free cash flow | = | Net cash provided by operating activities - maintenance investments + proceeds from sale of intangible and tangible assets | |
| Free cash flow/share | = | $\frac{\text{Free cash flow}}{\text{Average number of outstanding shares during the period}}$ | |
| Cash conversion, % | = | $\frac{\text{Free cash flow}}{\text{Profit for the period}} \times 100$ | |
| Interest cover (EBITDA) | = | $\frac{\text{EBITDA (Earnings before financial expenses, net, taxes, depreciation and amortization)}}{\text{Financial income and expenses, net}}$ | |
| Interest bearing liabilities | = | Interest bearing liabilities, non-current and current + lease liabilities, non-current and current | |
| Net interest bearing liabilities | = | Interest bearing liabilities - Non-current financial assets - loan and other interest bearing receivables (current and non-current) - liquid funds | |
| Net working capital (NWC) | = | Inventories + trade receivables + other non-interest bearing receivables + customer contract assets and liabilities, net - trade payables - advances received - other non-interest bearing liabilities | |
| Capital employed | = | Net working capital + intangible assets and tangible assets + right-of-use assets + non-current investments + interest bearing receivables + liquid funds + tax receivables, net + interest payables, net | |
| Operative capital employed | = | Intangible and tangible assets + right-of-use assets + investments in associated companies + inventories + non-interest bearing operative assets and receivables (external) - non-interest bearing operating liabilities (external) | |
| Return on operative capital employed for reporting segments (segment ROCE), % | = | $\frac{\text{Operating profit}}{\text{Operative capital employed (month-end average)}} \times 100$ | |

Board of Directors' proposal on the use of profit

On December 31, 2019, the distributable equity of Metso Corporation was:

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------|
| Invested non-restricted equity fund | EUR | 368,263,034.11 |
| Retained earnings | EUR | 420,858,625.66 |
| Net profit for the year | EUR | 107,844,991.97 |
| Distributable equity, total | EUR | 896,966,651.74 |

The Board of Directors proposes that a dividend of EUR 1,47 per share be paid based on the balance sheet to be adopted for the financial year, which ended December 31, 2019. Insofar as the dividend to be paid exceeds the net profit for the year ended December 31, 2019, the remaining amount will be paid from retained earnings from previous years.

| | | |
|--|-----|-----------------------|
| Dividend payment | EUR | 220,611,966.96 |
| Distributable equity after dividend payment | EUR | 676,354,684.78 |

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on February 5, 2020 after which, in accordance with Finnish Company Law, the financial statements are either approved, amended or rejected in the Annual General Meeting.

Consolidated Financial Statements

Consolidated Statement of Income, IFRS

| EUR million | Note | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|---------------|------------|------------|
| Continuing operations | | | |
| Sales | 1.1, 1.2 | 660 | 593 |
| Cost of goods sold | 1.5, 3.3 | -435 | -391 |
| Gross profit | | 225 | 202 |
| Selling and marketing expenses | 1.3, 1.5, 3.3 | -78 | -69 |
| Administrative expenses | 1.3, 1.5, 3.3 | -34 | -30 |
| Research and development expenses | 1.3, 1.5, 3.3 | -17 | -16 |
| Other operating income and expenses, net | 1.4 | -4 | -3 |
| Share in profits of associated companies | 5.3 | 0 | 0 |
| Operating profit | | 93 | 83 |
| Financial income | 1.7 | 1 | 1 |
| Foreign exchange gains/losses | 1.7 | 0 | 0 |
| Financial expenses | 1.7 | -2 | 0 |
| Financial income and expenses, net | | -2 | 1 |
| Profit before taxes | | 91 | 85 |
| Income taxes | 1.8 | -22 | -20 |
| Profit from continuing operations | | 69 | 65 |
| Profit from discontinued operations ¹ | | 230 | 164 |
| Profit for the year | | 299 | 229 |
| Profit from continuing operations attributable to | | | |
| Shareholders of the parent company | | 69 | 65 |
| Non-controlling interests | | 0 | 0 |
| Profit from discontinued operations attributable to | | | |
| Shareholders of the parent company | | 232 | 165 |
| Non-controlling interests | | -1 | -1 |
| Profit attributable to | | | |
| Shareholders of the parent company | | 301 | 230 |
| Non-controlling interests | | -1 | -1 |
| Earnings per share for continuing operations | | | |
| Basic, EUR | 1.9 | 0.46 | 0.43 |
| Diluted, EUR | | 0.46 | 0.43 |
| Earnings per share for discontinued operations | | | |
| Basic, EUR | 1.9 | 1.54 | 1.10 |
| Diluted, EUR | | 1.54 | 1.10 |
| Earnings per share | | | |
| Basic, EUR | 1.9 | 2.00 | 1.53 |
| Diluted, EUR | | 2.00 | 1.53 |

¹ The result for the period from discontinued operations is described in more detail in the appendix Analysis of discontinued operations.

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, IFRS

| EUR million | Note | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|---------------|------------|------------|
| Continuing operations | | | |
| Profit for the year | | 69 | 65 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | |
| Cash flow hedges, net of tax | 1.8, 4.4, 4.8 | - | - |
| Measurement at fair value, net of tax | 1.8, 4.2, 4.4 | 0 | 0 |
| Currency translation on subsidiary net investments | 1.8, 4.4 | 0 | 2 |
| Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods | | 0 | 2 |
| Defined benefit plan actuarial gains and losses, net of tax | 1.8, 2.7 | 2 | -3 |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | | 2 | -3 |
| Other comprehensive income | | 1 | -1 |
| Total comprehensive income from continuing operations | | 70 | 63 |
| Profit from continuing operations attributable to | | | |
| Shareholders of the parent company | | 70 | 63 |
| Non-controlling interests | | 0 | 0 |
| Discontinued operations | | | |
| Profit for the year | | 230 | 164 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | |
| Cash flow hedges, net of tax | 1.8, 4.4, 4.8 | 3 | -1 |
| Measurement at fair value, net of tax | 1.8, 4.2, 4.4 | 0 | 0 |
| Currency translation on subsidiary net investments | 1.8, 4.4 | 2 | -15 |
| Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods | | 4 | -16 |
| Defined benefit plan actuarial gains and losses, net of tax | 1.8, 2.7 | -3 | 1 |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | | -3 | 1 |
| Other comprehensive income | | 1 | -15 |
| Total comprehensive income from discontinued operations | | 231 | 150 |
| Profit from discontinued operations attributable to | | | |
| Shareholders of the parent company | | 232 | 151 |
| Non-controlling interests | | -1 | -1 |
| Total comprehensive income | | 301 | 213 |
| Attributable to | | | |
| Shareholders of the parent company | | 303 | 214 |
| Non-controlling interests | | -1 | -1 |

Consolidated Balance Sheet – Assets, IFRS

| EUR million | Note | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Intangible assets | 3.1, 3.3 | | |
| Goodwill | | 62 | 525 |
| Other intangible assets | | 18 | 83 |
| Total intangible assets | | 81 | 608 |
| Tangible assets | | | |
| | 3.2, 3.3 | | |
| Land and water areas | | 6 | 40 |
| Buildings and structures | | 21 | 97 |
| Machinery and equipment | | 28 | 135 |
| Assets under construction | | 11 | 33 |
| Total tangible assets | | 67 | 305 |
| Right-of-use assets | 3.3, 3.4 | 46 | 0 |
| Other non-current assets | | | |
| Investments in associated companies | 5.3 | 0 | 4 |
| Non-current financial assets | 4.2 | 0 | 3 |
| Loan and other interest bearing receivables | 4.2 | - | 6 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 4.8 | - | 3 |
| Deferred tax asset | 1.8 | 13 | 101 |
| Other non-current receivables | 2.2, 2.3, 4.2 | 1 | 38 |
| Total other non-current assets | | 14 | 157 |
| Total non-current assets | | 208 | 1,070 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Inventories | 2.4 | 181 | 950 |
| Trade receivables | 2.2 | 95 | 585 |
| Customer contract assets | 1.2 | - | 82 |
| Interest bearing receivables | | - | 1 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 4.8 | 0 | 10 |
| Income tax receivables | 1.8 | 2 | 22 |
| Other current receivables | 2.3 | 40 | 134 |
| Deposits and securities, maturity more than three months | | - | 94 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | 57 | 332 |
| Liquid funds | 4.3 | 57 | 426 |
| Total current assets | | 374 | 2,209 |
| Discontinued operations, assets ¹ | | 3,305 | - |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 3,887 | 3,279 |

¹ Discontinued operations' assets are disclosed in the appendix Analysis of discontinued operations.

Consolidated Balance Sheet – Equity and Liabilities, IFRS

| EUR million | Note | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|------------|--------------|--------------|
| Equity | 4.4 | | |
| Share capital | | 141 | 141 |
| Cumulative translation adjustments | | 52 | -101 |
| Fair value and other reserves | | 298 | 302 |
| Discontinued operations | | -155 | - |
| Retained earnings | | 1,187 | 1,064 |
| Equity attributable to shareholders | | 1,523 | 1,406 |
| Non-controlling interests | | 3 | 10 |
| Total equity | | 1,526 | 1,416 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Non-current liabilities | | | |
| Interest bearing liabilities | 4.2, 4.5 | 36 | 383 |
| Lease liabilities | 4.2, 4.5 | 37 | 0 |
| Post-employment benefit obligations | 2.7 | 9 | 68 |
| Provisions | 2.6 | 3 | 29 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 4.8 | - | 2 |
| Deferred tax liability | 1.8 | 4 | 30 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 2.5 | 0 | 2 |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 89 | 515 |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Interest bearing liabilities | 4.2, 4.5 | 20 | 215 |
| Lease liabilities | 4.2, 4.5 | 10 | 0 |
| Trade payables | 2.5 | 63 | 431 |
| Provisions | 2.6 | 12 | 71 |
| Advances received | | 24 | 208 |
| Customer contract liabilities | 1.2 | - | 100 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 4.8 | 1 | 14 |
| Income tax liabilities | 1.8 | 2 | 61 |
| Other current liabilities | 2.5 | 39 | 248 |
| Total current liabilities | | 171 | 1,348 |
| Total liabilities | | 259 | 1,863 |
| Discontinued operations, liabilities ¹ | | 2,102 | - |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | 3,887 | 3,279 |

¹ Discontinued operations' liabilities are disclosed in the appendix Analysis of discontinued operations.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity, IFRS

| EUR million | Share capital | Cumulative translation adjustments | Fair value and other reserves | Discontinued operations | Retained earnings | Equity attributable to shareholders | Non-controlling interests | Total equity |
|---|---------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| Jan 1, 2018 | 141 | -87 | 305 | - | 987 | 1,346 | 7 | 1,353 |
| Profit for the year | - | - | - | - | 230 | 230 | -1 | 229 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | | | | | |
| Cash flow hedges, net of tax | - | - | -1 | - | - | -1 | - | -1 |
| Measurement at fair value, net of tax | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | 0 |
| Currency translation on subsidiary net investments | - | -13 | - | - | - | -13 | 0 | -13 |
| Defined benefit plan actuarial gains and losses, net of tax | - | - | - | - | -2 | -2 | - | -2 |
| Total comprehensive income | - | -13 | -1 | - | 228 | 214 | -1 | 213 |
| Dividends | - | - | - | - | -157 | -157 | 0 | -157 |
| Share-based payments, net of tax | - | - | -2 | - | 1 | -2 | - | -2 |
| Other items | - | - | 0 | - | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Changes in non-controlling interests | - | - | - | - | 4 | 4 | 5 | 9 |
| Dec 31, 2018 | 141 | -101 | 302 | - | 1,064 | 1,406 | 10 | 1,416 |
| Impact of the adoption of new IFRS standards ¹ | - | - | - | - | -3 | -3 | - | -3 |
| Jan 1, 2019 | 141 | -101 | 302 | - | 1,061 | 1,403 | 10 | 1,413 |
| Profit for the year | - | - | - | - | 301 | 301 | -1 | 299 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | | | | | |
| Cash flow hedges, net of tax | - | - | 3 | - | - | 3 | - | 3 |
| Measurement at fair value, net of tax | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | 0 |
| Currency translation on subsidiary net investments | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Defined benefit plan actuarial gains and losses, net of tax | - | - | - | - | -2 | -2 | - | -2 |
| Discontinued operation | - | 151 | 0 | -155 | 3 | - | - | - |
| Total comprehensive income | - | 152 | 3 | -155 | 302 | 302 | -1 | 301 |
| Dividends | - | - | - | - | -180 | -180 | 0 | -180 |
| Share-based payments, net of tax | - | - | 5 | - | 0 | 5 | - | 5 |
| Other items | - | - | -12 | - | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Changes in non-controlling interests | - | - | - | - | -7 | -7 | -7 | -13 |
| Dec 31, 2019 | 141 | 52 | 298 | -155 | 1,187 | 1,523 | 3 | 1,526 |

¹ The adoption of IFRIC 23 had a EUR 3 million negative impact on the retained earnings.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, IFRS

| EUR million | Note | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|----------|-------------|-------------|
| Operating activities | | | |
| Profit for the year from continuing operations | | 69 | 65 |
| Profit for the year from discontinued operations | | 230 | 164 |
| Adjustments | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 3.3 | 82 | 58 |
| Gain / loss on sale of intangible and tangible assets, net | 1.4, 1.5 | 0 | -2 |
| Share of profits and losses of associated companies | 5.3 | -1 | 0 |
| Financial expenses, net | 1.7 | 38 | 30 |
| Income taxes | 1.8 | 95 | 92 |
| Other non-cash items | | -2 | 2 |
| Change in net working capital | | -254 | -129 |
| Net cash flow from operating activities before financial items and taxes | | 258 | 281 |
| Interest paid | | -31 | -20 |
| Interest received | | 1 | 5 |
| Other financial items, net | | -1 | -2 |
| Income taxes paid | 1.8 | -137 | -87 |
| Net cash flow from operating activities | | 91 | 177 |
| Investing activities | | | |
| Capital expenditures on intangible and tangible assets | 3.1, 3.2 | -107 | -67 |
| Proceeds from sale of intangible and tangible assets | 3.1, 3.2 | 8 | 5 |
| Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired | 5.4 | -214 | -77 |
| Proceeds from sale of business, net of cash sold | 5.4 | 9 | - |
| Investments in associated companies | | -3 | -4 |
| Net cash flow from investing activities | | -308 | -143 |
| Financing activities | | | |
| Dividends paid | | -180 | -157 |
| Transactions with non-controlling interests | | -13 | 1 |
| Increase in loan receivables | 4.6 | 0 | 0 |
| Decrease in loan receivables | 4.6 | 31 | - |
| Proceeds from / repayments of short-term debt, net | 4.6 | -78 | 14 |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | 4.6 | 450 | - |
| Repayments of long-term debt | 4.6 | -175 | -286 |
| Repayments of lease liabilities | 4.6 | -34 | 0 |
| Other items | | - | 0 |
| Net cash flow from financing activities | | 2 | -428 |
| Net change in liquid funds | | -215 | -394 |
| Effect from changes in exchange rates | | 2 | -6 |
| Liquid funds at beginning of year | 4.3, 4.6 | 426 | 826 |
| Liquid funds at end of year | | 213 | 426 |
| Liquid funds at end of year, continuing operations | | 57 | - |
| Liquid funds at end of year, discontinued operations | | 156 | - |

¹ Discontinued operations' cash flows are disclosed in the appendix Analysis of discontinued operations.

Appendix: Analysis of discontinued operations

Basis of preparation

Based on the decision taken by Metso's Extraordinary General Meeting on October 29, 2019, to approve the partial demerger of the company, Metso has applied IFRS 5 and classified and disclosed its businesses of Minerals segment as discontinued operations from the beginning of November 2019. Thus, depreciations and amortizations of discontinued operations have been calculated only for the period January-October 2019. Accordingly, Flow Control businesses form the continuing operations of Metso Group.

In order to improve comparability, Metso has prepared, in addition to IFRS, financial information for the Group so that the amortization of the Minerals business has been recorded for the full year 2019. This is consistent with segment reporting and is comparable with the 2018 Metso Group figures. Assets and liabilities of discontinued operations are held for distribution purposes to shareholders and are current assets and liabilities for the continuing operations of the Metso Group. The notes present these items as current and non-current assets according to the original classification, emphasizing the Metso Minerals perspective.

The following analyzes of the Group's income statement, balance sheet and cash flow statement are presented below

Analysis of Consolidated Income Statement

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations ¹ | 2019 Metso Total ¹ | 2019 Metso comparable ² | 2018 Continuing operations | 2018 Discontinued operations | 2018 Metso total |
|--|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Sales | 660 | 2,976 | 3,635 | 3,635 | 593 | 2,580 | 3,173 |
| Cost of goods sold | -435 | -2,109 | -2,544 | -2,551 | -391 | -1,867 | -2,257 |
| Gross profit | 225 | 867 | 1,091 | 1,084 | 202 | 714 | 916 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | -128 | -502 | -631 | -637 | -116 | -430 | -545 |
| Other operating income and expenses, net | -4 | -25 | -29 | -29 | -3 | -16 | -19 |
| Share in profits of associated companies | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Operating profit | 93 | 340 | 432 | 418 | 83 | 268 | 351 |
| Financial income | 1 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| Foreign exchange gains/losses | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Financial expenses | -2 | -42 | -44 | -44 | 0 | -36 | -36 |
| Net financial income and expenses | -2 | -37 | -38 | -38 | 1 | -31 | -30 |
| Profit before taxes | 91 | 303 | 394 | 380 | 85 | 236 | 321 |
| Income taxes | -22 | -72 | -95 | -91 | -20 | -72 | -92 |
| Profit for the year | 69 | 230 | 299 | 289 | 65 | 164 | 229 |
| Attributable to | | | | | | | |
| Shareholders of the parent company | 69 | 232 | 301 | 291 | 65 | 165 | 230 |
| Non-controlling interests | 0 | -1 | -1 | -1 | 0 | -1 | -1 |
| Earnings per share | | | | | | | |
| Basic, EUR | 0.46 | 1.54 | 2.00 | 1.94 | 0.43 | 1.10 | 1.53 |
| Diluted, EUR | 0.46 | 1.54 | 2.00 | 1.94 | 0.43 | 1.10 | 1.53 |

¹ Amortization and depreciation of discontinued operations for year 2019 is calculated over a 10-month period, and totaling EUR 57 million. Thus, the total amortization and depreciation for year 2019 amount to EUR 82 million.

² Metso 2019 comparable figures are fully comparable with the 2018 total figures. In adjusted figures, the amortization and depreciation is calculated over a 12-month period (total EUR 96 million).

Analysis of Consolidated Balance Sheet, assets

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations ¹ | 2019 Metso total ¹ | 2019 Metso comparable ² | 2018 Metso total |
|--|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Non-current assets | | | | | |
| Intangible assets | | | | | |
| Goodwill | 62 | 556 | 618 | 618 | 525 |
| Other intangible assets | 18 | 171 | 189 | 185 | 83 |
| Total intangible assets | 81 | 727 | 807 | 804 | 608 |
| Tangible assets | | | | | |
| Land and water areas | 6 | 43 | 50 | 50 | 40 |
| Buildings and structures | 21 | 100 | 120 | 119 | 97 |
| Machinery and equipment | 28 | 132 | 161 | 156 | 135 |
| Assets under construction | 11 | 46 | 57 | 57 | 33 |
| Total tangible assets | 67 | 321 | 388 | 382 | 305 |
| Right-of-use assets | 46 | 93 | 140 | 135 | 0 |
| Other non-current assets | | | | | |
| Investments in associated companies | 0 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 4 |
| Non-current financial assets | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Loan and other interest bearing receivables | - | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Derivative financial instruments | - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Deferred tax asset | 13 | 108 | 121 | 121 | 101 |
| Other non-current receivables | 1 | 42 | 43 | 43 | 38 |
| Total other non-current assets | 14 | 169 | 183 | 183 | 157 |
| Total non-current assets | 208 | 1,310 | 1,517 | 1,504 | 1,070 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Inventories | 181 | 975 | 1,156 | 1,156 | 950 |
| Trade receivables | 95 | 577 | 672 | 672 | 585 |
| Customer contract assets | - | 87 | 87 | 87 | 82 |
| Interest bearing receivables | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 10 |
| Income tax receivables | 2 | 44 | 46 | 46 | 22 |
| Other current receivables | 40 | 139 | 178 | 178 | 134 |
| Deposits and securities, maturity more than three months | - | - | - | - | 94 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 57 | 156 | 213 | 213 | 332 |
| Liquid funds | 57 | 156 | 213 | 213 | 426 |
| Total current assets | 374 | 1,995 | 2,369 | 2,369 | 2,209 |
| Discontinued operations, assets | 3,305 | 3,305 | | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 3,887 | | 3,887 | 3,873 | 3,279 |

¹ Amortization and depreciation of discontinued operations for year 2019 is calculated over a 10-month period, and totaling EUR 57 million. Thus, the total amortization and depreciation for year 2019 amount to EUR 82 million.

² Metso 2019 comparable figures are fully comparable with the 2018 total figures. In adjusted figures, the amortization and depreciation is calculated over a 12-month period (total EUR 96 million).

Analysis of Consolidated Balance Sheet, equity and liabilities

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations ¹ | 2019 Metso Total ¹ | 2019 Metso comparable ² | 2018 Metso total |
|--|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Equity | | | | | |
| Share capital | 141 | - | 141 | 141 | 141 |
| Cumulative translation adjustments | 52 | - | -101 | -100 | -101 |
| Fair value and other reserves | 298 | - | 295 | 297 | 302 |
| Discontinued operations | -155 | - | 1 | - | - |
| Retained earnings | 1,187 | - | 1,187 | 1,174 | 1,064 |
| Equity attributable to shareholders | 1,523 | - | 1,523 | 1,513 | 1,406 |
| Non-controlling interests | 3 | - | 3 | 3 | 10 |
| Total equity | 1,526 | - | 1,526 | 1,516 | 1,416 |
| Liabilities | | | | | |
| Non-current liabilities | | | | | |
| Interest bearing liabilities | 36 | 801 | 837 | 837 | 383 |
| Lease liabilities | 37 | 69 | 106 | 106 | 0 |
| Post-employment benefit obligations | 9 | 61 | 69 | 69 | 68 |
| Provisions | 3 | 33 | 35 | 35 | 29 |
| Derivative financial instruments | - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Deferred tax liability | 4 | 66 | 70 | 70 | 30 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 89 | 1,034 | 1,123 | 1,123 | 515 |
| Current liabilities | | | | | |
| Interest bearing liabilities | 20 | 24 | 43 | 43 | 215 |
| Lease liabilities | 10 | 21 | 31 | 31 | 0 |
| Trade payables | 63 | 385 | 448 | 448 | 431 |
| Provisions | 12 | 71 | 83 | 83 | 71 |
| Advances received | 24 | 189 | 212 | 212 | 208 |
| Customer contract liabilities | - | 63 | 63 | 63 | 100 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 1 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 14 |
| Income tax liabilities | 2 | 51 | 54 | 50 | 61 |
| Other current liabilities | 39 | 251 | 291 | 291 | 248 |
| Total current liabilities | 171 | 1,068 | 1,239 | 1,235 | 1,348 |
| Total liabilities | 259 | 2,102 | 2,361 | 2,357 | 1,863 |
| Discontinued operations, liabilities | 2,102 | - | - | - | - |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | 3,887 | - | 3,887 | 3,873 | 3,279 |

¹ Amortization and depreciation of discontinued operations for year 2019 is calculated over a 10-month period, and totaling EUR 57 million. Thus, the total amortization and depreciation for year 2019 amount to EUR 82 million.

² Metso 2019 comparable figures are fully comparable with the 2018 total figures. In adjusted figures, the amortization and depreciation is calculated over a 12-month period (total EUR 96 million).

Analysis of Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations ¹ | 2019 Metso total ¹ | 2019 Metso comparable ² | 2018 Continuing operations | 2018 Discontinued operations | 2018 Metso total |
|---|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Operating activities | | | | | | | |
| Profit for the year | 69 | 230 | 299 | 289 | 65 | 164 | 229 |
| Adjustments | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 25 | 57 | 82 | 96 | 12 | 46 | 58 |
| Financial expenses, net | 2 | 37 | 38 | 38 | -1 | 32 | 30 |
| Income taxes | 22 | 72 | 95 | 91 | 20 | 72 | 92 |
| Other items | 5 | -7 | -2 | -2 | 4 | -3 | 2 |
| Change in net working capital | -30 | -224 | -254 | -254 | -19 | -111 | -129 |
| Net cash flow from operating activities before financial items and taxes | 92 | 166 | 258 | 258 | 81 | 201 | 281 |
| Financial income and expenses, net | 0 | -30 | -30 | -30 | 2 | -20 | -17 |
| Income taxes paid | -38 | -100 | -137 | -137 | -2 | -85 | -87 |
| Net cash flow from operating activities | 54 | 36 | 91 | 91 | 81 | 96 | 177 |
| Investing activities | | | | | | | |
| Capital expenditures on intangible and tangible assets | -20 | -87 | -107 | -107 | -8 | -59 | -67 |
| Proceeds from sale of intangible and tangible assets | 0 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 4 | 5 |
| Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired | - | -214 | -214 | -214 | - | -77 | -77 |
| Acquisitions/disposals, Metso group | -50 | 50 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - |
| Business disposals, net of cash acquired | - | 9 | 9 | 9 | - | - | - |
| Investments in associated companies | - | -3 | -3 | -3 | - | -4 | -4 |
| Other items | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Net cash flow from investing activities | -70 | -238 | -308 | -308 | -8 | -135 | -143 |
| Financing activities | | | | | | | |
| Dividends paid | -36 | -144 | -180 | -180 | -31 | -126 | -157 |
| Transactions with non-controlling interests | - | -13 | -13 | -13 | - | 1 | 1 |
| Net change in loan receivables | - | 31 | 31 | 31 | 0 | - | 0 |
| Proceeds from / repayments of short-term debt, net | 13 | -91 | -78 | -78 | -1 | 15 | 14 |
| Proceeds from/ repayments of long term debt, net | 36 | 239 | 275 | 275 | -3 | -283 | -286 |
| Net borrowing / payment, Metso Group | -34 | 34 | 0 | 0 | -67 | 67 | 0 |
| Repayments of lease liabilities | -10 | -24 | -34 | -34 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Net cash flow from financing activities | -31 | 33 | 2 | 2 | -98 | -330 | -428 |
| Net change in liquid funds | -46 | -169 | -215 | -215 | -24 | -370 | -394 |
| Effect from changes in exchange rates | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | -6 | -6 |
| Liquid funds at beginning of year | 101 | 325 | 426 | 426 | - | - | 826 |
| Liquid funds at end of year | 57 | 156 | 213 | 213 | - | - | 426 |

¹ Amortization and depreciation of discontinued operations for year 2019 is calculated over a 10-month period, and totaling EUR 57 million. Thus, the total amortization and depreciation for year 2019 amount to EUR 82 million.

² Metso 2019 comparable figures are fully comparable with the 2018 total figures. In adjusted figures, the amortization and depreciation is calculated over a 12-month period (total EUR 96 million).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Basic information

Metso Corporation (the “Parent Company”) with its subsidiaries (“Metso” or the “Group”) is a leading global supplier of sustainable technology and services for mining, aggregates, recycling and process industries. The Group has two reporting segments, Flow Control and Minerals. More information about the segments is presented in note 1.1.

Metso Corporation is a publicly quoted company with its shares listed on Nasdaq Helsinki under the trading symbol METSO. Metso Corporation is domiciled in Finland and the address of the Group Head Office is Töölönlahdenkatu 2, 00100 Helsinki, Finland.

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by Metso Corporation’s Board of Directors on February 5, 2020, after which, in accordance with Finnish Companies Act, the financial statements are either approved, amended or rejected at the next Annual General Meeting.

Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and IFRIC Interpretations as adopted by the European Union. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial assets and liabilities classified as at fair value through profit and loss accounts.

Based on the decision taken by Metso’s Extraordinary General Meeting on October 29, 2019, to approve the partial demerger of the company, Metso has applied IFRS 5 and classified and disclosed its businesses of Minerals segment as discontinued operations from the beginning of November 2019. Thus, depreciations and amortizations of discontinued operations have been calculated only for the period January–October 2019. Accordingly, Flow Control businesses form the continuing operations of Metso Group. The profit shown for Minerals in the income statement is disclosed in the line *Profit for the year, discontinued items* and assets and liabilities related to Minerals are disclosed under *Discontinued assets or liabilities*.

In order to improve comparability, Metso has prepared, in addition to IFRS, financial information for the Group so that the amortization of the Minerals business has been recorded for the full year 2019. This is consistent with segment reporting and is comparable with the 2018 Metso Group figures. The assets and liabilities of discontinued operations are held for distribution purposes to shareholders and are current assets and liabilities for the continuing operations of the Metso Group. The notes present these items as current and non-current assets according to the original classification, emphasizing the Metso Minerals perspective. See *Appendix: Analysis of discontinued operations* for analyzes of the Group’s income statement, balance sheet and cash flow statement.

The financial statements are presented in euros, which is the Parent Company’s functional currency and Metso’s presentation currency. The figures presented have been rounded; consequently, the sum of individual figures might differ from the presented total figure.

Metso’s more detailed accounting policies are disclosed in the relevant note to the consolidated financial statements.

Critical accounting estimates and judgments by Management

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with the IFRS, requires management to make estimates and assumptions and to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group’s accounting policies. These affect the reported amounts of balance sheet items, the presentation of contingent assets and liabilities, and the income and expenses for the financial year. Actual results may differ from the estimates made. The assets and liabilities involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where the assumptions and estimates are significant to Metso’s consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in the following notes:

| | | | |
|----------|----------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|
| Note 1.2 | Sales | Note 2.6 | Provisions |
| Note 1.6 | Share-based payments | Note 2.7 | Post-employment obligations |
| Note 1.8 | Income taxes | Note 3.1 | Goodwill and other intangible assets |
| Note 2.2 | Trade receivables | Note 3.2 | Tangible assets |
| Note 2.3 | Other receivables | Note 3.4 | Right-of-use assets |
| Note 2.4 | Inventory | | |

Abbreviations used in the Financial Statements

The following abbreviations are used in the Financial statements.

| | |
|----------|--|
| AGM | Annual general meeting |
| EGM | Extraordinary general meeting |
| CGU | Cash generating unit |
| EBIT | Earnings before financial expenses, net and taxes |
| EBITA | Earnings before financial expenses net, taxes and amortization |
| EBITDA | Earnings before financial expenses net, taxes, amortization and depreciation |
| EMTN | Euro Medium Term Note program |
| EPS | Earnings per share |
| FAS | Finnish accounting standards |
| HSE | Health, safety and environment |
| IFRIC | Interpretations of International financial reporting standards |
| IFRS/IAS | International financial reporting standards |
| KPI | Key performance indicator |
| LTIF | Lost time incident frequency |
| NWC | Net working capital |
| OCI | Other comprehensive income |
| OTC | Over the counter |
| P/E | Price/earnings ratio |
| PSP | Performance share incentive plan |
| R&D | Research and development |
| ROCE | Return on capital employed |
| ROE | Return on equity |
| RSP | Restricted share incentive plan |
| TSR | Total shareholder return |
| WACC | Weighted average cost of capital |

1. Group performance

1.1. Reporting segments

Accounting policy

Metso's reportable segments are based on the type of business operations. Segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Board of Directors, which is Metso's chief operating decision-maker and responsible for allocating resources and assessing the performance of the operating segments, deciding on strategy, selecting key employees, as well as deciding on major development projects, business acquisitions, investments, organizational structure and financing. The accounting principles applied to the segment reporting are the same as those used in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Segment performance is measured with *operating profit/loss (EBIT)*. In addition, Metso uses alternative performance measures to reflect the underlying business performance and to improve comparability between financial periods: *Earnings before interest, tax and amortization (EBITA)*, *adjusted* and *return on operative capital employed for reporting segments (segment ROCE)*. Adjustment items comprise capacity adjustment costs, outcome of material intellectual property rights disputes, gains and losses on business disposals, and other infrequent events. Their nature and net effect on cost of goods sold, selling, general and administrative expenses, as well as other income and expenses are presented in the segment information. Alternative performance measures, however, should not be considered as a substitute for measures of performance in accordance with the IFRS.

Corporate structure

Metso Group is a global supplier of sustainable technology and services for mining, aggregates, recycling and process industries.

Metso reports its results consistently with its reporting structure based on its strategy, which consists of two reportable segments: Flow Control and Minerals. The Flow Control segment covers the valves business. The Minerals segment covers the mining, aggregates and recycling businesses.

The segment information relating to 2018 in this Interim review has been restated to reflect a change in the reporting structure whereby Metso moved its Pumps business area from the Flow Control segment under the Minerals segment.

Metso reported its results until October 29, 2019 in accordance with its consistent reporting structure. The reporting structure consisted of two segments: Flow Control and Minerals. On 29 October 2019, the Extraordinary General Meeting approved the Board's proposal to divest Metso Minerals business from the entire Metso and to merge it with the Outotec Group.

Based on the decision taken by Metso's Extraordinary General Meeting on October 29, 2019 Minerals segment has been classified and disclosed as discontinued operations from the beginning of November 2019. Thus, depreciations and amortizations of discontinued operations have been calculated only for the period January-October 2019. Accordingly, Flow Control businesses form the continuing operations of Metso Group.

The Flow Control segment supplies process industry flow control solutions and services. Flow Control customers operate in oil and gas, pulp and paper, and other process industries. The segment is organized into one business area: Valves.

The Minerals segment supplies technology, process solutions, machinery and services for aggregates production, mining, minerals processing, and metal and waste recycling. The Minerals segment is organized into six business areas: Mining Equipment, Aggregates Equipment, Minerals Services, Minerals Consumables, Recycling and Pumps.

Group Head Office and other is comprised of the parent company with centralized group functions, such as treasury and tax, as well as shared service centers and holding companies.

Financial income and expenses as well as income taxes are not allocated to segments but included in the income statement of Group Head Office and other. The treasury activities of Metso are centralized into the Group Treasury to benefit from cost efficiency obtained from pooling arrangements, financial risk management, bargaining power, cash management, and other measures. Metso has a centralized Group tax management function. The objective of Group tax management is to ensure tax compliance and optimized and predictable overall tax cost for Metso.

Segment assets comprise intangible and tangible assets, investments in associated companies and joint ventures, inventories and non-interest bearing operating assets and receivables. They exclude interest bearing assets, cash and cash equivalents, income tax receivables and deferred tax assets, which are included in the assets of Group Head Office and other.

Segment liabilities comprise non-interest bearing operating liabilities. They exclude income tax liabilities, deferred tax liabilities and interest bearing liabilities, which are included in the liabilities of Group Head Office and other.

Non-cash write-downs include write-offs made to the value of receivables and inventories, and impairment and other write-offs recognized to reduce the value of intangible or tangible assets and other assets.

Gross capital expenditure comprises investments in intangible and tangible assets, associated companies and joint ventures. Intra-group transactions are made at arm's length basis.

Segment information for the year 2019

| 2019 EUR million | Flow Control segment | Group Head office and other | Continuing operations total | Minerals segment ¹ | Group Head office and other | Amortization and depreciation | Discontinued operations total |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| External sales | 660 | - | 660 | 2,976 | - | - | 2,976 |
| Intra-group sales | 1 | -1 | - | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| Sales | 660 | -1 | 660 | 2,976 | 0 | - | 2,976 |
| Earnings before interest, tax and amortization (EBITA) | 104.2 | -7.8 | 96.5 | 359.2 | -17.6 | 10.3 | 351.9 |
| % of sales | 15.8 | n/a | 14.6 | 12.1 | n/a | n/a | 11.8 |
| Adjusted EBITA | 104.2 | -7.8 | 96.5 | 380.7 | -3.2 | 10.3 | 387.8 |
| % of sales | 15.8 | n/a | 14.6 | 12.8 | n/a | n/a | 13.0 |
| Operating profit (EBIT) | 100.4 | -7.8 | 92.6 | 349.9 | -24.3 | 13.9 | 339.5 |
| % of sales | 15.2 | n/a | 14.0 | 11.8 | n/a | n/a | 11.4 |
| Adjustment items | - | - | - | -21.5 | -14.4 | - | -35.9 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | -4 | 0 | -4 | -9 | -7 | 4 | -12 |
| Depreciation of tangible assets | -10 | 0 | -10 | -32 | 0 | 6 | -26 |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets | -11 | 0 | -11 | -22 | -1 | 5 | -18 |
| Non-cash write-downs ² | -5 | 0 | -5 | 6 | - | - | 6 |
| Gross capital expenditure and business acquisitions | 20 | 0 | 20 | 341 | 1 | - | 342 |
| Adjustment items and amortization of intangible assets | | | | | | | |
| Adjusted EBITA | 104.2 | -7.8 | 96.5 | 380.7 | -3.2 | 10.3 | 387.8 |
| Capacity adjustment costs | - | - | - | -15.2 | - | - | -15.2 |
| Acquisition cost | - | - | - | -4.4 | - | - | -4.4 |
| Loss on disposal | - | - | - | -1.9 | - | - | -1.9 |
| Metso Outotec transaction costs | - | - | - | - | -14.4 | - | -14.4 |
| Adjustment items, total | - | - | - | -21.5 | -14.4 | - | -35.9 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | -3.8 | -0.0 | -3.8 | -9.3 | -6.7 | 3.6 | -12.4 |
| Operating profit (EBIT) | 100.4 | -7.8 | 92.6 | 349.9 | -24.3 | 14.0 | 339.5 |

¹ The depreciation for Minerals segment is calculated over a 12-month period.

² Write-downs including reversals of intangible and tangible assets, inventories and trade receivables.

| 2019 | Flow Control segment | Group Head office and other | Continuing operations total | Minerals segment ¹ | Group Head office and other | Amortization and depreciation | Discontinued operations total |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| EUR million | | | | | | | |
| Non-current non-interest bearing assets | 193 | 1 | 194 | 1,124 | 13 | 14 | 1,152 |
| Current non-interest bearing assets | 314 | 2 | 317 | 1,782 | 56 | - | 1,838 |
| Interest bearing receivables | - | 0 | 0 | - | 6 | - | 6 |
| Tax receivables and deferred tax assets | - | 15 | 15 | - | 152 | - | 152 |
| Liquid funds | - | 57 | 57 | - | 156 | - | 156 |
| Total assets | 507 | 75 | 582 | 2,907 | 384 | 14 | 3,305 |
| Non-interest bearing liabilities | 143 | 8 | 150 | 1,003 | 67 | - | 1,070 |
| Tax payables and deferred tax liability | - | 7 | 7 | - | 113 | 4 | 117 |
| Interest bearing debt | - | 46 | 46 | - | 822 | - | 822 |
| Total liabilities | 143 | 60 | 203 | 1,003 | 1,002 | 4 | 2,009 |
| Operative capital employed / capital employed | 364 | 61 | 425 | 1,904 | 204 | 10 | 2,118 |
| Segment ROCE % / ROCE % | 28.8 | n/a | n/a | 22.6 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Orders received | 681 | - | 681 | 3,009 | - | - | 3,009 |
| Order backlog | 280 | - | 280 | 1,408 | - | - | 1,408 |

Segment information for the year 2018

| 2018 | Flow Control segment | Group Head office and other | Continuing operations total | Minerals segment | Group Head office and other | Discontinued operations total |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| EUR million | | | | | | |
| External sales | 593 | - | 593 | 2,581 | - | 2,581 |
| Intra-group sales | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Sales | 593 | 0 | 593 | 2,581 | 0 | 2,581 |
| Earnings before interest, tax and amortization (EBITA) | 90.3 | -4.7 | 85.6 | 291.0 | -7.4 | 283.6 |
| % of sales | 15.2 | n/a | 14.5 | 11.3 | n/a | 11.0 |
| Adjusted EBITA | 90.3 | -4.7 | 85.6 | 291.0 | -7.4 | 283.6 |
| % of sales | 15.2 | n/a | 14.5 | 11.3 | n/a | 11.0 |
| Operating profit (EBIT) | 88.0 | -4.7 | 83.3 | 283.2 | -15.4 | 267.8 |
| % of sales | 14.8 | n/a | 14.1 | 11.0 | n/a | 10.4 |
| Adjustment items | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Amortization of intangible assets | -2 | 0 | -2 | -8 | -8 | -16 |
| Depreciation of tangible assets | -10 | 0 | -10 | 30 | 0 | 30 |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Non-cash write-downs ¹ | -3 | 0 | -3 | 6 | 0 | 5 |
| Gross capital expenditure and business acquisitions | 8 | 0 | 9 | 86 | 2 | 88 |
| Adjustment items and amortization of intangible assets | | | | | | |
| Adjusted EBITA | 90.3 | -4.7 | 85.6 | 291.0 | -7.4 | 283.6 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | -2.3 | 0.0 | -2.4 | -7.8 | -8.0 | -15.8 |
| Operating profit (EBIT) | 88.0 | -4.7 | 83.3 | 283.2 | -15.4 | 267.8 |

¹ Write-downs of intangible and tangible assets, inventories and trade receivables.

| 2018 | Flow Control segment | Minerals segment | Group Head office and other | Metso total |
|---|----------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| EUR million | | | | |
| Non-current non-interest bearing assets | 141 | 765 | 14 | 920 |
| Current non-interest bearing assets | 283 | 1,480 | 39 | 1,802 |
| Interest bearing receivables | - | - | 7 | 7 |
| Tax receivables and deferred tax assets | - | - | 124 | 124 |
| Liquid funds | - | - | 426 | 426 |
| Total assets | 424 | 2,245 | 609 | 3,279 |
| Non-interest bearing liabilities | 131 | 975 | 69 | 1,173 |
| Tax payables and deferred tax liability | - | - | 91 | 91 |
| Interest bearing debt | - | - | 599 | 599 |
| Total liabilities | 131 | 975 | 758 | 1,863 |
| Operative capital employed / capital employed | 293 | 1,272 | 449 | 2,015 |
| Segment ROCE % / ROCE % | 37.1 | 23.7 | n/a | 16.9 |
| Orders received | 628 | 2,872 | - | 3,499 |
| Order backlog | 276 | 1,411 | - | 1,686 |

Geographical information

Accounting policy

Metso presents the geographical segments' sales by location of customers. Non-current assets and gross capital expenditure are presented by location of assets.

Metso's businesses are present in over 50 countries providing strong diversification. The main market areas are Europe and North America accounting for approximately 47 percent of sales. Metso has production units on all inhabited continents.

Sales to unaffiliated customers by destination

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Continuing operations | 2018 Discontinued operations | 2018 Metso total |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Finland | 31 | 66 | 97 | 32 | 61 | 94 |
| Other European countries | 138 | 717 | 855 | 136 | 617 | 753 |
| North America | 236 | 507 | 743 | 206 | 403 | 610 |
| South and Central America | 38 | 669 | 706 | 32 | 567 | 599 |
| Asia-Pacific | 179 | 795 | 974 | 143 | 696 | 839 |
| Africa and Middle East | 38 | 223 | 260 | 43 | 236 | 279 |
| Total | 660 | 2,976 | 3,635 | 593 | 2,580 | 3,173 |

Metso's exports from Finland by destination, including intra-group sales

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Continuing operations | 2018 Discontinued operations | 2018 Metso total |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| European countries | 103 | 212 | 315 | 116 | 166 | 282 |
| North America | 7 | 78 | 85 | 6 | 83 | 89 |
| South and Central America | 12 | 31 | 43 | 10 | 23 | 33 |
| Asia-Pacific | 104 | 110 | 215 | 99 | 108 | 206 |
| Africa and Middle East | 20 | 32 | 52 | 18 | 33 | 51 |
| Total | 246 | 464 | 710 | 248 | 413 | 661 |

Non-current assets by location

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Metso total |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Finland | 63 | 79 | 143 | 106 |
| Other European countries | 14 | 111 | 125 | 94 |
| North America | 36 | 99 | 134 | 78 |
| South and Central America | 2 | 74 | 75 | 55 |
| Asia-Pacific | 32 | 150 | 182 | 125 |
| Africa and Middle East | 3 | 8 | 11 | 24 |
| Non-allocated | 46 | 672 | 718 | 477 |
| Total | 195 | 1,193 | 1,388 | 959 |

Non-current assets presented in the table above comprise intangible and tangible assets, right-of-use assets, investments in associated companies and joint ventures, equity investments and other non-interest bearing non-current assets. Non-allocated assets include mainly goodwill and other assets arising from business acquisitions that have not been pushed down to the subsidiaries' books.

Gross capital expenditure by location

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Metso total |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Finland | 7 | 10 | 17 | 9 |
| Other European countries | 1 | 14 | 15 | 11 |
| North America | 2 | 9 | 11 | 4 |
| South and Central America | 0 | 17 | 18 | 10 |
| Asia-Pacific | 9 | 37 | 46 | 28 |
| Africa and Middle East | 0 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Total | 20 | 89 | 110 | 67 |

Gross capital expenditure comprises investments in intangible and tangible assets, associated companies and joint ventures. Right-of-use assets are not included in gross capital expenditure calculation.

1.2. Sales

Accounting policy

Metso applies IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers standard. The principle is that sales are recognized at an amount that reflects the consideration to which Metso expects to receive in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. Sales are recognized, when the control of goods or services is transferred to a customer. The control is transferred either at a point in time or over time.

Metso providing standardized equipment and wear or spare parts to customers, sales are recognized at a point in time, when control for the goods is transferred, typically at the delivery of the goods or after commissioning. Sales to the distributors are recognized at the delivery, when the distributor is not acting as an agent. If the distributor is acting as an agent, sales are recognized only when delivered to ultimate client.

Metso providing customized engineered system deliveries, where the asset produced does not have alternative use and Metso has enforceable right to payment for the performance completed, sales are recognized over time. Sales recognition is based on estimated sales, costs and profit. Metso measures the progress using the cost-to-cost method, where sales and profits are recorded after considering the ratio of accumulated costs to estimated total costs to complete each contract. This method is considered to reflect best the satisfaction of the performance obligation. The estimated sales, costs and profit, together with the planned delivery schedule of the contract are subject to regular revisions as the contract progresses to the completion. Revisions in profit estimates as well as projected potential loss on contract are charged through the profit and loss account in the period in which they become known.

Sales from providing services are recognized when the performance obligation is satisfied. For long-term fixed price service contracts, sales are recognized over time, because the customer receives the performance obligation simultaneously when the service is rendered. The measure of the progress is based on costs of actual services provided as a proportion of the costs of total services to be rendered. The estimated sales, costs and profit, together with the planned delivery schedule of the contract are subject to regular revisions as the contract progresses to the completion. Revisions in contract estimates as well as projected potential loss on contract are charged through the profit and loss account in the period in which they become known.

For short-term service contracts with hourly fee based on valid price list, sales are recognized to the extent Metso has the right to invoice the customer, and for service contracts with fixed hourly fee agreed in the contract, sales are recognized based on invoicing.

Client contracts may include promises such as volume-based rebates, late delivery penalties or right to return delivered parts. The impact of these promises on the final consideration will be estimated, when recognition is started and systematically during the contract period. Sales will be recognized to the extent that Metso is entitled to the consideration. Also, creditworthiness of the client and collectability of the consideration is assessed through the contract period. Extended warranties are treated as a separate performance obligation and appropriate transaction price is allocated to them and recognized in sales when occurred.

Metso typically requires advance payments from clients. Applying IFRS 15, advances received do not include a financing component, because the payment schedule of them follows closely the timing of performance obligations to be satisfied.

Estimates and assessments by Management

Sales recognized at a point in time may require judgement on facts and circumstances when the control is considered to have passed to the client, affecting on timing of sales to be recognized. Transfer of the control is assessed mainly based on terms of delivery in the contract and local legislation. Customer contracts including clauses on rebates, late delivery penalties, right to return promises or extended warranties requires management judgement on the probability of such clauses to have an effect on contracts sales. Judgements are based on earlier experience and market practice, when it is available.

Sales recognized over time is based on cost-to-cost method, which requires management to be able to estimate total sales, costs, margin and cash flow to complete the project. To assess the progress and margin to be recognized as well as the total costs estimated to complete the contracts requires judgments by management throughout the contract period. The most critical judgments are needed in case of a loss-making contract to estimate the performance needed to be able to satisfy the contract. Changes in general market conditions and the possible act to contracts need to be predicted as well. The credit worthiness of the customer is verified, and collectability of the consideration assessed before entering into a contract. However, a risk of non-payment might arise afterwards, and it requires then management judgement on the impact on final sales recognition.

Hedging of foreign currency denominated firm commitments

Under Metso hedging policy, business units are required to hedge their foreign currency risk when they become engaged in a firm commitment denominated in a currency other than their functional currency. When a firm commitment qualifies for over time recognition, the business unit applies hedge accounting and recognizes the effect of the hedging instruments in other comprehensive income (OCI) until the commitment is recognized. Though Metso has defined the characteristics triggering a firm commitment, the final realization of the unrecognized commitment depends also on factors beyond management control, which cannot be foreseen when initiating the hedging relationship. Such factors can be a change in the market environment causing the other party to postpone or cancel the commitment. To the extent possible, management strives to include clauses in its contracts that reduce the impact of such adverse events on its results.

Disaggregation of sales

Sales by segments

| EUR million | 2019 | 2018 |
|-------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Flow Control | 660 | 593 |
| Group Head Office and other | -1 | 0 |
| Continuing operations total | 660 | 593 |
| Minerals | 2,976 | 2,581 |
| Other | 0 | 0 |
| Discontinued operations total | 2,976 | 2,581 |

External sales by category

| EUR million | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|-------|-------|
| Flow Control | | |
| Sales of services | 152 | 128 |
| Sales of projects, equipment and goods | 508 | 465 |
| Flow Control total | 660 | 593 |
| Minerals | | |
| Sales of services | 1,815 | 1,644 |
| Sales of projects, equipment and goods | 1,161 | 937 |
| Minerals total | 2,976 | 2,581 |

External sales by timing of sales recognition

| EUR million | 2019 | 2018 |
|--------------------|-------|-------|
| Flow Control | | |
| At a point in time | 660 | 593 |
| Over time | 0 | 0 |
| Flow Control total | 660 | 593 |
| Minerals | | |
| At a point in time | 2,485 | 2,220 |
| Over time | 491 | 360 |
| Minerals total | 2,976 | 2,581 |

External sales by destination

| EUR million | 2019 | | 2019 | 2018 | | 2018 |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| | Continuing operations | Discontinued operations | Metso total | Continuing operations | Discontinued operations | Metso total |
| Finland | 31 | 66 | 97 | 32 | 61 | 94 |
| Other European countries | 138 | 717 | 855 | 136 | 617 | 753 |
| North America | 236 | 507 | 743 | 207 | 403 | 610 |
| South and Central America | 38 | 669 | 706 | 31 | 567 | 599 |
| Asia-Pacific | 179 | 795 | 974 | 143 | 696 | 839 |
| Africa and Middle East | 38 | 223 | 260 | 43 | 236 | 279 |
| Total | 660 | 2,976 | 3,635 | 593 | 2,581 | 3,173 |

Contract balances

| EUR million | 2019 | | 2019 | 2018 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Continuing operations | Discontinued operations | Metso total | Metso total |
| Trade receivables | 95 | 577 | 672 | 585 |
| Customer contract assets | - | 87 | 87 | 82 |
| Customer contract liabilities | - | 63 | 63 | 100 |
| Advances received | 24 | 189 | 212 | 208 |

Customer contract liabilities and advances received are annually recognized as sales mainly during the following year.

When providing standardized equipment, valves and pumps and wear or spare parts, invoicing takes place in general at the delivery or after commissioning. In engineered system delivery and long-term service contracts invoicing is based on the client contracts. Short-term service contracts are invoiced when service is rendered.

Trade receivables are based on the invoicing to customers and are generally on terms of 30–90 days. The acquisitions in 2019 resulted in increase in trade receivables of EUR 15 million (EUR 10 million in 2018), see note 5.4. Information about provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables is presented in note 2.2.

Engineered system delivery contracts and long-term service contracts are mainly fixed priced contracts, where customers are invoiced with fixed amounts based on contracts' schedule. In case, the performance obligation satisfied exceeds the invoiced payment from the customer, a contracts asset is recognized. In case, the invoiced payment from the customer exceeds the performance obligation satisfied, a contract liability is recognized.

Advances received is the amount paid in advance to Metso by customers. Typically, Metso receives advance payments in the customized large scale engineered system and equipment delivery projects.

Change in receivables from customers or liabilities to customers and advances received is the result of changes in business volume operations in 2019 compared to the previous year.

Unsatisfied performance obligations

Unsatisfied performance obligations relate to customized engineered system projects and long-term service contracts amounting to EUR 267 million. These performance obligations are expected to be materially satisfied in two years.

Performance obligations

Metso's sales consist of the sale of standardized equipment deliveries and services with wear or spare parts as well as customized large scale engineered system and/or equipment deliveries in Minerals segment and sale of process industry flow control solutions with delivery of pumps and valves and services to delivered equipment in Flow Control segment. Metso's performance obligations are as follows:

Equipment and wear or spare parts deliveries

Metso providing standardized equipment and wear or spare parts to customers, revenue will be recognized at a point in time, when control for the goods is transferred, typically at the delivery of the goods or after commissioning. These contracts may include promises such as volume-based rebates, late delivery penalties or right to return delivered parts. The impact of these promises on the final consideration will be estimated and sales will be recognized to the extent that Metso is entitled to. Extended warranties are treated as a separate performance obligation and appropriate transaction price is allocated to them and recognized in sales when occurred.

Metso cooperates with distributors specially in aggregates, valves and recycling businesses. Based on the current distributor contracts, Metso recognizes sales at the delivery to a distributor. Promises on volume-based rebates and right to return of the goods are assessed and sales will be recognized to the extent Metso is entitled to.

Engineered system and equipment deliveries

With customized large scale engineered system and equipment deliveries, where assets produced do not have alternative use for another client and Metso has the right to payment for the performance completed, revenue will be recognized over time. Each large scale engineered system and equipment delivery contract is assessed separately. These contracts usually have a customer specific, one total performance obligation agreed with the client.

These contracts may include promises such as late delivery penalties, performance guarantees and extended warranties. The impact of these promises on the final consideration will be estimated and sales will be recognized to the extent that Metso is entitled to. Metso typically requires advance payments from clients, which in general, do not include a financing component, because the payment schedule of advances follows closely the timing of performance obligations to be satisfied.

Service contracts

Sales from providing services are recognized when the services are rendered. For long-term fixed price contracts, sales are recognized over time. The measure of the progress is based on costs of actual services provided as a proportion of the costs of total services to be rendered. For short-term service contracts with hourly fee based on valid price list, revenue is recognized to the extent Metso has right to invoice the customer, and for service contracts with fixed hourly fee agreed in the contract, revenue is recognized based on invoicing. Typical promises in service contracts are late delivery penalties, performance guarantees or right to return promises, the impact of these promises are assessed, and sales recognized to the extent Metso is entitled to.

Major customers

In 2019 and 2018, Metso did not have a single customer whose sales would have exceeded 10 percent of the consolidated sales.

1.3. Selling, general and administrative expenses

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Continuing operations | 2018 Discontinued operations | 2018 Metso total |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Marketing and selling expenses ¹ | -76 | -256 | -332 | -67 | -215 | -282 |
| Research and development expenses, net | -17 | -30 | -47 | -16 | -23 | -39 |
| Digitalization costs ¹ | -2 | -10 | -13 | -2 | -9 | -12 |
| Administrative expenses ¹ | -33 | -206 | -239 | -30 | -183 | -213 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | -128 | -502 | -631 | -116 | -430 | -545 |

¹ Digitalization expenses are included in marketing and selling and administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of income.

Accounting policy

Research and development expenses comprise salaries, administration costs, digital investments, depreciation and amortization of tangible and intangible assets, and are mainly recognized as incurred. When material development costs meet certain capitalization criteria under IAS 38, they are capitalized and amortized over the expected useful life of the underlying technology.

Research and development expenses

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Continuing operations | 2018 Discontinued operations | 2018 Metso total |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Research and development expenses, total | -21 | -41 | -62 | -18 | -32 | -50 |
| Capitalized development costs | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| Capital expenditure | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | - | 0 |
| Grants received | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 0 | 0 | -1 | 0 | 0 | -1 |
| Research and development expenses, net | -19 | -41 | -60 | -18 | -32 | -51 |

1.4. Other operating income and expenses

Accounting policy

Other operating income and expenses comprise income and expenses that do not directly relate to the operating activity of businesses within Metso or which arise from unrealized and realized changes in fair value of foreign currency denominated financial instruments related to operations, including forward exchange contracts. Such items include costs related to significant restructuring programs, gains and losses on disposal of assets, and foreign exchange gains and losses, excluding those qualifying for hedge accounting and those, which are reported under financial income and expenses, net. Additionally, non-recoverable foreign taxes, which are not based on taxable profits, are reported in other operating income and expenses, net. In particular, these include foreign taxes and such like payments not based on Double Taxation treaties in force.

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Continuing operations | 2018 Discontinued operations | 2018 Metso total |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Other operating income | | | | | | |
| Gain on sale of intangible and tangible assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Rental income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Foreign exchange gains ¹ | 4 | 55 | 58 | 4 | 62 | 66 |
| Other income | 1 | 6 | 7 | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| Other operating income, total | 5 | 61 | 66 | 5 | 68 | 73 |
| Other operating expenses | | | | | | |
| Loss on disposed businesses | - | -2 | -2 | - | - | - |
| Loss on sale of intangible and tangible assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Impairment of intangible and tangible assets | 0 | -7 | -7 | 0 | -1 | -1 |
| Foreign exchange losses ¹ | -5 | -75 | -79 | -5 | -79 | -84 |
| Other expenses | -4 | -3 | -7 | -3 | -4 | -7 |
| Other operating expenses, total | -9 | -86 | -95 | -8 | -84 | -92 |
| Other operating income and expenses, net | -4 | -25 | -29 | -3 | -16 | -19 |

¹ Includes foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from trade receivables and payables and related derivatives.

1.5. Personnel expenses and the number of personnel

Personnel expenses

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Continuing operations | 2018 Discontinued operations | 2018 Metso total |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Salaries and wages | -127 | -464 | -592 | -115 | -419 | -534 |
| Pension costs, defined contribution plans | -11 | -27 | -38 | -9 | -28 | -37 |
| Pension costs, defined benefit plans ¹ | -1 | -3 | -4 | -1 | -5 | -5 |
| Other post-employment benefits ¹ | 0 | -1 | -1 | -1 | -1 | -2 |
| Share-based payments ² | -1 | -5 | -6 | 0 | -3 | -3 |
| Other indirect employee costs | -26 | -84 | -110 | -25 | -76 | -101 |
| Total | -167 | -585 | -752 | -151 | -532 | -683 |

¹ For more information on pension costs, see note 2.7.

² For more information on share-based payments, see note 1.6.

Number of personnel at end of year

| EUR million | 2019 | 2018 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Flow Control | 2,866 | 2,723 |
| Group Head Office and other | 61 | 60 |
| Continuing operations total | 2,927 | 2,783 |
| Minerals | 12,451 | 9,942 |
| Other | 443 | 425 |
| Discontinued operations total | 12,894 | 10,367 |
| Metso total | 15,821 | 13,150 |

Average number of personnel during the year

| EUR million | 2019 | 2018 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Flow Control | 2,828 | 2,444 |
| Group Head Office and other | 62 | 73 |
| Continuing operations total | 2,890 | 2,517 |
| Minerals | 11,016 | 9,678 |
| Other | 425 | 410 |
| Discontinued operations total | 11,441 | 10,087 |
| Metso total | 14,331 | 12,605 |

Board remuneration

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Serving Board members December 31 | | |
| Mikael Lilius | -140 | -139 |
| Christer Gardell | -81 | -80 |
| Peter Carlsson | -58 | -59 |
| Lars Josefsson | -68 | -67 |
| Antti Mäkinen | -73 | -69 |
| Kari Stadigh ¹ | -60 | - |
| Arja Talma | -83 | -84 |
| Raimo Brand ² | -10 | -7 |
| Former Board members | | |
| Nina Kopola ³ | -44 | -74 |
| Ozey K. Horton, Jr. ⁴ | -13 | -89 |
| Total | -631 | -668 |

¹ Elected to the Board of Directors at April 25, 2019.

² Has attended meetings as a personnel representative, without voting right.

³ Resigned from Metso's Board of Directors as of August 1, 2019.

⁴ Member of the board until April 25, 2019.

According to the decision of the 2019 Annual General Meeting, the annual fees paid to the Board members were: Chairman of the Board EUR 120,000, Vice Chairman of the Board EUR 66,000 and other Board members EUR 53,000. An additional annual remuneration is paid to the member of the Board elected in the position of Chairman of the Audit Committee EUR 20,000, members of the Audit Committee EUR 10,000, Chairman of Remuneration and HR Committee EUR 10,000 and members of the Remuneration and HR Committee EUR 5,000.

In addition, an attendance fee of EUR 800 per meeting attended, excluding committee meetings, is paid to members whose residence is in the Nordic countries, EUR 1,600 to members whose residence is elsewhere in Europe and EUR 3,200 for those residing outside Europe. Compensation for travel expenses and daily allowances are paid in accordance with Metso's travel policy.

Based on the decision of the 2019 Annual General Meeting, 40 percent of the Board's annual fees were used to buy Metso shares from the market. The shares were acquired within the two weeks following the publication of the first-quarter 2019 Interim Review.

Remuneration paid to Chief Executive Officer and other Executive Team members

| EUR | Salary | Performance bonus paid | Fringe benefits | Share based payment | Total |
|--|------------------|------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 2019 | | | | | |
| President and CEO Pekka Vauramo ¹ | 719,886 | - | 32,688 | - | 752,574 |
| Other Executive Team members | 2,201,113 | 885,588 | 27,513 | 641,446 | 3,755,660 |
| Total | 2,920,999 | 885,588 | 60,201 | 641,446 | 4,508,234 |
| 2018 | | | | | |
| President and CEO Pekka Vauramo ¹ | 120,073 | - | 4,927 | - | 125,000 |
| Interim President and CEO Eeva Sipilä ² | 382,817 | 84,240 | 180 | - | 467,237 |
| President and CEO Nico Delvaux ³ | 66,428 | 157,500 | 3,073 | - | 227,001 |
| Other Executive Team members | 2,122,015 | 422,398 | 26,838 | - | 2,571,251 |
| Total | 2,691,333 | 664,138 | 35,018 | - | 3,390,489 |

¹ President and CEO from November 1, 2018.

² Interim President and CEO between February 3–October 31, 2018.

³ President and CEO between August 1, 2017–February 2, 2018.

Remuneration paid to President and CEO Pekka Vauramo in 2019 is presented in the table above. Mr. Vauramo participates in the remuneration programs according to the respective terms and conditions decided by the Board. For more information on share-based payments, see note 7.

According to his executive contract, Pekka Vauramo is eligible to retire at the age of 65, unless otherwise to be agreed by the Company and the President and CEO, and belongs to a supplementary defined contribution pension plan with 25% contribution of annual salary. The notice period for both parties is six months. Severance pay is full monthly salary multiplied by twelve (12) if the agreement is terminated by the company. For year ending December 31, 2019 pension premium payments for supplementary defined contribution pension plan totaled approximately EUR 188 thousands.

Metso has subscribed supplementary pension plans for other Metso Executive Team members for retirement. These pension premium payments totaled approximately EUR 278 thousand in 2019 (EUR 273 thousand in 2018).

Board share ownership in Metso

| | Dec 31, 2019 |
|------------------|---------------|
| Mikael Lilius | 35,781 |
| Christer Gardell | 7,864 |
| Peter Carlsson | 2,939 |
| Lars Josefsson | 4,521 |
| Antti Mäkinen | 1,617 |
| Kari Stadigh | 10,783 |
| Arja Talma | 3,926 |
| Total | 67,431 |

Executive Team share ownership in Metso

| | Dec 31, 2019 |
|---------------------|---------------|
| Pekka Vauramo | 10,500 |
| Eeva Sipilä | 11,213 |
| Stephan W Kirsch | - |
| Markku Simula | 5,025 |
| Sami Takaluoma | 628 |
| Giuseppe Campanelli | - |
| Kalle Sipilä | - |
| Uffe Hansen | 515 |
| Olli Isotalo | 865 |
| Jani Puroranta | - |
| Total | 28,746 |

1.6. Share-based payments

Accounting policy

Metso has share-based incentive plans for its key personnel.

The equity-settled share awards are valued based on the market price of Metso share as of the grant date and recognized as an employee benefit expense over the vesting period with corresponding entry in other reserves of the equity. The historical development of Metso share and the expected dividends have been taken into account when calculating the fair value. From 2018 the entire share incentive, including the cash-for-taxes portion is recognized in equity. Also, the value of the cash portion is based on the grant date value. As a market condition, total shareholder return of the Performance Share Plans will be taken into account when determining the fair value at grant and it will not be changed during the plan. The fair value of the cost estimate of the Performance Share Plans will only be changed when service condition and non-market conditions are concerned.

At each balance sheet date, Metso revises its estimates on the amount of share-based payments that are expected to vest. The impact of the revision to previous estimate is accrued as an employee benefit expense with corresponding entry to equity. The historical development of Metso share and the expected dividends have been taken into account when calculating the fair value.

Estimates and assessments by Management

At each balance sheet date, the management revises its estimates for the number of shares that are expected to vest. As part of this evaluation, Metso takes into account the changes in the forecasted performance of the Group and its reporting segments, the expected turnover of the personnel benefiting from the incentive plan and other pertinent information impacting the number of shares to be vested.

Performance and Restricted Share Plans

In December 2014, Metso's Board decided on new long-term share-based incentive plans: Performance Share Plan (PSP) and Restricted Share Plan (RSP). The commencement of each new PSP and RSP and the earnings criteria for each new PSP plan will be subject to a separate decision by the Board. The PSP consists of an annually commencing plan, each with a three-year earning period, and the complementary RSP consists of an annually commencing plan, each with a three-year vesting period. The possible rewards are paid partly in Metso's shares and partly in cash.

If the participant's employment or service ends for reasons relating to the participant before the reward payment, no reward will be paid from the long-term incentive plans.

Performance Share Plan 2015–2017

The earning criteria for the PSP 2015-2017 and the potential reward is based on the total shareholder return (TSR) of Metso's share during 2015-2017. In 2018 the earning criteria was not met and there was no payout from the plan.

Performance Share Plan 2016–2018

The earning criteria for the PSP 2016-2018 and the potential reward is based on the total shareholder return (TSR) of Metso's share during 2016-2018. A total of 79,040 treasury shares were used to pay rewards to 80 participants in March 2019.

Performance Share Plan 2017–2019

The earning criteria for the PSP 2017-2019 is based on the total shareholder return of Metso's share during 2017-2019. At the end of 2019, there were 84 participants in the plan and the potential reward corresponds to a maximum of 306,492 Metso shares, out of which the Metso Executive Team can receive a maximum reward of 33,000 shares. The potential reward will be paid in 2020.

Restricted Share Plan 2017–2019

At the end of 2019, there were 3 participants in the RSP plan, and the potential reward corresponds to a 14,500 Metso shares. The potential reward will be paid in 2020.

Performance Share Plan 2018–2020

The earning criteria for the PSP 2018–2020 is based on the total shareholder return of Metso's share during 2018–2020. At the end of 2019, there were 9 participants in the plan and the potential reward corresponds to a maximum of 105,886 Metso shares, out of which the Metso Executive Team can receive a maximum reward of 86,016 shares. The potential reward will be paid in 2021.

Restricted Share Plan 2018–2020

At the end of 2019, there was 1 participant in the RSP plan and the potential reward corresponds to a 15,000 Metso shares, out of which the Metso Executive Team can receive a reward of 15,000 shares. The potential reward will be paid in 2021.

Performance Share Plan 2019–2021

The earning criteria for the PSP 2019-2021 is based on the total shareholder return of Metso's share during 2019-2021. At the end of 2019, there were 9 participants in the plan and the potential reward corresponds to a maximum of 133,854 Metso shares, out of which the Metso Executive Team can receive a maximum reward of 120,600 shares. The potential reward will be paid in 2022.

Restricted Share Plan 2019–2021

At the end of 2019, there were three participants in the RSP plan and the potential reward corresponds to a 25,000 Metso shares, out of which the Metso Executive Team can receive a reward of 25,000 shares. The potential reward will be paid in 2022.

Deferred Share Unit Plan

In December 2017, Metso Board of Directors decided to establish a new long-term incentive plan for senior managers and key employees. Deferred Share Unit Plan (DSUP) is a long-term share value-based incentive plan that aligns and rewards the employee's performance and Metso share value development during a performance period. Metso Executive Team members are not eligible to participate DSUP.

Deferred Share Unit plan 2018-2020

At the end of 2019, there were 109 participants in the DSUP plan. The potential reward will be paid in 2021.

Deferred Share Unit plan 2019-2021

At the end of 2019, there were 124 participants in the DSUP plan. The potential reward will be paid in 2022.

Matching Share Plan 2018–2022

Metso has one active Matching Share Plan for President and CEO Pekka Vauramo. The plan requires personal investment in Metso shares. The potential reward corresponds to maximum 18,750 shares and will be delivered in three installments and are subject to fulfill the performance criterion adjusted EBITA for each installment.

Beneficiaries of and granted shares under the share ownership plan as at December 31, 2019

| | Metso Executive Team | Shares | Other beneficiaries | Shares | Beneficiaries total | Shares total |
|----------------|----------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------|------------------------|-----------------|
| Plan 2016–2018 | | | | | | |
| Granted 2019 | 5 | 11,722 | 75 | 67,318 | 80 | 79,040 |

Costs recognized for the share ownership plans

| EUR thousand | Plan PSP 2015– 2017 | Plan PSP 2016–2018 | Plan PSP 2017–2019 | Plan PSP and DSUP 2018–2020 | Plan PSP and DSUP 2019–2021 | Total |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| 2019 | | | | | | |
| Metso Executive Team | - | -111 | -84 | -572 | -598 | -1,365 |
| Other beneficiaries | - | -254 | -661 | -2,415 | -1,423 | -4,753 |
| Total | - | -365 | -745 | -2,987 | -2,021 | -6,118 |
| Continuing operations | | | | | | -1,010 |
| Discontinued operations | | | | | | -5,108 |
| 2018 | | | | | | |
| Metso Executive Team | - | -50 | -188 | -484 | - | -722 |
| Other beneficiaries | -20 | -114 | -578 | -1,369 | - | -2,081 |
| Total | -20 | -164 | -766 | -1,853 | - | -2,803 |
| Continuing operations | | | | | | -416 |
| Discontinued operations | | | | | | -2,387 |

1.7. Financial income and expenses

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Continuing operations | 2018 Discontinued operations | 2018 Metso total |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Financial income | | | | | | |
| Interest income on cash and cash equivalents | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Income on financial investments | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 |
| Other financial income | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Gain from foreign exchange | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Financial income total | 1 | 5 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 6 |
| Financial expenses | | | | | | |
| Interest expenses from financial liabilities at amortized cost | -1 | -28 | -29 | 0 | -25 | -25 |
| Interest expenses on leases | -1 | -4 | -5 | - | - | - |
| Other financial expenses | 0 | -10 | -10 | 0 | -10 | -10 |
| Financial expenses total | -2 | -42 | -44 | 0 | -36 | -36 |
| Financial income and expenses, net | -2 | -37 | -38 | 1 | -31 | -30 |

1.8. Income taxes

Accounting policy

Income taxes in the consolidated income statement includes taxes of subsidiaries based on taxable income for the current period, tax adjustments for previous periods and the changes in deferred taxes. The other comprehensive income statement (OCI) includes taxes on items presented in OCI. Deferred taxes are determined for temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their financial statement carrying amounts, measured using substantially enacted tax rates.

Estimates and assessments by Management

Metso is subject to income tax in its operating countries. Metso's management is required to make certain assumptions and estimates in preparing the annual tax calculations for which the ultimate tax consequence is uncertain. Annually, Metso has tax audits ongoing in several subsidiaries and recognizes tax liabilities on for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimate of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final outcome of these issues is different from the estimated amounts, the difference will impact the income tax in the period in which such determination is made.

The components of income taxes

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Continuing operations | 2018 Discontinued operations | 2018 Metso total |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Income taxes for current year | -22 | -78 | -100 | -19 | -79 | -98 |
| Income taxes for prior years | 0 | 15 | 14 | -1 | 2 | 2 |
| Change in deferred tax asset and liability | 0 | -10 | -9 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| Income taxes | -22 | -72 | -95 | -20 | -72 | -92 |

The differences between income tax expense computed at the Finnish statutory rate and income tax expense provided on earnings

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Continuing operations | 2018 Discontinued operations | 2018 Metso total |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Profit before taxes | 93 | 303 | 394 | 79 | 242 | 321 |
| Income tax at Finnish statutory tax rate of 20.0% | -19 | -61 | -79 | -16 | -48 | -64 |
| Effect of different tax rates in foreign subsidiaries | -3 | -12 | -15 | -12 | -17 | -30 |
| Non-deductible expenses | -2 | -8 | -10 | -1 | -4 | -5 |
| Tax exempt income or tax incentives | 1 | 7 | 8 | 8 | 7 | 15 |
| Foreign non-creditable withholding taxes | -1 | -2 | -3 | 0 | -1 | -1 |
| Deferred tax liability on undistributed earnings | 0 | -9 | -9 | -1 | -7 | -8 |
| Effect of enacted change in tax rates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Reassessment of deferred taxes for prior years | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Income tax for prior years | 0 | 15 | 14 | -1 | 2 | 2 |
| Other | 1 | -3 | -1 | 1 | -6 | -5 |
| Income taxes | -22 | -72 | -95 | -20 | -72 | -92 |

Tax effects of components in other comprehensive income

| 2019 | Continuing operations | | | Discontinued operations | | | Metso total | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------------------|----------|-------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|
| | Before taxes | Tax | After taxes | Before taxes | Tax | After taxes | Before taxes | Tax | After taxes |
| EUR million | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash flow hedges | - | - | - | 4 | -1 | 3 | 4 | -1 | 3 |
| Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (+) / losses (-) | 3 | -1 | 2 | -4 | 1 | -3 | -1 | 0 | -2 |
| Currency translation on subsidiary net investments | 0 | - | 0 | 2 | - | 2 | 1 | - | 1 |
| Total comprehensive income (+) / expense (-) | 3 | -1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 | -1 | 2 |
| Current tax | | - | | | -1 | | | -1 | |
| Deferred tax | | -1 | | | 1 | | | 0 | |
| Total | | -1 | | | 0 | | | -1 | |
| 2018 | Continuing operations | | | Discontinued operations | | | Metso total | | |
| EUR million | Before taxes | Tax | After taxes | Before taxes | Tax | After taxes | Before taxes | Tax | After taxes |
| Cash flow hedges | - | - | - | -1 | 0 | -1 | -1 | 0 | -1 |
| Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (+) / losses (-) | -3 | 1 | -3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | -2 | 0 | -2 |
| Currency translation on subsidiary net investments | 2 | - | 2 | -15 | - | -15 | -13 | - | -13 |
| Total comprehensive income (+) / expense (-) | -2 | 1 | -1 | -15 | 0 | -15 | -16 | 0 | -16 |
| Current tax | | - | | | 0 | | | 0 | |
| Deferred tax | | 1 | | | 0 | | | 0 | |
| Total | | 1 | | | 0 | | | 0 | |

Accounting policy

The deferred tax asset or liability is determined for temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their financial statement carrying amounts using the substantially enacted tax rates expected to apply in future years. Typical temporary differences arise from provisions, depreciation and amortization expense, inter-company inventory margins, defined benefit plans and tax loss carry forwards. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized in the balance sheet in full, and the deferred tax assets are only recognized if it is probable there will be taxable income in the future against which deferred tax can be used. Deferred tax assets are set off against deferred tax liabilities if they relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

Estimates and assessments by Management

In determining the deferred tax assets and liabilities, Metso is required to make certain assumptions and estimates on in particular future operating performance and the taxable income of subsidiaries, recoverability of tax loss carryforwards and potential changes of tax laws in jurisdictions where Metso operates. A deferred tax liability based on foreign subsidiaries undistributed earnings has been provided only where Metso management has elected to distribute such earnings in the coming years and the distribution is subject to taxation. Because the tax consequences are difficult to predict, the deferred tax asset and liabilities may need to be adjusted in coming financial years, which will have an impact in the period in which such determination is made.

Reconciliation of deferred tax balances, continuing operations

| 2019 | January 1 | January 1 | Charged to | Charged to | Acquisitions | Translation | December |
|---|-------------|-------------------------|------------------|----------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| EUR million | Metso total | Discontinued operations | income statement | shareholders' equity | and disposals | differences and Group items | 31 |
| Deferred tax assets | | | | | | | |
| Tax losses carried forward | 6 | -6 | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 |
| Intangible and tangible assets | 17 | -13 | 0 | - | - | 0 | 4 |
| Inventory | 25 | -21 | 0 | - | - | 0 | 4 |
| Provisions | 18 | -17 | 0 | - | - | -1 | 0 |
| Accruals | 10 | -10 | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 |
| Pension related items | 13 | -4 | 0 | 0 | - | -6 | 3 |
| Other | 24 | -22 | 0 | - | - | 0 | 3 |
| Total deferred tax assets | 114 | -93 | 0 | 0 | - | -7 | 14 |
| Offset against deferred tax liabilities | -12 | 12 | - | - | - | 0 | -1 |
| Net deferred tax assets | 101 | -81 | 0 | 0 | - | -7 | 13 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Purchase price allocations | 12 | -8 | 0 | - | - | 0 | 4 |
| Intangible and tangible assets | 6 | -6 | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 25 | -24 | 0 | - | - | 0 | 1 |
| Total deferred tax liabilities | 43 | -38 | 0 | - | - | 0 | 5 |
| Offset against deferred tax assets | -12 | 12 | - | - | - | 0 | -1 |
| Net deferred tax liabilities | 30 | -26 | 0 | - | - | 0 | 4 |
| Deferred tax assets, net | 71 | -55 | 0 | - | - | -7 | 9 |

Reconciliation of deferred tax balances, discontinued operations

| 2019 | January 1 | Charged to | Charged to | Acquisitions | Translation | December |
|---|-----------|------------------|----------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| EUR million | January 1 | income statement | shareholders' equity | and disposals | differences and Group items | 31 |
| Deferred tax assets | | | | | | |
| Tax losses carried forward | 6 | 1 | 0 | 1 | - | 8 |
| Intangible and tangible assets | 13 | -2 | 0 | -1 | - | 11 |
| Inventory | 21 | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 21 |
| Provisions | 17 | -2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 17 |
| Accruals | 10 | 0 | 0 | - | -1 | 9 |
| Pension related items | 4 | 0 | 0 | - | 6 | 10 |
| Other | 22 | 10 | 0 | 1 | 16 | 49 |
| Total deferred tax assets | 93 | 7 | 0 | 3 | 21 | 124 |
| Offset against deferred tax liabilities | -12 | 0 | - | - | -4 | -16 |
| Net deferred tax assets | 81 | 7 | 0 | 3 | 17 | 108 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | | | | | | |
| Purchase price allocations | 8 | -2 | 0 | 28 | - | 34 |
| Intangible and tangible assets | 6 | 0 | -1 | - | 0 | 5 |
| Other | 24 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43 |
| Total deferred tax liabilities | 38 | 17 | -1 | 28 | 0 | 82 |
| Offset against deferred tax assets | -12 | - | - | - | -4 | -16 |
| Net deferred tax liabilities | 26 | 17 | -1 | 28 | -4 | 66 |
| Deferred tax assets, net | 55 | -10 | 1 | -25 | 21 | 43 |

Reconciliation of deferred tax balances, comparison period, Metso total

| 2018 | | Charged to | Charged to | Acquisitions | Translation | |
|---|------------|------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| EUR million | January 1 | income | shareholders' | and disposals | differences | December 31 |
| Deferred tax assets | | | | | | |
| Tax losses carried forward | 11 | -4 | -1 | - | - | 6 |
| Intangible and tangible assets | 10 | 5 | 2 | - | - | 17 |
| Inventory | 24 | -3 | 0 | - | - | 21 |
| Provisions | 21 | -2 | 0 | - | -1 | 18 |
| Accruals | 5 | 1 | - | - | - | 6 |
| Pension related items | 7 | 11 | -4 | - | - | 14 |
| Other | 22 | 1 | 1 | 0 | -1 | 24 |
| Total deferred tax assets | 101 | 8 | -2 | 0 | -2 | 105 |
| Offset against deferred tax liabilities | -10 | 6 | - | - | - | -4 |
| Net deferred tax assets | 91 | 14 | -2 | 0 | -2 | 101 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | | | | | | |
| Purchase price allocations | 10 | -2 | 0 | 4 | - | 12 |
| Intangible and tangible assets | 5 | -2 | - | - | 0 | 4 |
| Other | 10 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 19 |
| Total deferred tax liabilities | 25 | 4 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 34 |
| Offset against deferred tax assets | -10 | 6 | - | - | - | -4 |
| Net deferred tax liabilities | 15 | 10 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 30 |
| Deferred tax assets, net | 76 | 4 | -2 | -5 | -2 | 71 |

Deferred tax liability on undistributed retained earnings in subsidiaries will be recognized when the dividend distribution is probable in the near future and it will cause a tax impact. At the end of year 2019 there are no substantial undistributed earnings in subsidiaries from which deferred tax liability is not booked.

1.9. Earnings per share

Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to shareholders of the company by the weighted average number of shares issued and outstanding for the year, excluding own shares held by the Parent company.

| 2019 | Continuing operations | Discontinued operations | Metso total |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Profit attributable to shareholders of the company, EUR million | 69 | 232 | 301 |
| Weighted average number of shares issued and outstanding (in thousands) | 150,057 | 150,057 | 150,057 |
| Earnings per share, basic, EUR | 0.46 | 1.54 | 2.00 |

| 2018 | Continuing operations | Discontinued operations | Metso total |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Profit attributable to shareholders of the company, EUR million | 65 | 165 | 230 |
| Weighted average number of shares issued and outstanding (in thousands) | 149,997 | 149,997 | 149,997 |
| Earnings per share, basic, EUR | 0.43 | 1.10 | 1.53 |

Diluted

The shares to be potentially issued in the future are treated as outstanding shares when calculating the Diluted earnings per share if they have a dilutive effect. The own shares held by Metso are reissued within the terms of the share ownership plan to the key personnel if the targets defined in the plan are met. Diluted earnings per share are calculated by increasing the weighted average number of outstanding shares with the number of those shares, which would be distributed to the beneficiaries based on the results achieved, if the conditional earnings period ended at the end of the financial period in question. As at December 31, 2019, Metso held 272,088 own shares to be used as consideration under the share ownership plans.

| 2019 | Continuing operations | Discontinued operations | Metso total |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Profit attributable to shareholders of the company, EUR million | 69 | 232 | 301 |
| Weighted average number of shares issued and outstanding (in thousands) | 150,057 | 150,057 | 150,057 |
| Adjustment for potential shares distributed (in thousands) | 143 | 143 | 143 |
| Weighted average number of diluted shares issued and outstanding (in thousands) | 150,200 | 150,200 | 150,200 |
| Earnings per share, diluted, EUR | 0.46 | 1.54 | 2.00 |

| 2018 | Continuing operations | Discontinued operations | Metso total |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Profit attributable to shareholders of the company, EUR million | 65 | 165 | 230 |
| Weighted average number of shares issued and outstanding (in thousands) | 149,997 | 149,997 | 149,997 |
| Adjustment for potential shares distributed (in thousands) | 190 | 190 | 190 |
| Weighted average number of diluted shares issued and outstanding (in thousands) | 150,187 | 150,187 | 150,187 |
| Earnings per share, diluted, EUR | 0.43 | 1.10 | 1.53 |

2. Operational assets and liabilities

2.1. Net working capital and capital employed

Net working capital, balance sheet value

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Metso total |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Inventories | 181 | 975 | 1,156 | 950 |
| Trade receivables | 95 | 577 | 672 | 585 |
| Other non-interest bearing receivables | 41 | 198 | 239 | 185 |
| Customer contract assets and liabilities, net | - | 24 | 24 | -18 |
| Trade payables | -63 | -385 | -448 | -431 |
| Advances received | -24 | -189 | -212 | -208 |
| Other non-interest bearing liabilities | -64 | -429 | -493 | -430 |
| Net working capital | 166 | 772 | 939 | 633 |

Net working capital, cash flow effect

| EUR million | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Metso total |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| Inventories | -107 | -197 |
| Trade receivables | -42 | -85 |
| Other non-interest bearing receivables | -52 | -6 |
| Customer contract assets and liabilities, net | -41 | 24 |
| Trade payables | -38 | 82 |
| Advances received | 1 | 16 |
| Other non-interest bearing liabilities | 26 | 37 |
| Net working capital | -254 | -129 |

Capital employed

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Metso total |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Net working capital | 166 | 772 | 939 | 633 |
| Intangible assets | 81 | 727 | 807 | 608 |
| Tangible assets | 67 | 321 | 388 | 305 |
| Right-of-use assets | 46 | 93 | 140 | 0 |
| Non-current investments | 0 | 10 | 11 | 7 |
| Interest bearing receivables | - | 6 | 6 | 7 |
| Liquid funds | 57 | 156 | 213 | 426 |
| Tax receivables, net | 8 | 36 | 44 | 32 |
| Interest payables, net | 0 | -4 | -4 | -4 |
| Capital employed | 425 | 2,118 | 2,543 | 2,015 |
| Total capital employed, average | n/a | n/a | 2,279 | 2,109 |
| Profit before taxes + interest and other financial expenses | 94 | 345 | 438 | 357 |
| Profit after taxes + interest and other financial expenses | 71 | 272 | 344 | 264 |
| Return on capital employed (ROCE) before taxes, % | n/a | n/a | 19.2 | 16.9 |
| Return on capital employed (ROCE) after taxes, % | n/a | n/a | 15.1 | 12.5 |

Longer time series is presented in Key figures section.

2.2. Trade receivables

Accounting policy

Trade receivables are invoiced receivables from customers related to Metso's ordinary business transactions. General payment terms are typically from 30 days to 90 days and they are non-interest bearing receivables. Trade receivables are initially recognized at recoverable value and subsequently valued at amortized cost. If exceptionally over 360 days payment term has offered to a client, the invoiced amount is discounted to its fair value.

Metso may enter an agreement to sell trade receivables. Trade receivable will be derecognized as payment has been received and there is certainty that credit risk and other risks and rewards have been transferred to a third party.

Receivables from customer contracts are recognized receivables related to sales recognition over time, at the time when performance obligation satisfied by Metso exceeds the amount invoiced from the client. These receivables will be invoiced according to invoicing schedules in the client contract, see note 1.2.

Metso applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance to be assessed and recognized regularly. Credit loss risk related to customer contract assets is for material part covered with the advance payments received from the clients.

Based on the analysis of previous year's credit losses by aging category and nature, as well as macroeconomic outlook in the near future, Metso recognizes a credit loss allowance from 0.2% to 5% on undue or less than 180 days overdue trade receivables. For more than 180 days overdue trade receivables the impairment is assessed individually, but without any credit guarantee, collateral or similar assurance on the recoverability, a minimum credit loss provision of 25% (over 180 days overdue) and 100% (over 360 days overdue) will be recognized. Trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Probability of bankruptcy, other financial reorganization or similar situation indicating insolvency of the client trigger final write off.

Estimates and assessments by Management

Estimate on expected credit losses and credit loss provision to be recognized are based on management's best judgement. The judgement is based on earlier experience on past years credit losses and current economic outlooks and client segment and location information. Trade receivables are collected actively, and possible impairment analyzed regularly by businesses and Metso legal units, and necessary actions to secure the receivables are made by the management. When credit loss provision of a trade receivable is assessed individually, collateral, credit guarantees, financial position of client and earlier payment behavior are taken into account.

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Metso total |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Trade receivables | 95 | 572 | 667 | 576 |
| Trade receivables for sale | - | 5 | 5 | 9 |
| Customer contract assets | - | 87 | 87 | 82 |
| Total | 95 | 664 | 759 | 667 |

Provision on trade receivables by ageing category

| 2019 EUR million | Continuing operations Trade receivables, gross | | Discontinued operations Trade receivables, gross | |
|----------------------|---|----------------------|---|----------------------|
| | | of which provided | | of which provided |
| Undue | 55 | 0 | 395 | 1 |
| overdue 1–30 days | 17 | 0 | 93 | 1 |
| overdue 31–180 days | 20 | 1 | 81 | 3 |
| overdue 181–360 days | 3 | 1 | 17 | 4 |
| overdue 360– days | 4 | 3 | 18 | 17 |
| Total | 99 | 4 | 603 | 26 |

Provision on trade receivables by ageing category, comparison period, Metso total

| EUR million | Metso total 2019 | | Metso total 2018 | |
|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| | Trade receivables, gross | of which provided | Trade receivables, gross | of which provided |
| Undue | 450 | 1 | 418 | 1 |
| overdue 1–30 days | 109 | 1 | 92 | 0 |
| overdue 31–180 days | 101 | 3 | 66 | 2 |
| overdue 181–360 days | 20 | 5 | 14 | 3 |
| overdue 360– days | 22 | 20 | 25 | 25 |
| Total | 702 | 30 | 616 | 31 |

Realized write-offs for discontinued operations totaled EUR 4 million in 2019 (EUR 3 million in 2018). Realized write-offs for continuing operations totaled less than EUR 1 million.

Provision for impairment of trade receivables, continuing operations

| EUR million | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|----------|-----------|
| Accumulated provision January 1, Metso total | 31 | 33 |
| Accumulated provision January 1, discontinued operations | -27 | - |
| Impact in income statement | 0 | -3 |
| Currency rate differences | 0 | -1 |
| Other change | 1 | 2 |
| Accumulated provision December 31, continuing operations total | 4 | 31 |

Provision for impairment of trade receivables, discontinued operations

| EUR million | 2019 |
|---|-----------|
| Accumulated provision January 1 | 27 |
| Impact in income statement | -4 |
| Currency rate differences | 2 |
| Other change | 1 |
| Accumulated provision December 31, discontinued operations total | 26 |

2.3. Other receivables

Accounting policy

Other non-interest bearing receivables are recognized in the balance sheet at fair value which can be subsequently written down due to impairment. The impairment is expensed under selling, general and administrative expenses.

Estimates and assessments by Management

Metso's policy is to calculate an impairment loss based on the best estimate of the amounts that are potentially uncollectable at the balance sheet date. Metso's management actively monitors the amount of receivables past due globally and initiates action as necessary.

| 2019 EUR million | Continuing operations | | | Discontinued operations | | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------|------------|------------|
| | Non-current | Current | Total | Non-current | Current | Total |
| Loan receivables | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| Prepaid expenses and accrued income | - | 27 | 27 | 0 | 44 | 44 |
| VAT, payroll tax and social charge receivables | - | 11 | 11 | 0 | 76 | 76 |
| Pension assets | - | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 16 |
| Other receivables | 1 | 1 | 2 | 26 | 18 | 44 |
| Non-interest bearing receivables total | 1 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 139 | 180 |

| EUR million | Metso total 2019 | | | Metso total 2018 | | |
|--|------------------|------------|------------|------------------|------------|------------|
| | Non-current | Current | Total | Non-current | Current | Total |
| Loan receivables | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | - |
| Prepaid expenses and accrued income | - | 71 | 71 | - | 54 | 54 |
| VAT, payroll tax and social charge receivables | - | 88 | 88 | - | 69 | 69 |
| Pension assets | 16 | 0 | 16 | 15 | - | 15 |
| Other receivables | 27 | 19 | 46 | 24 | 11 | 35 |
| Non-interest bearing receivables total | 43 | 178 | 221 | 38 | 134 | 173 |

Other non-interest bearing receivables included EUR 17 million in 2019 (EUR 15 million in 2018) Brazilian tax credits arising from delivery of goods and transfer of services (ICMS) recognized by local subsidiary. Of that amount EUR 1 million was classified as long term in 2019 (EUR 1 million in 2018).

2.4. Inventory

Accounting policy

Inventories are valued at the lower of historical cost calculated or net realizable value. Costs are measured on a weighted average cost basis and include purchase costs as well as transportation and processing costs. The costs of finished goods include direct materials, wages and salaries plus employer social contributions, subcontracting and other direct costs, as well as a portion of production and project administration overheads. Net realizable value is the estimated amount that can be realized from the sale of the asset in the normal course of business less costs to sell.

Inventories are shown net of a provision for obsolete and slow-moving inventories. Metso's policy is to maintain a provision for slow-moving and obsolete inventory based on the best estimate of such amounts at the balance sheet date. An obsolescence provision is charged to income statement in the period in which the obsolescence is determined. Estimates are based on a systematic, on-going review and evaluation of inventory balance.

Trade-in equipment received is recorded as inventory at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

Estimates and assessments by Management

Inventory valuation requires management to make estimates and judgements particularly relating to obsolescence and expected selling prices in different market conditions. It also entails management's assessment of general market trends in global markets.

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Metso total |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Materials and supplies | 60 | 157 | 217 | 160 |
| Work in process | 28 | 195 | 223 | 209 |
| Finished products | 92 | 624 | 716 | 581 |
| Inventories | 181 | 975 | 1,156 | 950 |

The cost of inventories recognized as expense totaled EUR 426 million for continuing operations and EUR 2,082 million for discontinued operations in 2019 (Metso total EUR 2,508 million in 2019 and EUR 2,222 million in 2018).

Changes in provision for inventory obsolescence

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Metso total |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Balance at beginning of year, Metso total | 64 | - | 64 | 66 |
| Balance at beginning of year, discontinued operations | -53 | 53 | - | - |
| Impact of exchange rates | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Additions charged to expense | 5 | 5 | 10 | 8 |
| Acquisitions | - | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| Used reserve | -2 | -6 | -8 | -2 |
| Deductions / other additions | -1 | -9 | -10 | -9 |
| Balance at end of year | 14 | 46 | 60 | 64 |

2.5. Trade and other payables

Accounting policy

The fair values and carrying amounts of trade and other payables are considered to be the same due to the short-term maturities. The maturities of the current non-interest bearing liabilities rarely exceed six months. The maturities of trade payables are largely determined by trade practices and individual agreements between Metso and its supplier.

Accrued personnel costs, including holiday pay, are settled in accordance with local laws and regulations.

| 2019 EUR million | Continuing operations | | | Discontinued operations | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------|------------|------------|
| | Non-current | Current | Total | Non-current | Current | Total |
| Trade payables | - | 63 | 63 | - | 385 | 385 |
| Derivative instruments | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 13 | 15 |
| Other payables | | | | | | |
| Accrued interests | - | 0 | 0 | - | 4 | 4 |
| Accrued personnel costs | - | 21 | 21 | - | 90 | 90 |
| Accrued project costs | - | 0 | 0 | - | 55 | 55 |
| VAT, payroll tax and social charge payables | - | 7 | 7 | - | 39 | 39 |
| Other payables | 0 | 12 | 12 | 2 | 64 | 66 |
| Other payables | 0 | 39 | 39 | 2 | 251 | 253 |

| EUR million | Metso total 2019 | | | Metso total 2018 | | |
|---|------------------|------------|------------|------------------|------------|------------|
| | Non-current | Current | Total | Non-current | Current | Total |
| Trade payables | - | 448 | 448 | - | 431 | 431 |
| Derivative instruments | 2 | 13 | 16 | 2 | 14 | 16 |
| Other payables | | | | | | |
| Accrued interests | - | 4 | 4 | - | 5 | 5 |
| Accrued personnel costs | - | 111 | 111 | - | 105 | 105 |
| Accrued project costs | - | 55 | 55 | - | 54 | 54 |
| VAT, payroll tax and social charge payables | - | 46 | 46 | - | 39 | 39 |
| Other payables | 2 | 75 | 78 | 2 | 45 | 48 |
| Other payables | 2 | 291 | 293 | 2 | 248 | 251 |

2.6. Provisions

Accounting policy

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that financial benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions, for which settlement is expected to occur more than one year after the initial recognition, are discounted to their present value and adjusted in subsequent closings for the time effect.

Warranty and guarantee provisions

Metso issues various types of contractual product warranties under which it generally guarantees the performance levels agreed in the sales contract, the performance of products delivered during an agreed warranty period and services rendered for a certain period or term. The provision for estimated warranty costs is based on historical realized warranty costs for deliveries of standard products and services in the past. The typical warranty period is 12 months from the accepted delivery. The adequacy of provisions is assessed periodically on a case by case basis.

Restructuring and capacity adjustment costs

A provision for restructuring and capacity adjustment costs is recognized only after management has approved, committed to and started to implement a formal plan. Employee termination benefits are recognized after the representatives of employees or individual employees have been informed of the intended measures in detail and the related compensation packages can be reliably measured. The costs included in a provision for capacity adjustment are those costs that are either incremental or incurred as a direct result of the plan or are as the result of a continuing contractual obligation with no continuing economic benefit to Metso or a penalty incurred to cancel the contractual obligation. Restructuring and capacity adjustment expenses are recognized in either cost of goods sold or selling, general and administrative expenses depending on the nature of the restructuring expenses. Restructuring costs can also include other costs incurred as a result of the plan, which are recorded under other operating income and expenses, net, such as asset write-downs.

Environmental remediation costs

Metso recognizes provisions associated with environmental remediation obligations when there is a present obligation as a result of past events, an outflow of resources is considered probable and the obligation can be estimated reliably. Such provisions are adjusted as further information develops or circumstances change. Recoveries of environmental remediation costs from other parties are recorded as assets when their receipt is deemed virtually certain.

Provision for loss making projects

A provision for loss making projects is booked when the costs needed to settle the performance obligations of the contract exceed the consideration to be received. Such a provision for the unrecognized portion of the loss is recognized immediately when these conditions have been met and is revised according to the progress of the project.

Estimates and assessments by Management

Provisions booked require management to estimate the future costs needed to settle the obligations and to estimate the possible outcomes of claims or lawsuits. The outcome depends on future development and events, so the final costs needed and timing to settle the obligation may differ from the initial provision estimated.

For larger and long-term delivery projects and sales involving new technology, additional warranty provisions can be established on a case by case basis to take into account the potentially increased risk.

Provisions

| 2019 EUR million | Continuing operations | | | Discontinued operations | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|------------|
| | Non-current | Current | Total | Non-current | Current | Total |
| Warranty and guarantee provision | - | 5 | 5 | 0 | 43 | 43 |
| Restructuring provision | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 11 | 11 |
| Environmental remedial provision | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Other provisions ¹ | 3 | 5 | 8 | 31 | 17 | 48 |
| Total | 3 | 12 | 15 | 33 | 71 | 104 |

¹ Includes provisions related to lawsuit, personnel liabilities and provisions for loss making projects.

| EUR million | Metso total 2019 | | | Metso total 2018 | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|-----------|------------|------------------|-----------|------------|
| | Non-current | Current | Total | Non-current | Current | Total |
| Warranty and guarantee provision | 0 | 49 | 49 | 0 | 50 | 51 |
| Restructuring provision | 1 | 12 | 12 | 0 | 5 | 5 |
| Environmental remedial provision | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Other provisions ¹ | 34 | 22 | 56 | 28 | 15 | 43 |
| Total | 35 | 83 | 119 | 29 | 71 | 100 |

¹ Includes provisions related to lawsuit, personnel liabilities and provisions for loss making projects.

Changes in provisions, continuing operations

| 2019 EUR million | Warranty and guarantee provision | Restructuring provision | Environmental remediation provision | Total |
|---|--|----------------------------|---|----------|
| Carrying value at January 1, Metso total | 51 | 5 | 1 | 57 |
| Carrying value at January 1, discontinued operations | -47 | -5 | -1 | -52 |
| Impact of exchange rates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Addition charged to expense | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| Used reserve | -1 | 0 | 0 | -1 |
| Reversal of reserve / other changes | 0 | - | - | 0 |
| Carrying value at December 31, continuing operations | 5 | 1 | 1 | 7 |

Changes in provisions, discontinued operations

| 2019 EUR million | Warranty and guarantee provision | Restructuring provision | Environmental remediation provision | Total |
|---|--|----------------------------|---|-----------|
| Carrying value at January 1 | 47 | 5 | 1 | 52 |
| Impact of exchange rates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Acquisitions | 2 | - | 0 | 2 |
| Addition charged to expense | 28 | 11 | 0 | 40 |
| Used reserve | -19 | -3 | 0 | -22 |
| Reversal of reserve / other changes | -15 | -3 | - | -18 |
| Carrying value at December 31, discontinued operations | 43 | 10 | 1 | 54 |

2.7. Post-employment obligations

Accounting policy

Metso has several different pension schemes in accordance with local regulations and practices in countries where it operates. In certain countries, the pension schemes are defined benefit plans with retirement, disability, death, and other post-retirement benefits, such as health services, and termination income benefits. The retirement benefits are usually based on the number of service years and the salary levels of the final service years. Metso has both defined contribution and defined benefit schemes. The schemes are generally funded through payments to insurance companies or to trustee-administered funds. Other arrangements are unfunded with benefits being paid directly by Metso as they fall due. All arrangements are subject to local tax and legal restrictions in their respective jurisdictions.

In the case of defined benefit plans, the liability recognized from the plan is the present value of the defined benefit obligation as of the balance sheet date less the fair value of the plan assets. Independent actuaries calculate the defined benefit obligation by applying the projected unit credit method under. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash flows using the interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and having maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension obligation. The cost of providing retirement and other post-retirement benefits to personnel is charged to profit and loss concurrently with the service rendered by personnel. Net interest is recorded through financial income and expenses in the income statement. Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized through OCI in shareholders' equity in the period in which they arise. Past service costs, gains and losses on curtailments or settlements are recognized immediately in the income statement.

The contributions to defined contribution plans and multi-employer and insured plans are recognized in the income statement concurrently with the payment obligations.

Estimates and assessments by Management

The present value of the pension obligations is based on annual actuarial calculations, which use several assumptions such as the discount rate and expected return on assets, salary and pension increases and other actuarial factors. As a result, the liability recorded on Metso's balance sheet and cash contributions to funded arrangements are sensitive to changes. Where the actuarial experience differs from those assumptions gains and losses result, which are recognized in OCI. Sensitivity analyses on the present value of the defined benefit obligation have been presented in the tables. Assets of Metso's funded arrangements are managed by external fund managers. The allocation of assets is reviewed regularly by those responsible for managing Metso's arrangements based on local legislation, professional advice and consultation with Metso, based on acceptable risk tolerances.

Metso's pension and other post-employment plans

The pension arrangements in the US, Canada and the UK together represent 72% of Metso's defined benefit obligation and 83% of its pension assets. These arrangements provide income in retirement which is substantially based on salary and service at or near retirement. In the US and Canada annual valuations are carried out to determine whether cash funding contributions are required in accordance with local legislation. In the UK, Metso's defined benefit pension arrangement is closed to the future accrual. Plan assets are held by a separate pension fund and are administered by a board of trustees. Cash contributions are determined on a triennial basis in accordance with local funding legislation, with the level of cash payments being agreed between the trustees and Metso. Defined benefit pension arrangements in Sweden are offered in accordance with collective labor agreements and are unfunded.

Assets of Metso's funded arrangements are managed by external fund managers. The allocation of assets is reviewed regularly by those responsible for managing Metso's arrangements based on local legislation, professional advice and consultation with Metso, based on acceptable risk tolerances.

The expected contributions to plans in 2020 are EUR 5 million. Metso paid contributions of EUR 6 million to defined benefit plans in 2019.

The amounts recognized as of December 31 in the balance sheet

| EUR million | Pension benefits | | Other post-employment benefits | | Total | |
|---|------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 |
| Present value of funded obligations | 228 | 237 | - | - | 228 | 237 |
| Fair value of plan assets | -250 | -254 | - | - | -250 | -254 |
| | -22 | -17 | - | - | -22 | -17 |
| Present value of unfunded obligations | 48 | 42 | 26 | 26 | 75 | 68 |
| Unrecognized asset | 0 | 1 | - | - | 0 | 1 |
| Net liability | 27 | 27 | 26 | 26 | 53 | 53 |
| of which continuing operations | 7 | | 1 | | 8 | |
| of which discontinued operations | 20 | | 25 | | 45 | |
| Amounts in the balance sheet, continuing operations | | | | | | |
| Liabilities | 7 | 42 | 1 | 26 | 8 | 68 |
| Assets | - | 15 | - | - | - | 15 |
| Amounts in the balance sheet, discontinued operations | | | | | | |
| Liabilities | 36 | - | 25 | - | 61 | - |
| Assets | 16 | - | - | - | 16 | - |

Movements in the net liability recognized in the balance sheet (total)

| EUR million | Pension and other post-employment benefits | |
|--|--|-----------|
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Net liability at beginning of year | 53 | 52 |
| Net expense recognized in the income statement | 4 | 6 |
| Employer contributions | -6 | -8 |
| Gain (+) / loss (-) recognized through OCI | 2 | 3 |
| Translation differences | 0 | 1 |
| Net liability at end of year | 53 | 53 |

The amounts recognized in the income statement

| EUR million | Pension benefits | | Other post-employment benefits | | Total | |
|--|------------------|----------|--------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 |
| Employer's current service cost | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| Net interest on net surplus (+) / deficit (-) | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Settlements | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - |
| Recognition of past service cost (+) / credit (-) | -1 | 1 | - | - | -1 | 1 |
| Administration costs paid by the scheme | 1 | 0 | - | - | 1 | 0 |
| Expense (+) / income (-) recognized in income statement | 3 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 6 |
| of which continuing operations | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| of which discontinued operations | 2 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 5 |

The amounts recognized through OCI

| EUR million | Pension benefits | | Other post-employment benefits | | Total | |
|--|------------------|----------|--------------------------------|-----------|----------|----------|
| | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 |
| Return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in interest expense (+) / income (-) | -20 | 18 | - | - | -20 | 18 |
| Actuarial gain (-) / loss (+) on liabilities due to change in financial assumptions | 22 | -11 | 2 | -1 | 25 | -13 |
| Actuarial gain (-) / loss (+) on liabilities due to change in demographic assumptions | 0 | 0 | -1 | - | -1 | 0 |
| Actuarial gain (-) / loss (+) on liabilities due to experience | 0 | -3 | - | - | -1 | -3 |
| Gain (-) / loss (+) as result of asset ceiling | -1 | 0 | - | - | -1 | 0 |
| Total gain (-) / loss (+) recognized through OCI | 1 | 4 | 1 | -1 | 1 | 2 |
| of which continuing operations | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | -3 | 3 |
| of which discontinued operations | 0 | 1 | 2 | -2 | 4 | -1 |

The changes in the value of the defined benefit obligation

| EUR million | Pension benefits | | Other post-employment benefits | | Total | |
|---|------------------|------------|--------------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 |
| Defined benefit obligation at beginning of year | 281 | 305 | 25 | 27 | 306 | 332 |
| Other adjustment to present value | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Employer's current service cost | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| Interest cost | 7 | 8 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 9 |
| Plan participant contributions | 0 | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 |
| Past service cost (+) / credit (-) | -1 | 1 | - | - | -1 | 1 |
| Actuarial gain (-) / loss (+) due to change in financial assumptions | 23 | -11 | 3 | -1 | 26 | -13 |
| Actuarial gain (-) / loss (+) on liabilities due to change in demographic assumptions | -1 | 0 | - | - | -1 | 0 |
| Actuarial gain (-) / loss (+) due to experience | 2 | -3 | -1 | 0 | 1 | -3 |
| Settlements | -29 | - | - | - | -29 | - |
| Benefits paid from the arrangement | -13 | -22 | - | - | -13 | -22 |
| Benefits paid direct by employer | -3 | -3 | -2 | -2 | -5 | -5 |
| Translation differences | 8 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 4 |
| Defined benefit obligation at end of year | 276 | 281 | 26 | 25 | 302 | 306 |
| of which continuing operations | 91 | - | 1 | - | 92 | - |
| of which discontinued operations | 185 | - | 25 | - | 210 | - |

The changes in the fair value of the plan assets during the year

| EUR million | Pension and other post-employment benefits total | |
|---|--|------------|
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Fair value of assets at beginning of year | 254 | 280 |
| Interest income on assets | 7 | 8 |
| Return on plan assets excluding interest income | 20 | -18 |
| Assets distributed on settlements | -28 | - |
| Employer contributions | 6 | 8 |
| Plan participant contributions | 0 | 0 |
| Benefits paid from the arrangements | -13 | -22 |
| Benefits paid direct by employer | -5 | -5 |
| Administration expenses paid from the scheme | 0 | 0 |
| Translation differences | 8 | 3 |
| Fair value of assets at end of year | 249 | 254 |
| of which continuing operations | 84 | - |
| of which discontinued operations | 165 | - |

The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of total plan assets as at December 31

| | Quoted | | Unquoted | | Total | |
|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 |
| Equity securities | 9% | 17% | 0% | 0% | 9% | 17% |
| Bonds | 40% | 36% | 2% | 2% | 41% | 38% |
| Property | 1% | 1% | 0% | 0% | 1% | 1% |
| Cash | 1% | 1% | 1% | 0% | 2% | 1% |
| Insurance contracts | 2% | 2% | 10% | 11% | 12% | 12% |
| Other | 22% | 18% | 13% | 12% | 35% | 31% |
| Total | 74% | 75% | 26% | 25% | 100% | 100% |

As at 31, December 2019 there were no plan assets invested in affiliated or property occupied by affiliated companies.

The principal actuarial assumptions at December 31 expressed as weighted averages

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Benefit obligation | | |
| Discount rate | 2.25% | 3.26% |
| Rate of salary increase | 2.99% | 3.07% |
| Rate of pension increase | 2.42% | 2.68% |
| Expense in income statement | | |
| Discount rate | 3.26% | 2.87% |
| Rate of salary increase | 3.07% | 3.05% |
| Rate of pension increase | 2.68% | 2.66% |

The weighted average life expectancy used for the major defined benefit plans

| In years | Life expectancy at age of 65 for a male member currently aged 65 | | Life expectancy at age of 65 for a male member currently aged 45 | |
|----------------|--|------|--|------|
| | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 |
| United Kingdom | 22.0 | 21.9 | 22.6 | 23.3 |
| United States | 20.6 | 21.8 | 22.2 | 22.8 |
| Canada | 21.8 | 20.7 | 22.9 | 22.3 |

Life expectancy is allowed for in the assessment of the Defined Benefit Obligation using mortality tables which are generally based on experience within the country in which the arrangement is located with (in many cases) an allowance made for anticipated future improvements in longevity.

Sensitivity analyses on present value of Defined Benefit Obligation in below table present the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation when major assumptions are changed while others held constant.

Sensitivity analyses

| EUR million | 2019 | | | 2018 | | |
|------------------------------|---------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|
| | Pension | Other | Total | Pension | Other | Total |
| Discount rate | | | | | | |
| Increase of 0.25% | -8.1 | -0.6 | -8.7 | -7.4 | -0.6 | -8.0 |
| Decrease of 0.25% | 8.8 | 0.7 | 9.5 | 7.8 | 0.6 | 8.4 |
| Salary increase rate | | | | | | |
| Increase of 0.25% | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Decrease of 0.25% | -0.2 | -0.1 | -0.3 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.2 |
| Pension increase rate | | | | | | |
| Increase of 0.25% | 3.1 | - | 3.1 | 2.8 | - | 2.8 |
| Decrease of 0.25% | -2.8 | - | -2.8 | -2.5 | - | -2.5 |
| Medical cost trend | | | | | | |
| Increase of 0.25% | - | 1.3 | 1.3 | - | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Decrease of 0.25% | - | -1.2 | -1.2 | - | -1.0 | -1.0 |
| Life expectancy | | | | | | |
| Increase of one year | 13.1 | 0.9 | 14.0 | 13.1 | 0.8 | 13.9 |
| Decrease of one year | -12.5 | -0.9 | -13.4 | -12.9 | -0.8 | -13.7 |

Weighted average duration of Defined Benefit Obligation expressed in years

| In years | 2019 | | | 2018 | | |
|----------------|---------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|
| | Pension | Other | Total | Pension | Other | Total |
| At December 31 | 12.5 | 9.9 | 12.2 | 11.4 | 9.5 | 11.2 |

3. Intangible and tangible assets

3.1. Goodwill and other intangible assets

Accounting policy

Goodwill and other intangible assets with an indefinite useful life

Goodwill represents the excess of acquisition costs over the fair value of net identified assets acquired and liabilities assumed and the fair values of previously owned interests and non-controlling interests. Goodwill is allocated to cash generating units (CGUs), which are the reportable segments such as Flow Control or Minerals. If Metso reorganizes its reporting structure, goodwill is reallocated to the cash generating units affected based on their relative fair values at the time of the reorganization. The carrying value of goodwill is tested with the CGU's value in use or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal, when appropriate. Previously recognized impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed.

Other intangible assets with an indefinite useful life, such as brand values, are not amortized. Currently such assets are tested for impairment annually as part of the appropriate CGU tested for impairment. Previous losses on impairment are only reversed to the extent that the new carrying amount of the assets does not exceed the carrying amount the asset would have had, if the asset had not been impaired.

Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets with a definite useful life, mainly trademarks, patents, licenses, IT software or acquired order backlog are measured at costs less accumulated amortizations and impairment losses.

Amortization of intangible assets

Amortization of intangible assets with a definite useful life is calculated on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the assets as follows:

| | |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| Patents and licenses | 5–10 years |
| Computer software | 3–5 years |
| Technology | 3–20 years |
| Customer relationships | 3–20 years |
| Other intangible assets | < 1–20 years |

The probable useful lives of assets are reviewed annually. If material deviations from previous estimates arise, the useful lives are reassessed. The carrying value of intangible assets subject to amortization is reviewed for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. A previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed if there is a significant improvement of the circumstances having initially caused the impairment, but not to a higher value than the carrying amount, which would have been recorded had there been no impairment in prior years.

Research and development expenses comprise salaries, administration costs, depreciation and amortization of tangible and intangible assets and they are mainly recognized as incurred. When material development costs meet certain capitalization criteria under IAS 38, they are capitalized and amortized during the expected useful life of the underlying technology.

Goodwill and other intangible assets, continuing operations

| 2019 EUR million | Goodwill | Patents and licences | Capitalized software | Other intangible assets | Intangible assets total |
|--|-----------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Acquisition cost at beginning of year, Metso total | 525 | 27 | 92 | 139 | 783 |
| Acquisition cost at beginning of year, discontinued operations | -462 | -27 | -75 | -108 | -672 |
| Translation differences | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -1 |
| Business acquisitions | -1 | - | - | - | -1 |
| Capital expenditure | - | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Reclassifications | - | - | 2 | -2 | - |
| Other changes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Acquisition cost at end of year | 62 | 0 | 21 | 31 | 111 |
| Accumulated amortization at beginning of year, Metso total | - | -19 | -81 | -74 | -175 |
| Accumulated amortization at beginning of year, discontinued operations | - | 19 | 66 | 60 | 145 |
| Translation differences | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other changes | - | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Impairment losses | - | 0 | - | -1 | -1 |
| Amortization charges for the year | - | 0 | -2 | -2 | -4 |
| Accumulated amortization at end of year | - | 0 | -16 | -17 | -30 |
| Net book value at end of year, continuing operations | 62 | 0 | 4 | 14 | 81 |

Goodwill and other intangible assets, discontinued operations

| 2019 EUR million | Goodwill | Patents and licences | Capitalized software | Other intangible assets | Intangible assets total |
|---|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Acquisition cost at beginning of year | 462 | 27 | 75 | 108 | 672 |
| Translation differences | -2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -2 |
| Business acquisitions | 99 | 0 | 1 | 109 | 209 |
| Business disposals | -3 | - | -0 | -12 | -15 |
| Capital expenditure | - | 1 | 1 | 6 | 9 |
| Reclassifications | - | - | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Other changes | 0 | 0 | -1 | 3 | 2 |
| Acquisition cost at end of year | 556 | 28 | 77 | 215 | 876 |
| Accumulated amortization at beginning of year | - | -19 | -66 | -60 | -145 |
| Translation differences | - | 0 | 0 | -0 | -1 |
| Business acquisitions | - | - | 0 | - | 0 |
| Business disposals | - | - | - | 10 | 10 |
| Other changes | - | 0 | 1 | -0 | 1 |
| Impairment losses | - | 0 | - | -0 | -0 |
| Amortization charges for the year | - | -2 | -5 | -6 | -12 |
| Accumulated amortization at end of year | - | -22 | -71 | -56 | -149 |
| Net book value at end of year, discontinued operations | 556 | 6 | 6 | 158 | 727 |

Goodwill and other intangible assets, comparison period, Metso total

| 2018 EUR million | Goodwill | Patents and licences | Capitalized software | Other intangible assets | Intangible assets total |
|---|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Acquisition cost at beginning of year | 466 | 28 | 93 | 119 | 706 |
| Translation differences | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| Business acquisitions | 57 | - | - | 16 | 73 |
| Capital expenditure | - | 2 | 1 | 3 | 6 |
| Reclassifications | - | - | 1 | -1 | - |
| Other changes | - | -3 | -2 | - | -5 |
| Acquisition cost at end of year | 525 | 27 | 92 | 139 | 783 |
| Accumulated amortization at beginning of year | - | -19 | -76 | -66 | -161 |
| Translation differences | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other changes | - | 2 | 2 | - | 5 |
| Impairment losses | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 |
| Amortization charges for the year | - | -3 | -8 | -8 | -18 |
| Accumulated amortization at end of year | - | -19 | -81 | -74 | -175 |
| Net book value at end of year | 525 | 7 | 11 | 65 | 608 |

Impairment testing

Accounting policy

Goodwill and other intangible assets with an indefinite useful life are tested for impairment annually. The testing of goodwill and other intangible assets with an indefinite useful life is performed at the cash generating unit level. If the carrying value of goodwill exceeds the recoverable value, an impairment is recognized in the income statement under depreciations and amortizations. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed. Currently Metso's management has defined two separate CGUs, Flow Control and Minerals, to which goodwill has been allocated.

The recoverable amounts of CGU's are based on value in use calculations, where the estimated future cash flows of CGUs are discounted to their present value. The cash flows are derived from the current year's last quarter estimate, the following year's budget and the approved strategy for the next four years, beyond which cash flows are calculated using the terminal value method. The terminal growth rate used is based on management's judgment regarding the average long-term growth. Cash flows include only normal maintenance investments and exclude any potential investments that enhance the CGUs performance and acquisitions.

Estimates and assessments by Management

Value in use calculations are inherently judgmental and highly susceptible to change from period to period because they require management to make assumptions about future supply and demand related to its individual business units, future sales prices, profit margins and achievable efficiency savings over time. The value of benefits and savings expected from the efficiency improvement programs are inherently subjective. Metso management estimates sales growth rate and EBITDA development for the testing period as well as the discount factor used. The present value of the cash generating units is discounted using the CGU's weighted average cost of capital (WACC) calculated by Metso. WACC calculations include judgments on regarding, among other things, relevant beta factors, peer companies and capital structure to use.

Metso performs impairment testing annually, or whenever there is an indication of impairment. Typical triggering events are material and permanent deterioration in the global economy or political environment, observed significant under-performance relative to projected future performance and significant changes in Metso's strategic orientations.

Expected useful lives and remaining amortization periods for other intangible assets are reviewed annually by management. Acquisitions, disposals and restructuring actions typically generate a need for the reassessment of the recoverable amounts and remaining useful lives of the assets. When the other intangible assets are measured at fair value less costs of disposal, the selling price, incremental costs and selling costs need to be estimated by management.

Upon initial acquisition Metso uses readily available market values to determine the fair values of acquired net assets to be allocated. However, when this is not possible, the valuation is based on past performance of such an asset and expected future cash generating capacity, which requires management to make estimates and assumptions of the future performance and use of these assets. Any change in Metso's future business priorities may affect the recoverable amounts.

Goodwill allocation to cash generating units

| EUR million | Flow Control (continuing operations) | Minerals (discontinued operations) | Total |
|---|--|--|-------|
| 2019 | | | |
| Balance at beginning of year | 86 | 439 | 525 |
| Translation differences and other changes | -1 | -1 | -2 |
| Transfer | -23 | 23 | 0 |
| Acquisitions and disposals | - | 95 | 95 |
| Balance at end of year | 62 | 556 | 618 |
| As percent of total goodwill | 10% | 90% | 100% |
| 2018 | | | |
| Balance at beginning of year | 44 | 422 | 466 |
| Translation differences and other changes | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Acquisitions / disposals | 40 | 17 | 57 |
| Balance at end of year | 86 | 439 | 525 |
| As percent of total goodwill | 16% | 84% | 100% |

From the beginning on year 2019 Pumps business area was transferred from Flow Control Segment to Minerals segment, consequently, EUR 23 million was reallocated between the segments. The EUR 94 million net increase in 2019 relates to acquisitions of Industrial Support Company SpA and McCloskey International Ltd as well as to disposal of grinding media business in Spain, see more in Note 5.4.

In 2018, EUR 57 million increase in goodwill relates to the acquisitions of AB P.J. Jonsson och Söner, RMEBS Controls Private Limited and Kiln Flame Systems Ltd.

The value of other intangible assets with indefinite useful life totaled EUR 16 million in 2019 (EUR 16 million in 2018), which comprises of the brand values in Minerals segment.

Annual impairment test in 2019

As at December 31, 2019, goodwill totaled EUR 618 million, of which EUR 62 million is allocated to continuing operations and EUR 556 million to discontinued operations. EUR 23 million was reallocated from Flow Control segment to Minerals segment related to changes in reporting structure at the beginning of year 2019. The cash generating units tested were the reportable segments Minerals and Flow Control, and the cost of centralized group services were allocated to CGUs based on their proportional share on the sales volume.

Given that the recoverable amounts of each CGU significantly exceeded the carrying value of goodwill and other tested assets, no indication of impairment was found in 2019. The value in use calculations were derived from estimates, budgets and strategy figures reviewed by Metso's management and approved by the Board of Directors.

The key assumptions used in assessing the recoverable amount are the profitability and growth rate for the estimate period, long-term average growth in the terminal period and discount rate. The key values used were the following:

| % | Flow Control (continuing operations) | Minerals (discontinued operations) |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Sales growth in four years estimate period | 5.9% | 7.9% |
| EBITDA % range in four years estimate period | 14.9%– 19.7% | 12.1%– 17.0% |
| Growth rate in the terminal period | 1.7% | 1.7% |
| WACC after tax | 9.0% | 10.1% |
| WACC before tax | 11.4% | 13.0% |

Values assigned to key assumptions reflect past experience and the management's expectations on the future sales and production volumes, which are based on the current structure and production capacity of each CGU. The seasonality and current market situation of each cash generating unit have been considered separately. In addition, data on growth, demand and price development provided by various research institutions have been utilized. The growth rate of 1.7% for the terminal period is based on the long-term expectations on the growth in the Metso's market environments considering the current low interest rate environment and overall financial market situation.

WACC before tax is used as a discount factor in the calculations. It takes into account the expected return on both debt and equity and has been derived from the WACC on comparable peer industry betas, capital structure and tax rates. CGU WACCs are evaluated annually for testing and CGU specific risk is incorporated through individual beta factors from the market data of the segment's peer companies.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity to impairment of the calculations of both cash generating unit was tested in the following scenarios:

- Scenario 1: increasing WACC by 2.0 percentage points
- Scenario 2: reducing the terminal growth rate from 1.7% to 1.2% and increasing WACC by 2.0 percentage points

The impact to the value in use of the CGUs in the sensitivity analysis

| % | Flow Control (continuing operations) | Minerals (discontinued operations) | Metso total |
|---|--|--|----------------|
| WACC increase by 2 p.p. | -24% | -23% | -20% |
| Terminal growth from 1.7% to 1.2% and WACC increase by 2 p.p. | -21% | -20% | -18% |

The sensitivity analysis also includes several cash projections on break-even levels of EBITDA %, WACC and sales growth based on reasonable change in the future performance of the CGU. However, the impact on the present value obtained is limited as long as there is no permanent weakening expected for the business, which would affect the terminal value. Based on these sensitivity analyses, the management believes that no reasonably possible change of the key assumptions used would cause the carrying value of any CGU to exceed its recoverable amount. In 2019, the sensitivity analysis did not indicate risks of impairment.

3.2. Tangible assets

Accounting policy

Tangible assets are stated at historical cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. The tangible assets of acquired subsidiaries are measured at their fair value at the acquisition date.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets as follows:

| | |
|---|-------------|
| Buildings and structures | 15–40 years |
| Machinery and equipment | 3–20 years |
| Land and water areas are not depreciated. | |

Expected useful lives are reviewed at each balance sheet date and if they differ significantly from previous estimates, the remaining depreciation periods are adjusted accordingly.

Subsequent improvement costs related to an asset are included in the carrying value of such asset or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when the future economic benefits associated with the costs are probable and the related costs can be separated from normal maintenance costs.

Metso reviews tangible assets to be held and used by the company for impairment whenever events and changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Gains and losses on the disposal of tangible asset and possible impairments are recognized in operating income and expenses. Previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed if there is a significant improvement to the circumstances having initially caused the impairment, however not to a higher value than the carrying amount, which would have been recorded had there been no impairment in prior years.

Capitalized interests

The interest expenses of self-constructed tangible assets are capitalized in Metso's financial statements. The capitalized interest expense is amortized over the estimated useful life of the underlying asset.

Government grants

Government grants relating to additions to tangible assets are deducted from the acquisition cost of the asset and they reduce the depreciation charge of the related asset. Other government grants are deferred and recognized as profit concurrently with the costs they compensate.

Estimates and assessments by Management

Acquisitions, disposals and restructuring actions typically generate a need for the reassessment of the recoverable values and remaining useful lives of the assets. When tangible assets are valued at fair value less costs of disposal, selling price, incremental costs and selling costs need to be estimated by management.

Tangible assets, continuing operations

| 2019 EUR million | Land and water areas | Buildings and structures | Machinery and equipment | Assets under construction | Tangible assets total |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Acquisition cost at beginning of year, Metso total | 40 | 228 | 562 | 33 | 863 |
| Acquisition cost at beginning of year, discontinued operations | -35 | -181 | -438 | -31 | -684 |
| Translation differences | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Capital expenditure | 0 | 0 | 4 | 12 | 16 |
| Reclassifications | - | 0 | 2 | -3 | - |
| Other changes | - | - | -3 | 0 | -3 |
| Acquisition cost at end of year | 6 | 48 | 128 | 11 | 194 |
| Accumulated depreciation at beginning of year, Metso total | - | -131 | -428 | - | -558 |
| Accumulated depreciation at beginning of year, discontinued operations | - | 105 | 333 | - | 438 |
| Translation differences | - | 0 | -1 | - | -1 |
| Other changes | - | 0 | 3 | - | 4 |
| Impairment losses | - | - | 0 | - | 0 |
| Amortization charges for the year | - | -2 | -8 | - | -10 |
| Accumulated depreciation at end of year | - | -28 | -100 | - | -128 |
| Net book value at end of year, continuing operations | 6 | 21 | 28 | 11 | 67 |

Tangible assets, discontinued operations

| 2019 EUR million | Land and water areas | Buildings and structures | Machinery and equipment | Assets under construction | Tangible assets total |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Acquisition cost at beginning of year | 35 | 181 | 438 | 31 | 684 |
| Translation differences | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Business acquisitions | 9 | 18 | 17 | 0 | 45 |
| Business disposals | -0 | -1 | -14 | -0 | -16 |
| Capital expenditure | - | 3 | 23 | 52 | 78 |
| Reclassifications | - | 12 | 21 | -32 | 0 |
| Other changes | 0 | -7 | -25 | -4 | -36 |
| Acquisition cost at end of year | 43 | 206 | 460 | 46 | 755 |
| Accumulated depreciation at beginning of year | - | -105 | -333 | - | -438 |
| Translation differences | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 |
| Business acquisitions | - | -1 | -3 | - | -4 |
| Business disposals | - | 0 | 12 | - | 12 |
| Other changes | - | 2 | 20 | - | 22 |
| Impairment losses | - | 3 | -2 | - | 1 |
| Amortization charges for the year | - | -5 | -21 | - | -26 |
| Accumulated depreciation at end of year | - | -106 | -327 | - | -433 |
| Net book value at end of year, discontinued operations | 43 | 100 | 132 | 46 | 321 |

Tangible assets, comparison period, Metso total

| 2018 EUR million | Land and water areas | Buildings and structures | Machinery and equipment | Assets under construction | Tangible assets total |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Acquisition cost at beginning of year | 43 | 229 | 558 | 10 | 840 |
| Translation differences | 0 | -2 | -14 | -1 | -17 |
| Business acquisitions | 1 | 9 | 5 | 0 | 14 |
| Capital expenditure | - | 4 | 24 | 33 | 62 |
| Reclassifications | - | 0 | 10 | -10 | - |
| Other changes | -3 | -12 | -20 | 0 | -35 |
| Acquisition cost at end of year | 40 | 228 | 562 | 33 | 863 |
| Accumulated depreciation at beginning of year | - | -131 | -422 | - | -553 |
| Translation differences | - | 1 | 11 | - | 12 |
| Acquisitions | - | -1 | -2 | - | -3 |
| Other changes | - | 9 | 17 | - | 27 |
| Impairment losses | - | -1 | -1 | - | -2 |
| Depreciation for the year | - | -8 | -32 | - | -40 |
| Accumulated depreciation at end of year | - | -131 | -428 | - | -558 |
| Net book value at end of year, Metso total | 40 | 97 | 135 | 33 | 305 |

3.3. Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization

| 2019 EUR million | Continuing operations | Discontinued operations | Reversal amortization and depreciation | Metso Total, comparable |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| Intangible assets from acquisitions | -2 | -5 | -3 | -10 |
| Other intangible assets | -2 | -7 | -1 | -10 |
| Tangible assets | | | | |
| Buildings and structures | -2 | -5 | -1 | -8 |
| Machinery and equipment | -8 | -21 | -5 | -33 |
| Right-of-use assets | | | | |
| Land areas | 0 | - | 0 | 0 |
| Buildings | -10 | -12 | -3 | -25 |
| Machinery and equipment | -1 | -6 | -2 | -9 |
| Total | -25 | -57 | -14 | -96 |

Depreciation and amortization by function

| 2019 EUR million | Continuing operations | Discontinued operations | Reversal amortization and depreciation | Metso total |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|----------------|
| Cost of goods sold | -17 | -33 | -8 | -58 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | -7 | -24 | -6 | -38 |
| Total | -25 | -57 | -14 | -96 |

Depreciation and amortization, comparison period

| 2018 EUR million | Continuing operations | Discontinued operations | Metso total |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Intangible assets from acquisitions | 0 | -5 | -5 |
| Other intangible assets | -2 | -11 | -13 |
| Tangible assets | | | |
| Buildings and structures | -2 | -6 | -8 |
| Machinery and equipment | -8 | -24 | -32 |
| Total | -12 | -46 | -58 |

Depreciation and amortization by function, comparison period

| 2018 EUR million | Continuing operations | Discontinued operations | Metso total |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Cost of goods sold | -8 | -27 | -35 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | -4 | -19 | -23 |
| Total | -12 | -46 | -58 |

3.4. Right-of-use assets

Accounting policy

A lease is a contract in which the right to use an asset is granted for a specified period in exchange for compensation.

Until 31 December 2018, a lease was defined as an agreement in which the lessor conveys to the lessee the right to use an asset for a specified period in return for a payment. Under IAS 17, beneficial ownership of leased asset was transferred to the lessee if the lessee substantially bore all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased asset. If beneficial ownership of the leased asset was attributed to Metso as the lessee, the asset was capitalized at the lower of the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments. A corresponding lease liability was recognized under non-current liabilities, net of finance charges. The lease liability was subsequently measured at amortized cost and lease payments were allocated between repayment of the lease liability and finance charges. Assets acquired under finance leases were depreciated over the useful life of the asset or over the lease period, if shorter.

When acting as a lessee, Metso has recognized assets for the right of use received and liabilities for the payment obligations for all leases in the balance sheet since 1 January 2019. The right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities are recognized at present value. Lease liabilities include the following payments:

- fixed payments, less any lease incentives provided by the lessor;
- variable payments that depend on an index or a rate;
- expected payments under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of purchase options when exercise is estimated to be reasonably certain; and
- penalties for terminating the lease if the lease term reflects the exercise of a termination option.

Lease payments are discounted by using the implicit interest rate in the lease to the extent it can be readily determined. Otherwise the incremental borrowing rate is used as the discount rate.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost. The cost comprises of the following:

- lease liability
- lease payments made at or before the commencement of the lease, less lease incentives received
- initial direct costs and
- estimated dismantling and restoration costs.

Subsequently, right-of-use assets are measured at cost and depreciated over the shorter of estimated useful life and the lease term. Metso's right-of-use assets consist primarily of operative and office premises in the category of Buildings, and cars, operative machinery, and equipment in the category of Machinery and equipment.

Metso uses practical expedients provided for leases. Lease payments for leases of low value assets and short-term leases (shorter than twelve months) are expensed in the income statement on a straight-line basis. Low value assets comprise IT equipment and other small office items. In addition, the new requirements are not applied to lease contracts for intangible assets. Also, for contracts that comprise both lease components and non-lease components, the payments are not split between these components.

A number of lease contracts include extension and termination options. Such options have been taken into account when determining the lease term. A period covered by Metso's option to extend the lease is included in the lease term if such option is sufficiently likely to be exercised. Further, a period covered by Metso's option to terminate the lease is included in the lease term if it is reasonably certain that such option will not be exercised.

Estimates and assessments by Management

The most significant management judgment relates to lease agreements that include extension or early termination options for Metso. For these contracts, management needs to assess the probability of exercising such option, which may significantly affect the estimated length of lease term and consequently the amounts of right-of-use asset and lease liability as well as the related depreciation and interest expense. Management judgment is also applied in defining the incremental borrowing rate used to calculate the present value of the future lease payments.

Amounts recognized in balance sheet, continuing operations

| 2019 EUR million | Land and water areas | Buildings | Machinery and equipment | Right-of-use assets total |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Acquisition cost at beginning of year, Metso total | 0 | 107 | 19 | 126 |
| Acquisition cost at beginning of year, discontinued operations | 0 | -58 | -16 | -74 |
| Additions | - | 5 | 2 | 7 |
| Derecognition | - | -2 | 0 | -2 |
| Acquisition cost at end of year | 0 | 53 | 5 | 57 |
| Translation differences | - | 0 | - | 0 |
| Other changes | - | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Depreciation for the year | 0 | -10 | -1 | -11 |
| Accumulated depreciation at end of year | 0 | -10 | -1 | -11 |
| Net book value at end of year, continuing operations | 0 | 43 | 3 | 46 |

Amounts recognized in balance sheet, discontinued operations

| 2019 EUR million | Land and water areas | Buildings | Machinery and equipment | Right-of-use assets total |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Acquisition cost at beginning of year | - | 58 | 16 | 74 |
| Translation differences | - | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Acquisitions | - | 3 | 3 | 6 |
| Additions | 1 | 29 | 6 | 35 |
| Derecognition | - | -3 | -1 | -4 |
| Disposals | - | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Acquisition cost at end of year | 1 | 87 | 23 | 110 |
| Translation differences | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other changes | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Depreciation for the year | 0 | -12 | -6 | -18 |
| Accumulated depreciation at end of year | 0 | -11 | -6 | -17 |
| Net book value at end of year, discontinued operations | 1 | 76 | 17 | 93 |

Amounts recognized in profit and loss

| 2019 | 2019 | 2019 | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| EUR million | Continuing operations | Discontinued operations | Metso total | Metso total |
| Rental expenses, continuing operations | - | - | - | -17 |
| Rental expenses, discontinued operations | - | - | - | -22 |
| Rental expenses, total | - | - | - | -39 |
| Operating profit | | | | |
| Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets | -11 | -18 | -30 | - |
| Rental expense relating to leases of low-value assets | -1 | -2 | -3 | - |
| Rental expense relating to leases of short-term assets | 0 | -2 | -2 | - |
| Finance expenses | | | | |
| Interest expense on lease liabilities | -1 | -4 | -5 | - |
| Total amount recognized in profit and loss | -14 | -26 | -40 | -39 |

The total cash outflow for leases including short-term leases and leases of low value assets in 2019 was EUR 12 million in continuing operations and EUR 32 million in discontinued operations.

Maturity analysis of lease liabilities is presented in note 4.5.

4. Capital structure and financial instruments

4.1. Financial risk management

As a global company, Metso is exposed to a variety of business and financial risks. Financial risks are managed centrally by the Group Treasury under annually reviewed written policies approved by the Board of Directors. Treasury operations are monitored by the Treasury Management Team chaired by the CFO. Group Treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the operating units. Group Treasury functions as counterparty to the operating units, manages centrally external funding and is responsible for the management of financial assets and appropriate hedging measures. The objective of financial risk management is to minimize potential adverse effects on Metso's financial performance.

Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis figures presented in connection with different financial risks are based on the risk exposures at the balance sheet date. The sensitivity is calculated by assuming a change in one of the risk factors of a financial instrument, such as interest or currency. It is not likely that the future volatility of a risk factor will develop in accordance with the test assumptions and that only one factor would be impacted.

When calculating the sensitivity, Metso has chosen to use market conventions in assuming a one percentage point (100 basis points) variation in interest rates, 10 percent change in foreign exchange rates and in commodity prices because this provides better comparability from one period to another and information on the volatility to users of financial statements. Metso is aware that such assumptions may not be realistic when compared to past volatility and they are not intended to reflect the future. Metso has chosen not to use past volatility as this could mislead the users of financial statements to assume the analysis reflect management's view on future volatility of the financial instruments.

Liquidity and refinancing risk and capital structure management

Liquidity or refinancing risk arises when a company is not able to arrange funding at terms and conditions corresponding to its creditworthiness. Sufficient cash, short-term investments and committed and uncommitted credit facilities are maintained to protect short-term liquidity. Diversification of funding among different markets and adequate number of financial institutions is used to safeguard the availability of liquidity at all times. Group Treasury monitors bank account structures, cash balances and forecasts of the operating units and manages the utilization of the consolidated cash resources.

The liquidity position of the Group remained good supported by the available back up credit facilities and maturity structure of the funding. During the year bank loans with nominal values EUR 300 million and EUR 150 million and commercial paper loan with a nominal value EUR 10 million were withdrawn. Public bonds with a nominal value EUR 174 matured and were repaid. At the end of 2019 liquid funds amounted to EUR 213 million (EUR 426 million in 2018). Liquid funds consisted of cash and cash equivalents amounted to EUR 213 million (EUR 332 million in 2018), and there were no deposits nor securities with maturity over three months (EUR 94 million in 2018). Additionally, committed undrawn revolving credit facility amounted to EUR 600 million (EUR 500 million in 2018) and committed undrawn European Investment Bank loan facility to EUR 40 million (EUR 40 million in 2018). The syndicated revolving credit facility matures in September 2024, and has two extension options for one year each. Additionally, the uncommitted Finnish Commercial Paper program totaling EUR 500 million can be utilized for funding. Metso has also negotiated a syndicated revolving credit facility of EUR 200 million maturing in 2023 with two one-year extension options. The EUR 200 million -facility will be available for future Neles on the effective date of Metso's demerger.

Metso's refinancing risk is managed by balancing the proportion of short-term and long-term debt as well as the average remaining maturity of long-term debt. The tables below analyze the repayments and interests on Metso's liabilities by the remaining maturities from the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The net interest payments of interest rate swaps hedging long-term loans are included in the long-term debt repayment figures.

Maturities of debts

| 2019 EUR million | Continuing operations Dec 31, 2019 | | | Discontinued operations Dec 31, 2019 | | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|----------|--------------------------------------|------------|----------|
| | <1 year | 1–5 years | >5 years | <1 year | 1–5 years | >5 years |
| Long-term debt | | | | | | |
| Repayments | - | 36 | - | - | 814 | - |
| Interests | 0 | 1 | - | 11 | 24 | - |
| Other liabilities | - | 0 | - | - | 2 | - |
| Short-term debt | | | | | | |
| Repayments | 20 | - | - | 24 | - | - |
| Interests | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - |
| Trade payables | 63 | - | - | 385 | - | - |
| Other liabilities | 1 | - | - | 23 | - | - |
| Total | 84 | 37 | - | 443 | 840 | - |

| EUR million | Metso total Dec 31, 2019 | | | Metso total Dec 31, 2018 | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|------------|----------|--------------------------|------------|------------|
| | <1 year | 1–5 years | >5 years | <1 year | 1–5 years | >5 years |
| Long-term debt | | | | | | |
| Repayments | - | 850 | - | 174 | 100 | 300 |
| Interests | 11 | 25 | - | 9 | 24 | 4 |
| Other liabilities | - | 2 | - | - | - | - |
| Short-term debt | | | | | | |
| Repayments | 43 | - | - | 41 | - | - |
| Interests | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| Trade payables | 448 | - | - | 431 | - | - |
| Other liabilities | 25 | - | - | 8 | 2 | - |
| Metso total | 528 | 877 | - | 664 | 126 | 304 |

Detailed information on balance sheet items is presented in other notes to consolidated financial statements.

Capital structure is assessed regularly by the Board of Directors and managed operationally by the Group Treasury.

Capital structure management in Metso comprises both equity and interest-bearing debt. As of December 31, 2019, the equity attributable to shareholders was EUR 1,516 million (EUR 1,406 million in 2018) and the amount of interest-bearing debt was EUR 880 million (EUR 598 million in 2018). The objectives are to safeguard the ongoing business operations and to optimize the cost of capital. Metso has a target to maintain a solid investment grade credit rating.

Metso's credit rating was as at December 31, 2019: Standard & Poor's, BBB / A-2, credit watch negative.

There are no prepayment covenants in Metso's financial contracts which would be triggered by changes in credit rating.

Covenants included in some loan agreements refer to a combination of certain credit rating level and Metso's capital structure. Metso is in compliance with all covenants and other terms of its debt instruments.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises when changes in market interest rates and interest margins influence finance costs, returns on financial investments and valuation of interest bearing balance sheet items. Interest rate risks are managed by balancing the ratio between fixed and floating interest rates and administrating duration of debt and investment portfolios. Additionally, Metso may use derivative instruments such as forward rate agreements, swaps, options and futures contracts to mitigate the risks arising from interest bearing assets and liabilities. The interest rate risk is managed and controlled by the Group Treasury and measured using sensitivity analysis and duration of long-term debt. The duration¹ of long-term debt was 1.7 years as at December 31, 2019 (2.9 years in 2018).

At the end of 2019 the balance sheet items exposed to interest rate risk were interest-bearing assets of EUR 219 million (EUR 423 million in 2018) and interest-bearing debt of EUR 880 million (EUR 598 million in 2018). Of the total interest-bearing debt 96 percent (93 percent in 2018) was denominated in EUR.

The basis for the interest rate sensitivity analysis is an aggregate group level interest exposure, composed of interest-bearing assets, interest bearing debt and financial derivatives, such as interest rate swaps, which are used to hedge the underlying exposures. For all interest-bearing current debt and assets to be fixed during next 12 months a one percentage point move

¹ Macaulay duration

upwards or downwards in interest rates with all other variables held constant would have an effect on Metso's net interest expenses, net of taxes, of EUR +/- 2.0 million (EUR +/- 0.7 million in 2018).

For financial assets valued at fair value, a one percentage point change upwards or downwards in all interest rates with all other variables held constant would have following effects, net of taxes, in income statement and equity:

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Metso total |
|------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Effects in | | | | |
| Income statement | - | +/- 1,7 | +/- 1,7 | +/- 1.5 |
| Equity | - | +/- 0,0 | +/- 0,0 | +/- 0.0 |

The effect in the income statement comprises of the changes in the fair value on the financial instruments, which are measured at fair value through profit and loss. The effect in the equity is comprised of the changes in the fair value on the financial instruments, which are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, such as derivatives under hedge accounting.

Foreign exchange risk

Metso operates globally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk in several currencies, although the geographical diversity of operations decreases the significance of any individual currency. About 80 percent of Metso's sales originate from outside the euro zone; the main currencies being Euro, US dollar, Australian dollar, Chilean peso, Swedish crown and Indian rupee.

Transaction exposure

Foreign exchange transaction exposure arises when an operating unit has commercial or financial transactions and payments in other than its own functional currency, and when related cash inflow and outflow amounts are not equal or concurrent.

In accordance with the Metso Treasury Policy, operating units are required to hedge in full the foreign currency exposures on balance sheet and other firm commitments. Future cash flows denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the unit are hedged with internal foreign exchange contracts with the Group Treasury for periods, which do not usually exceed two years. Operating units also do some hedging directly with banks in countries, where regulation does not allow corporate internal cross-border contracts.

Group Treasury monitors the net position of each currency and decides to what extent a currency position is to be closed. Group Treasury is however responsible for entering into external forward transaction whenever an operating unit applies hedge accounting. Metso Treasury Policy defines upper limits on the open currency exposures managed by the Group Treasury; limits have been calculated on the basis of their potential profit impact. To manage the foreign currency exposure Group Treasury may use forward exchange contracts and foreign exchange options.

Total amount of foreign currency exposures on December 31

| 2019 EUR million | Continuing operations | Discontinued operations | Metso total 2019 | Metso total 2018 |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Operational items | 28 | 232 | 260 | 224 |
| Financial items | 119 | 499 | 618 | 471 |
| Hedges | -146 | -712 | -857 | -660 |
| Total exposure | 1 | 19 | 21 | 34 |

This aggregate group level currency exposure is the basis for the sensitivity analysis of foreign exchange risk. This exposure, net of respective hedges, is composed of all assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, projected cash flows for unrecognized firm commitments, both short- and long-term sales and purchase contracts and anticipated operational cash flows to the extent their realization has been deemed highly probable and therefore hedged. This analysis excludes net foreign currency investments in subsidiaries together with instruments hedging these investments.

Assuming euro to appreciate or depreciate ten percent against all other currencies, the impact on cash flows, net of taxes, derived from the year-end net exposure as defined above, would be EUR +/- 1.1 million (EUR +/- 0.7 million in 2018). Transaction exposure is spread in about 40 currencies and as of December 31, 2019, the biggest open exposures were in US dollar, 40 percent, and Indian Rupee, 10 percent.

A sensitivity analysis of financial instruments as required by IFRS 7, excludes following items: projected cash flows for unrecognized firm commitments, advance payments, both short- and long-term purchase contracts and anticipated operational cash flows. The next table presents the effects, net of taxes, of a +/- 10 percent change in EUR foreign exchange rates:

| 2019 EUR million | Continuing operations | | | | Discontinued operations | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| | USD | ZAR | Others | Total | AUD | CNY | Others | Total |
| Effects in | | | | | | | | |
| Income statement | +/- 0.3 | -/+ 0.6 | -/+ 0.8 | -/+ 1.1 | +/- 1.3 | +/- 1.0 | -/+ 1.1 | -/+ 1.5 |
| Equity | - | - | - | - | +/- 0.1 | -/+ 0.1 | -/+ 0.2 | -/+ 0.2 |

| EUR million | 2019 Metso total | | | | 2018 Metso total | | | |
|------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| | AUD | SEK | Others | Total | USD | SEK | Others | Total |
| Effects in | | | | | | | | |
| Income statement | -/+ 1.3 | -/+ 0.9 | -/+ 0.3 | -/+ 2.5 | +/- 2.1 | +/- 0.5 | -/+ 0.8 | +/- 1.8 |
| Equity | +/- 0.0 | -/+ 0.6 | +/- 0.1 | -/+ 0.5 | +/- 0.5 | -/+ 2.5 | +/- 0.6 | -/+ 2.4 |

Effect in equity is the fair value change in derivatives contracts qualifying as cash flow hedges for unrecognized firm commitments. Effect in income statement is the fair value change for all other financial instruments exposed to foreign exchange risk including derivatives, which qualify as cash flow hedges, to the extent the underlying sales transaction, recognized over time, has been recognized as revenue.

Translation or equity exposure

Foreign exchange translation exposure arises when the equity of a subsidiary is denominated in currency other than the functional currency of the Parent Company. The major translation exposures are in US dollar, Chinese yuan, Brazilian real, Indian rupee and in Pound sterling, which altogether comprise approximately 70 percent of the total equity exposure. Metso is currently not hedging any equity exposure.

Commodity risk

Metso is exposed to variations in prices of raw materials and of supplies. Metso units identify their commodity price hedging needs and hedges are executed through the Group Treasury using approved counterparties and instruments. Hedging is done on a rolling basis with a declining hedging level over time.

To reduce its exposure to the volatility caused by the surcharge for certain metal alloys (Alloy Adjustment Factor) comprised in the price of stainless steel charged by its suppliers, Metso has entered into average-price swap agreements for nickel. The Alloy Adjustment Factor is based on monthly average prices of its components of which nickel is the most significant. As of December 31, 2019, Metso had outstanding nickel swaps amounting to 336 tons (288 tons in 2018).

The sensitivity analysis of the commodity prices based on financial instruments under IFRS 7 comprises the net aggregate amount of commodities bought through forward contracts and swaps but excludes the anticipated future consumption of raw materials.

A 10 percent change upwards or downwards in commodity prices would have effects, net of taxes, of EUR +/- 0.2 million to income statement in year 2019 (EUR +/-0.2 million to income statement in year 2018).

Hedge accounting is not applied to nickel agreements, and the change in the fair value is recorded through profit and loss. Other commodity risks are not managed using financial derivative instruments.

Credit and counterparty risk

Credit or counterparty risk is defined as the possibility of a customer or a financial counterparty not fulfilling its commitments towards Metso. The operating units of Metso are primarily responsible for credit risks pertaining to sales and procurement activities. The units assess the credit quality of their customers, by taking into account their financial position, past experience and other relevant factors. When appropriate, advance payments, letters of credit and third party guarantees, or credit insurance are used to mitigate credit risks. Group Treasury provides centralized services related to customer financing and seeks to ensure that the principles of the Treasury Policy are adhered to with respect to terms of payment and required collateral. Metso has no significant concentrations of credit risks.

The maximum credit risk equals the carrying value of trade and loan receivables. The credit quality is evaluated both on the basis of aging of the trade receivables and also on the basis of customer specific analysis. The aging structure of trade receivables is presented in note 2.2.

Counterparty risk arises also from financial transactions agreed upon with banks, financial institutions and corporates. The risk is managed by careful selection of banks and other counterparties, by counterparty specific limits determined in the Treasury Policy, and netting agreements such as ISDA (Master agreement of International Swaps and Derivatives Association). The compliance with counterparty limits is regularly monitored.

Credit risk exposure relates to carrying value of financial assets valued at amortized cost, such as trade receivables, interest bearing receivables, other receivables, deposits and security investments and cash and cash equivalents, and customer contract assets.

Impairment on cash on hand, bank accounts, deposits and interest-bearing investments is assessed regularly, but seen minor, because of their high investment grade and short duration. Group Treasury makes a financial analysis of corporate counterparties regularly. In addition, the investments are constantly monitored by Group Treasury and Metso does not expect any future credit losses from these investments.

For trade receivables and customer contract assets Metso applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance to be assessed and recognized regularly, see note 2.2.

Fair value estimation

For those financial assets and liabilities which have been recognized at fair value in the balance sheet, the following measurement hierarchy and valuation methods have been applied:

- Level 1 Quoted unadjusted prices at the balance sheet date in active markets. The market prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, market information service system, pricing service or regulatory agency. The quoted market price used for financial assets is the current bid price. Level 1 financial instruments include fund investments classified as fair value through profit and loss.
- Level 2 The fair value of financial instruments in Level 2 is determined using valuation techniques. These techniques utilize observable market data readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, market information service system, pricing service or regulatory agency. Level 2 financial instruments include:
- Over-the-counter derivatives classified as financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit and loss or qualified for hedge accounting
 - Debt securities classified as financial instruments at fair value through profit and loss
 - Fixed rate debt under fair value hedge accounting
- Level 3 A financial instrument is categorized into Level 3 if the calculation of the fair value cannot be based on observable market data. Metso had no such instruments in 2019 or in 2018.

Metso's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

| 2019 EUR million | Continuing operations | | | Discontinued operations | | |
|---|-----------------------|---------|---------|-------------------------|---------|---------|
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Assets | | | | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss | | | | | | |
| Derivatives not under hedge accounting | - | 0 | - | - | 10 | - |
| Interest bearing investments | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Fund investments | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | | | | | | |
| Derivatives under hedge accounting | - | - | - | - | 8 | - |
| Interest bearing investments | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total assets | - | 0 | - | - | 18 | - |
| Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss | | | | | | |
| Derivatives not under hedge accounting | - | 1 | - | - | 11 | - |
| Long term debt at fair value | - | - | - | - | 102 | - |
| Derivatives qualified for hedge accounting | | | | | | |
| Derivatives under hedge accounting | - | - | - | - | 5 | - |
| Total liabilities | - | 1 | - | - | 118 | - |

Metso's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value, comparison period, Metso total

| 2018 EUR million | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|---|-----------|------------|----------|
| Assets | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss | | | |
| Derivatives not under hedge accounting | - | 5 | - |
| Interest bearing investments | - | - | - |
| Fund investments | 10 | - | - |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | | | |
| Derivatives under hedge accounting | - | 8 | - |
| Interest bearing investments | - | - | - |
| Total assets | 10 | 13 | - |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss | | | |
| Derivatives not under hedge accounting | - | 10 | - |
| Long term debt at fair value | - | 188 | - |
| Derivatives qualified for hedge accounting | | | |
| Derivatives under hedge accounting | - | 7 | - |
| Total liabilities | - | 205 | - |

4.2. Financial assets and liabilities by category

Accounting policy

Under IFRS 9 Metso classifies financial assets and liabilities in to the measurement categories according to contractual terms of the cash flows and Metso's business model to manage the investment at the inception. Reclassification of the categories will be made only, if the business model for managing those assets changes. Financial assets and liabilities are classified as non-current items, when the remaining maturity exceeds 12 months and as current items, when the remaining maturity is 12 months or less. Financial assets and liabilities are classified as follows:

At amortized cost

Financial assets

Financial assets valued at amortized cost are investments in debt instruments or receivables, which are held end of maturity and for collection of contractual cash flows, where those cash flows are solely payments of principal and/or interest. These are recognized at fair value less transaction costs, and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest income is recognized in financial income in income statement. Financial assets at amortized cost include deposit, commercial papers, interest bearing loans and receivables, trade receivables and non-interest bearing receivables. Impairment is assessed regularly and when the carrying value exceed the recoverable value of discounted cash flows, appropriate impairment is recognized in income statement.

For trade receivables, Metso applies the simplified method in IFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from initial recognition of the receivables. See more in note 2.2.

Financial liabilities

Issued bonds and withdrawn loan facilities from financial institutions as well as trade and other liabilities are valued at fair value, net transaction costs, and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Trade and other receivables are non-interest bearing short-term unpaid debts.

The difference, between the debt amount net transaction cost recognized of bonds and loans from financial institutions and the redemption amount, is recognized in income statement as interest cost over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized income statement as other finance expense over the period of the facility, or, if the withdrawn of the loan is probable, as part of transaction cost.

At fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

Financial assets

Financial assets valued at fair value through other comprehensive income are debt instruments or receivables, which are held for collection of contractual cash flows or held for selling the assets, and where contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and/or interest. Interest income is recognized in income statement using the effective interest method. Change in fair value is recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI). At the derecognition, the cumulative previously booked gains and losses in OCI are released from equity to income statement. Metso includes in this measurement category derivatives under hedge accounting, trade receivables for sale and security investments with maturity less than three months. Impairment is assessed regularly and when the carrying value exceed the recoverable value of discounted cash flows, appropriate impairment is recognized in income statement.

At fair value through profit and loss (FVPL)

Financial assets

Financial assets valued at fair value through profit and loss are equity investments, investments in funds and derivatives not under hedge accounting. Change in fair value and gain or loss at the derecognition will be recognized in income statement. The change in the fair value includes the valuation of the impairment risk as well. Fair value of listed equity shares or investments in funds are the quoted market price on the balance sheet date. Unlisted shares are valued at cost less impairment, if any.

Financial liabilities

Fixed rate debts covered by fair value hedges accounting and derivatives not under hedge accounting are included in this measurement category. Change in fair value and gains or losses at the derecognition will be recognized in income statement.

Financial assets and liabilities by categories as of December 31, continuing operations

| 2019 EUR million | At fair value through profit and loss | At fair value through other comprehensive income | At amortized cost | Carrying value | Fair value |
|---|---|---|-------------------|----------------|------------|
| Non-current financial assets | | | | | |
| Equity investments | - | - | - | - | - |
| Loan receivables | - | - | - | - | - |
| Derivatives | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other receivables | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | - | - | - | - | - |
| Current financial assets | | | | | |
| Trade receivables | - | - | 95 | 95 | 95 |
| Trade receivables, for sale | - | - | - | - | - |
| Loan receivables | - | - | - | - | - |
| Derivatives | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 |
| Other receivables | - | - | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| Fund investments | - | - | - | - | - |
| Deposits and securities, maturity three months or less | - | - | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| Cash at hand and on bank accounts | - | - | 42 | 42 | 42 |
| Total | 0 | - | 192 | 192 | 192 |
| Non-current liabilities | | | | | |
| Bonds | - | - | - | - | - |
| Lease liabilities | - | - | 37 | 37 | 37 |
| Other non-current debt | - | - | 36 | 36 | 36 |
| Derivatives | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other liabilities | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | - | - | 73 | 73 | 73 |
| Current liabilities | | | | | |
| Current portion of non-current debt | - | - | - | - | - |
| Lease liabilities | 1 | - | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Loans from financial institutions | - | - | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Trade payables | - | - | 63 | 63 | 63 |
| Derivatives | 0 | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| Other liabilities | - | - | 39 | 39 | 39 |
| Total | 1 | - | 132 | 132 | 132 |

Assets and liabilities by categories as of December 31, discontinued operations

| 2019 EUR million | At fair value through profit and loss | At fair value through other comprehensive income | At amortized cost | Carrying value | Fair value |
|---|---|---|----------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Non-current financial assets | | | | | |
| Equity investments | 3 | - | - | 3 | 3 |
| Loan receivables | - | - | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Derivatives | 2 | 0 | - | 2 | 2 |
| Other receivables | - | - | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Total | 6 | 0 | 16 | 21 | 21 |
| Current financial assets | | | | | |
| Trade receivables | - | - | 572 | 572 | 572 |
| Trade receivables, for sale | - | 5 | - | 5 | 5 |
| Loan receivables | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Derivatives | 10 | 6 | - | 16 | 16 |
| Other receivables | - | - | 139 | 139 | 139 |
| Fund investments | - | - | - | - | - |
| Deposits and securities, maturity three months or less | - | - | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| Cash at hand and on bank accounts | - | - | 141 | 141 | 141 |
| Total | 10 | 11 | 868 | 889 | 889 |
| Non-current liabilities | | | | | |
| Bonds | 98 | - | 290 | 388 | 406 |
| Lease liabilities | - | - | 69 | 69 | 69 |
| Other non-current debt | - | - | 414 | 414 | 414 |
| Derivatives | 2 | - | - | 2 | 2 |
| Other liabilities | - | - | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Total | 100 | - | 775 | 875 | 893 |
| Current liabilities | | | | | |
| Current portion of non-current debt | - | - | - | - | - |
| Lease liabilities | - | - | 21 | 21 | 21 |
| Loans from financial institutions | - | - | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| Commercial papers | - | - | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Trade payables | - | - | 385 | 385 | 385 |
| Derivatives | 8 | 5 | - | 13 | 13 |
| Other liabilities | - | - | 251 | 251 | 251 |
| Total | 8 | 5 | 660 | 673 | 673 |

Financial assets and liabilities by categories as of December 31, comparison period, Metso total

| 2018 EUR million | At fair value through profit and loss | At fair value through other comprehensive income | At amortized cost | Carrying value | Fair value |
|---|---|---|----------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Non-current financial assets | | | | | |
| Equity investments | 3 | - | - | 3 | 3 |
| Loan receivables | - | - | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Derivatives | 1 | 2 | - | 3 | 3 |
| Other receivables | - | - | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Metso total | 4 | 2 | 16 | 22 | 22 |
| Current financial assets | | | | | |
| Trade receivables | - | - | 575 | 575 | 575 |
| Trade receivables, for sale | - | 9 | - | 9 | 9 |
| Loan receivables | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Derivatives | 4 | 6 | - | 10 | 10 |
| Other receivables | - | - | 134 | 134 | 134 |
| Deposits and securities, maturity more than three months | - | - | 94 | 94 | 94 |
| Fund investments | 10 | - | - | 10 | 10 |
| Deposits and securities, maturity three months or less | - | - | 32 | 32 | 32 |
| Cash at hand and on bank accounts | - | - | 289 | 289 | 289 |
| Metso total | 14 | 15 | 1,125 | 1,154 | 1,154 |
| Non-current liabilities | | | | | |
| Bonds | 95 | - | 288 | 383 | 402 |
| Lease liabilities | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other non-current debt | - | - | - | - | - |
| Derivatives | 2 | - | - | 2 | 2 |
| Other liabilities | - | - | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Metso total | 97 | - | 290 | 387 | 406 |
| Current liabilities | | | | | |
| Current portion of non-current debt | 87 | - | 87 | 174 | 174 |
| Lease liabilities | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Loans from financial institutions | - | - | 41 | 41 | 41 |
| Trade payables | - | - | 431 | 431 | 431 |
| Derivatives | 7 | 7 | - | 14 | 14 |
| Other liabilities | - | - | 248 | 248 | 248 |
| Metso total | 94 | 7 | 807 | 908 | 908 |

For more information on derivative financial instruments, see note 4.8.

4.3. Liquid funds

Accounting policy

Deposits and securities with maturities over 3 months, consist of highly liquid investments, which are part of Metso's cash management. These commercial papers deposit and debt investments have maturity less than twelve months, and they are measured at amortized cost.

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and bank accounts, deposits and interest bearing investments, which are easily convertible to known amount of cash within the period of three months or less as well as bond fund investments, with the same risk profile.

Cash on hand, bank accounts, deposits and interest bearing investments are measured at amortized cost. The bond fund investments are measured at fair value through profit and loss accounts.

Impairment on cash on hand, bank accounts, deposits and interest bearing investments is assessed regularly, but seen minor, because of their high investment grade and short duration. Impairment risk of bond fund investment is included in the change in fair value of them.

| EUR million | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Metso total |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| Deposits and securities, maturity more than three months | - | 94 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | |
| Fund investments | - | 10 |
| Deposits and securities, maturity three months or less | 15 | 32 |
| Cash on hand and bank accounts | 42 | 289 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 57 | 332 |
| Liquid funds attributable for discontinued operations | 156 | - |
| Liquid funds | 213 | 426 |

Average returns for deposits and securities

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Metso total |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| With maturity more than three months | - | - | - | 0.01% |
| With maturity three months or less | 2.03% | 4.24% | 3.11% | 2.80% |

4.4. Equity

Accounting policy

Issue of new shares and own shares

Transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown net of their tax effect in equity as a deduction from the proceeds.

Own shares held by the Parent Company valued at the historical acquisition price are deducted from equity. Should such shares be subsequently sold or reissued, the consideration received, net of any directly attributable transaction costs and related income tax, is recorded in equity.

Translation differences

The translation differences arising from subsidiary net investments and non-current subsidiary loans without agreed settlement dates are recognized through the Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) to cumulative translation adjustments under equity. When Metso hedges the net investment of its foreign subsidiaries with foreign currency loans and with financial derivatives, the translation difference is adjusted by the currency effect of the hedging instruments which has been recorded, net of taxes, through OCI in equity. When a foreign entity is disposed of, the respective accumulated translation difference, including the effect from qualifying hedging instruments, is reversed through OCI and recognized in the consolidated statement of income as part of the gain or loss on the sale. If the equity of a subsidiary denominated in a foreign currency is reduced by a return of capital, the translation difference relating to the reduction is reversed through OCI and recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

Dividends

Dividends proposed by the Board of Directors are not recognized in the financial statements until they have been approved by the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting.

Share capital and number of shares

Metso Corporation's registered share capital, which is fully paid, was EUR 140,982,843.80 as at December 31, 2019 and 2018.

| Shares | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Number of outstanding shares at beginning of year | 149,997,128 | 149,997,128 |
| Shares granted from share ownership plans | 79,040 | - |
| Number of outstanding shares at end of year | 150,076,168 | 149,997,128 |
| Own shares held by the Parent Company | 272,088 | 351,128 |
| Total number of shares at December 31 | 150,348,256 | 150,348,256 |

As at December 31, 2019 the acquisition price of 272,088 own shares held by the Parent Company was EUR 6,197,235.34 and was recognized in treasury stock.

Dividends

The Board of Directors proposes that a dividend of EUR 1.47 per share be paid based on the balance sheet to be adopted for the financial year, which ended December 31, 2019. Insofar as the dividend to be paid exceeds the net profit for the year ended December 31, 2019, the remaining amount will be paid from retained earnings from previous years. These financial statements do not reflect this dividend payable of EUR 221 million.

Fair value and other reserves

The hedge reserve includes the fair value movements of derivative financial instruments which qualify as cash flow hedges. The fair value reserve includes the change in fair values of assets classified as trade receivables for sale. Share-based payments are presented within the fair value reserve.

The legal reserve consists of restricted equity, which has been transferred from distributable funds under the Articles of Association, local company act or by a decision of the shareholders.

The other reserves consist of the distributable fund and the invested non-restricted equity fund held by the Parent Company.

Changes in fair value and other reserves

| EUR million | Treasury stock | Hedge reserve | Fair value reserve | Legal reserve | Other reserves | Total |
|--|----------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|
| January 1, 2018 | -9 | -2 | 8 | 14 | 293 | 305 |
| Cash flow hedges | | | | | | |
| Fair value gains (+) / losses (-), net of tax | - | 2 | - | - | - | 2 |
| Transferred to profit and loss, net of tax | | | | | | |
| Sales | - | 0 | - | - | - | 0 |
| Cost of goods sold / Administrative expenses | - | 0 | - | - | - | 0 |
| Interest income / expenses | - | -3 | - | - | - | -3 |
| Instruments at fair value and share-based rewards | | | | | | |
| Fair value gains (+) / losses (-), net of tax | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 |
| Transferred to profit and loss, net of tax | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 |
| Share-based payments, net of tax | - | - | -2 | - | - | -2 |
| Other | - | - | - | 0 | - | 0 |
| December 31, 2018 | -9 | -3 | 6 | 14 | 293 | 302 |
| Cash flow hedges | | | | | | |
| Fair value gains (+) / losses (-), net of tax | - | 8 | - | - | - | 8 |
| Transferred to profit and loss, net of tax | | | | | | |
| Sales | - | -4 | - | - | - | -4 |
| Interest income / expenses | - | -2 | - | - | - | -2 |
| Share-based payments, net of tax | 2 | - | 3 | - | - | 5 |
| Other | - | - | - | -13 | 0 | -12 |
| Discontinued operations | - | 0 | - | - | - | 0 |
| December 31, 2019 | -6 | - | 9 | 1 | 293 | 298 |

Cumulative translation adjustments included in the shareholders' equity

| EUR million | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|-----------|-------------|
| Cumulative translation adjustment at beginning of year | -101 | -87 |
| Currency translation, change | - | -13 |
| Currency translation, change, continuing operations | 0 | - |
| Currency translation, change, discontinued operations | 2 | - |
| Currency translation, discontinued operations | 151 | - |
| Cumulative translation adjustment at December 31 | 52 | -101 |

4.5. Borrowings and lease liabilities

Accounting policy

Long-term debt is initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The difference, between the debt amount recognized and the redemption amount, is recognized in income statement as interest expense over the period of the borrowings. The fair value changes in borrowings covered by fair value hedge are, in respect of hedged risk, recognized through profit and loss. A portion of long-term debt is classified as short-term debt, when the settlement of the liability is due within 12 months from the balance sheet date. Borrowings are derecognized only, if the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expired.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized in income statement as other finance expense over the period of the facility, or, if the withdrawal of the loan is probable, as part of transaction cost. Transaction costs arising from modification to debt instruments are included in the carrying value of the debt and amortized using the effective interest method over the remaining period of the modified liability provided that the new conditions obtained through the modification do not substantially differ from those of the original debt. Modification gain or loss will be recognized in income statement at the time of non-substantial modification.

| 2019 EUR million | Continuing operations | | Discontinued operations | |
|--|-----------------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| | Carrying values | Fair values | Carrying values | Fair values |
| Bonds | - | - | 388 | 406 |
| Loans from financial institutions | 36 | 36 | 413 | 414 |
| Other long-term debt | - | - | - | - |
| Total borrowings | 36 | 36 | 801 | 820 |
| Lease liabilities | 37 | 37 | 69 | 69 |
| Total long-term interest bearing debt | 73 | 73 | 870 | 889 |
| Current portion of bonds | - | - | - | - |
| Current portion of loans from financial institutions | - | - | - | - |
| Loans from financial institutions | 20 | 20 | 14 | 14 |
| Commercial papers | - | - | 10 | 10 |
| Total short-term borrowings | 20 | 20 | 24 | 24 |
| Lease liabilities | 10 | 10 | 21 | 21 |
| Total short-term interest bearing debt | 30 | 30 | 45 | 45 |
| Total interest bearing debt | 103 | 103 | 915 | 934 |

| EUR million | Metso total 2019 | | Metso total 2018 | |
|--|------------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|
| | Carrying values | Fair values | Carrying values | Fair values |
| Bonds | 388 | 406 | 383 | 402 |
| Loans from financial institutions | 449 | 450 | - | - |
| Other long-term debt | - | - | - | - |
| Total borrowings | 837 | 856 | 383 | 402 |
| Lease liabilities | 106 | 106 | - | - |
| Total long-term interest bearing debt | 943 | 962 | 383 | 402 |
| Current portion of bonds | - | - | 174 | 174 |
| Current portion of loans from financial institutions | - | - | - | - |
| Loans from financial institutions | 33 | 33 | 41 | 41 |
| Commercial papers | 10 | 10 | - | - |
| Total short-term borrowings | 43 | 43 | 215 | 215 |
| Lease liabilities | 31 | 31 | - | - |
| Total short-term interest bearing debt | 74 | 74 | 215 | 215 |
| Total interest bearing debt | 1,017 | 1,036 | 598 | 617 |

Bonds, discontinued operations

| 2019 | | Nominal interest rate | Effective interest rate | Outstanding original loan amount | Outstanding carrying value |
|-------------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| EUR million | | | | | |
| Public bond 2017–2024 | | 1.13% | 2.33% | 300 | 288 |
| Private placements 2022 | | | 3.80% | 100 | 100 |
| Bonds total | | | | 400 | 388 |

Bonds, comparison period, Metso total

| 2018 | | Nominal interest rate | Effective interest rate | Outstanding original loan amount | Outstanding carrying value |
|-------------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| EUR million | | | | | |
| Public bond 2012–2019 | | 2.75% | 2.91% | 174 | 174 |
| Public bond 2017–2024 | | 1.13% | 2.33% | 300 | 283 |
| Private placements 2022 | | | 3.80% | 100 | 100 |
| Bonds total | | | | 574 | 557 |

Metso has a Euro Medium Term Note Program (EMTN) of EUR 1.5 billion, under which EUR 388 million at carrying value were outstanding at the end of 2019 (EUR 557 million in 2018). EUR 288 million (EUR 457 million) of the outstanding amount were public bonds and EUR 100 million (EUR 100 million) private placements.

In 2019, public bond with nominal value of EUR 174 million matured in October. Two term loans from financial institutions were withdrawn, EUR 300 million in September with a maturity of 2 years for financing the McCloskey acquisition, and EUR 150 million in November with a maturity of 3 years for general corporate purposes. The EUR 150 million term loan will be part of the financing structure of the future Neles.

The average interest rate of total loans and derivatives was 1.45% (1.96%) on December 31, 2019. The duration of medium and long-term debt interest-bearing debt was 1.7 years (2.9 years) and the average maturity 2.9 years (3.7 years) on December 31, 2019.

Short term loans from financial institutions consists of bank loans withdrawn by Metso subsidiaries to fund local operations. The subsidiary loans are mainly Indian rupee denominated. In addition, commercial papers with nominal value EUR 10 million were withdrawn in December 2019. The weighted average interest rate applicable to the short-term borrowing at December 31, 2019 was 5.3% (6.8% in 2018). In 2020, interest amounting to EUR 0.7 million is expected to be paid concurrently with respective principals on the short-term debt presented above.

Metso has a syndicated revolving credit facility of EUR 600 million with 10 banks, maturing in 2024 (EUR 500 million in 2018) with two one-year extension options. In addition, Metso has a EUR 40 million committed loan facility for research, development and innovation costs with a disbursement period until June 2020, and a tenor up to ten years from European Investment Bank. Metso also has a Finnish commercial paper program amounting to EUR 500 million. Both revolving credit facility and EUR 40 million committed facility were undrawn at the end of 2019. From commercial paper program there was an issuance with nominal amount EUR 10 million.

Metso has negotiated a syndicated revolving credit facility of EUR 200 million with four banks, maturing in 2023 with two one-year extension options. The facility will be available for future Neles on the effective date of Metso's demerger.

Contractual maturities of interest bearing debt, continuing operations

| 2019 | | Of which | | Lease |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| EUR million | Borrowings | repayments | Of which Interests | liabilities ¹ |
| 2020 | 20 | 1 | 0 | 10 |
| 2021 | - | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| 2022 | 36 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| 2023 | - | - | - | 8 |
| 2024 | - | - | - | 7 |
| Later | - | - | - | 8 |
| Continuing operations total | 56 | 1 | 0 | 49 |

Contractual maturities of interest bearing debt, discontinued operations

| 2019 EUR million | Borrowings | Of which repayments | Of which Interests | Lease liabilities ¹ |
|--------------------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| 2020 | 35 | 24 | 11 | 26 |
| 2021 | 310 | 300 | 10 | 19 |
| 2022 | 221 | 214 | 8 | 14 |
| 2023 | 3 | - | 3 | 10 |
| 2024 | 303 | 300 | 4 | 8 |
| Later | - | - | - | 30 |
| Discontinued operations total | 872 | 838 | 36 | 108 |

¹ Future lease payments at nominal value.

The maturities of derivative financial instruments are presented in note 4.8.

4.6. Interest bearing net debt reconciliation

Net interest bearing liabilities

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Metso total |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Non-current interest bearing liabilities ¹ | 36 | 801 | 837 | 557 |
| Lease liabilities ² | 47 | 90 | 137 | 0 |
| Current interest bearing liabilities | 20 | 24 | 43 | 41 |
| Loan and other interest bearing receivables | - | -6 | -6 | -7 |
| Liquid funds | -57 | -156 | -213 | -426 |
| Net interest bearing liabilities | 46 | 753 | 798 | 165 |

¹ Including current portion of non-current liabilities EUR 0 million in 2019 (EUR 174 million in 2018).

² 2019 figures include lease liabilities recognized due to adoption of IFRS 16.

Changes in net interest bearing liabilities, continuing operations

| 2019 EUR million | Balance at beginning of year Metso total | Balance at beginning of year Discontinued operations | Cash flows | Acquisitions | Translation differences | Other non-cash movements | Balance at end of year |
|---|---|--|---------------|--------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Non-current interest bearing liabilities | 557 | -557 | 36 | - | - | - | 36 |
| Lease liabilities | 126 | -74 | -10 | - | 0 | 4 | 47 |
| Current interest bearing liabilities | 41 | -35 | 13 | - | 0 | - | 20 |
| Loan and other interest bearing receivables | -7 | 7 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Liquid funds | -426 | 325 | 46 | - | -2 | - | -57 |
| Net interest bearing liabilities | 292 | -334 | 86 | - | -2 | 4 | 46 |

Changes in net interest bearing liabilities, discontinued operations

| 2019 EUR million | Balance at beginning of year | Cash flows | Acquisitions | Disposals | Translation differences | Other non-cash movements | Balance at end of year |
|---|------------------------------------|------------|--------------|------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Non-current interest bearing liabilities | 557 | 239 | - | - | - | 5 | 801 |
| Lease liabilities | 74 | -24 | 6 | - | 0 | 35 | 90 |
| Current interest bearing liabilities | 35 | -91 | 87 | - | 0 | -7 | 24 |
| Loan and other interest bearing receivables | -7 | 31 | - | -31 | 0 | 1 | -6 |
| Liquid funds | -325 | 174 | -8 | 3 | 0 | - | -156 |
| Net interest bearing liabilities | 334 | 329 | 84 | -28 | 0 | 33 | 753 |

Changes in net interest bearing liabilities, comparison period, Metso total

| 2018 EUR million | Balance at beginning of year | Cash flows | Acquisitions | Translation differences | Other non- cash movements | Balance at end of year |
|---|------------------------------------|------------|--------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Non-current interest bearing liabilities | 833 | -286 | 3 | 0 | 8 | 557 |
| Lease liabilities | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - | 0 |
| Current interest bearing liabilities | 21 | 14 | 8 | -1 | - | 41 |
| Loan and other interest bearing receivables | -3 | 0 | - | 1 | -5 | -7 |
| Liquid funds | -826 | 398 | -4 | 6 | - | -426 |
| Net interest bearing liabilities | 24 | 127 | 7 | 7 | 2 | 165 |

4.7. Contingent liabilities and other commitments

Accounting policy

The repurchase commitments represent engagements whereby Metso agrees to purchase back equipment sold to customer. The conditions triggering the buy-back obligation are specific to each sales contract.

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Metso total |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Guarantees | | | | |
| External guarantees given by parent and group companies | 39 | 268 | 308 | 380 |
| Other commitments | | | | |
| Repurchase commitments | 11 | 1 | 12 | 2 |
| Other contingencies | 4 | 1 | 6 | 6 |
| Total | 55 | 270 | 325 | 388 |

Metso companies have guaranteed obligations arising in the ordinary course of business. These guarantees have typically been given to secure customer's advance payments or to secure commercial contractual obligations, or given counter guarantees to banks, which have given commercial guarantees to a group company.

4.8. Derivative instruments

Accounting policy

Derivatives are initially recognized in the balance sheet at fair value and subsequently measured at their fair value at each balance sheet date. Derivatives are designated at inception either as hedges of firm commitments or forecasted transactions (cash flow hedge) or as hedges of fixed rate debt (fair value hedge), or as hedges of net investment in a foreign operation (net investment hedge), or as derivatives at fair value through profit and loss that do not meet the hedge accounting criteria.

In case of hedge accounting, Metso documents at inception the relationship between the hedging instruments and the hedged items in accordance with its risk management strategy and objectives. Metso also tests the effectiveness of the hedge relationships at hedge inception, and quarterly both prospectively and retrospectively.

Derivatives are classified as non-current assets or liabilities when the remaining maturities exceed 12 months and as current assets or liabilities when the remaining maturities are less than 12 months.

Cash flow hedge

Metso applies cash flow hedge accounting to certain interest rate swaps, foreign currency forward contracts and to electricity forwards.

Metso designates only the currency component of the foreign currency forward contracts as the hedging instrument to hedge foreign currency denominated firm commitments. The interest component is recognized under other operating income and expenses, net. The gain or loss relating to the effective portion of the currency forward contracts is recognized in the income statement concurrently with the underlying in the same line item. The effective portion of foreign currency forwards hedging sales and purchases is recognized in the sales and the cost of goods sold, respectively. The gain or loss relating to the effective portion of interest rate swaps hedging variable rate borrowings is reversed from the hedge reserve through the other comprehensive income (OCI) to the income statement within financial items concurrently with the recognition of the underlying liability. Both at hedge inception and at each balance sheet date an assessment is performed to ensure the continued effectiveness of the designated component of the derivatives in offsetting changes in the fair values of the cash flows of hedged items.

Metso assesses regularly the effectiveness of the fair value changes of the electricity forwards in offsetting the changes in the fair value changes of the underlying forecasted electricity purchases in different countries. The gain or loss relating to the effective portion of the electricity forward contracts is recognized in the cost of goods sold. The effective portion of the derivatives is recognized through OCI in the hedge reserve under equity and reversed through OCI to be recorded through profit and loss concurrently with the underlying transaction being hedged.

The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion of the derivatives is reported under other operating income or expenses, net or under financial items when contracted to hedge variable rate borrowings. Should a hedged transaction no longer be expected to occur, any cumulative gain or loss previously recognized under equity is reversed through OCI to profit and loss.

Fair value hedge

Metso applies fair value hedge accounting to certain fixed rate loans. The change in fair value of the interest rate swap hedging the loan is recognized through profit and loss concurrently with the change in value of the underlying. Both at inception and quarterly the effectiveness of the derivatives is tested by comparing their change in fair value against those of the underlying instruments.

Derivatives at fair value through profit and loss

Certain derivative instruments do not qualify for hedge accounting. These instruments, which have been contracted to mitigate risks arising from operating and financing activities, comprise foreign exchange forward contracts, currency and interest rate options, interest rate swaps and swap agreements for nickel.

Changes in the fair value of interest rate swaps are recognized in interest expenses. Changes in the fair value of foreign exchange forward contracts are mainly recognized in other operating income and expenses. However, when the foreign exchange forwards have been contracted to mitigate the exchange rate risks arising from foreign currency denominated cash and from financial instruments used for cash management, the changes in fair value of the derivatives are recognized in financial income and expenses. Changes in the fair value of other derivative instruments such as commodity instruments are recognized in other operating income and expenses.

Fair value estimation of derivative instruments

The fair value of the foreign currency forward contracts is determined using forward exchange market rates at the balance sheet date. The fair value of the interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves. The fair value of the commodity forwards and swaps are based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. The fair value of options is determined using Black-Scholes valuation model.

Notional amounts and fair values of derivative financial instruments at end of year

| 2019 EUR million | Notional amount | Fair value, assets | Fair value, liabilities | Fair value, net |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Continuing operations | | | | |
| Forward exchange contracts ¹ | 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Interest rate swaps | - | - | - | - |
| Nickel swap contracts | 336 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Continuing operations total | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Discontinued operations | | | | |
| Forward exchange contracts ¹ | 1,488 | 16 | 13 | 3 |
| Interest rate swaps | 145 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Nickel swap contracts ² | - | - | - | - |
| Discontinued operations total | | 18 | 16 | 3 |

| 2018 EUR million | Notional amount | Fair value, assets | Fair value, liabilities | Fair value, net |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Metso total | | | | |
| Forward exchange contracts ¹ | 1,369 | 10 | 14 | -4 |
| Interest rate swaps | 345 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Nickel swap contracts ² | 288 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Metso total | | 13 | 16 | -3 |

¹ Ca. 23 percent and 35 percent of the notional amount at the end of 2019 and 2018, respectively, qualified for cash flow hedge accounting.

² Notional amount in tons.

The notional amounts indicate the volumes in the use of derivatives, but do not indicate the exposure to risk.

Derivative financial instruments recognized in balance sheet at end of year

| 2019 EUR million | Continuing operations | | Discontinued operations | |
|--|-----------------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| | Assets | Liabilities | Assets | Liabilities |
| Interest rate swaps - fair value hedges | - | - | 2 | - |
| Interest rate swaps - non-qualifying hedges | - | - | - | 2 |
| | - | - | 2 | 2 |
| Forward exchange contracts - cash flow hedges | - | - | 6 | 5 |
| Forward exchange contracts - non-qualifying hedges | 0 | 0 | 10 | 8 |
| | 0 | 0 | 16 | 13 |
| Nickel swaps - non-qualifying hedges | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| Derivatives total | 0 | 0 | 18 | 16 |

| 2018 EUR million | Metso total | |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| | Assets | Liabilities |
| Interest rate swaps - fair value hedges | 2 | - |
| Interest rate swaps - non-qualifying hedges | 1 | 2 |
| | 3 | 2 |
| Forward exchange contracts - cash flow hedges | 6 | 7 |
| Forward exchange contracts - non-qualifying hedges | 4 | 7 |
| | 10 | 14 |
| Nickel swaps - non-qualifying hedges | 0 | 0 |
| Derivatives total | 13 | 16 |

In the years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 there has not been ineffectiveness related to the cash flow hedges. As at December 31, 2019, the fixed interest rates of swaps varied from 0.4 percent to 2.6 percent.

Maturities of financial derivatives as at December 31, 2019 (expressed as notional amounts)

| EUR million | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
|------------------------------------|-------|------|------|------|------|
| Continuing operations total | | | | | |
| Forward exchange contracts | 34 | - | - | - | - |
| Nickel swap contracts ¹ | 288 | 48 | - | - | - |
| Discontinued operations | | | | | |
| Forward exchange contracts | 1,443 | 44 | - | - | - |
| Interest rate swaps | - | 20 | - | - | 125 |

¹ Notional amount in tons.

Notional and carrying amounts of financial derivatives applying hedge accounting at end of year

| 2019 EUR million | Notional amount | Fair value, assets | Fair value, liabilities | Fair value, net |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Discontinued operations | - | - | - | - |
| Forward exchange contracts | 346 | 6 | 5 | 1 |
| Interest rate swaps | 100 | 2 | - | 2 |
| Discontinued operations total | | 8 | 5 | 3 |

| 2018 EUR million | Notional amount | Fair value, assets | Fair value, liabilities | Fair value, net |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Metso total | | | | |
| Forward exchange contracts | 484 | 6 | 7 | -1 |
| Interest rate swaps | 187 | 2 | - | 2 |
| Metso total | | 8 | 7 | 1 |

Forward exchange contracts hedge commercial cash flows of projects applying hedge accounting. The hedge ratio is 1:1. 97% of hedged cash flows mature during the year 2020, 3% in year 2021.

The impact of cash flow hedge in the statement of financial position in 2019, discontinued operations

| EUR million | Notional amount | Hedging gain/loss recognized in OCI, net of tax | Amount reclassified from OCI to P/L | Cost of hedging recognized in OCI |
|-------------|-----------------|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| | 346 | 3 | 5 | -1 |

Metso applies fair value hedge accounting to a bond maturing in 2024. The hedge accounted total nominal value is EUR 100 million (EUR 187 million in 2018). The terms of the interest rate swap match the terms of the fixed rate bonds (maturity date, interest fixing and payments dates). Fair values of cash flows of interest rate swap and bond are compared when measuring hedge accounting effectiveness. Credit margin is added to the discount curve of the bond.

Bonds applying fair value hedge accounting as at December 31, 2019, discontinued operations

| Nominal amount of loan, EUR million | Hedge ratio | Maturity date of loan | Fair value of loan, EUR million | Nominal amount of interest rate swap, EUR million | Maturity date of interest rate swap | Fair value of interest rate swap, EUR million |
|---|----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|---|
| 300 | 33% | June 13, 2024 | -2 | 100 | June 13, 2024 | 2 |

5. Consolidation

5.1. Principles of consolidation

Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Parent Company and each of those companies over which Metso exercises control. Control is achieved when Metso is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. The companies acquired during the financial period have been consolidated from the date Metso acquired control. Subsidiaries sold or distributed to the owners have been included up to their date of disposal.

All intercompany transactions, balances and gains or losses on transactions between subsidiaries are eliminated as part of the consolidation process. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated balance sheet within equity, separate from equity attributable to shareholders. Non-controlling interests are separately disclosed in the consolidated statement of income.

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The purchase consideration of an acquisition is measured at fair value over the assets given up, shares issued, or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of acquisition. For each acquisition, the non-controlling interest in the acquiree, if any, can be recognized either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets. The excess acquisition price over the fair value of net assets acquired is recognized as goodwill (see also intangible assets). If the purchase consideration is less than the fair value of the Group's share of the net assets acquired, the difference is recognized directly through profit and loss.

When Metso ceases to have control, any retained interest in equity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognized in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity is accounted for as if the group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

Non-controlling interest

Transactions with non-controlling interests are regarded as transactions with equity owners. In the case of purchases from non-controlling interests, the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant share of the carrying value of net assets acquired in the subsidiary is recorded in shareholders' equity. Gains or losses on disposal to non-controlling interests are also recorded directly in shareholders' equity.

Non-current assets or disposal group held-for-sale

Metso classifies a non-current asset or disposal group as held for sale if its carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. These assets are valued at the lower of its carrying value and fair value less costs to sell, and assets subject to depreciation or amortization are no longer amortized. Assets related to non-current assets or a disposal group classified as held-for-sale are disclosed separately from other assets, but financial statements for prior periods are not reclassified.

Foreign currency translation

The financial statements are presented in euros, which is the parent company's functional currency and Metso's presentation currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the date of the transaction. At the end of the reporting period, unsettled foreign currency transaction balances are valued at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date. Trade related foreign currency exchange gains and losses are recorded in other operating income and expenses, unless the foreign currency denominated transactions are subject to hedge accounting, in which case the related exchange gains and losses are recorded in the same line item as the hedged transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses associated with financing are entered as a net amount under financial income and expenses.

The statement of income of a subsidiary with a functional currency different from the presentation currency is translated into euros at the average month end exchange rate for the financial year, and the balance sheet is translated at the exchange rate in effect on the balance sheet date. This exchange rate difference is recorded through other comprehensive income (OCI) within cumulative translation adjustments under equity.

The translation differences arising from subsidiary net investments and long-term subsidiary loans without agreed settlement dates are recognized through OCI within cumulative translation adjustments under equity. When Metso hedges the net investment of its foreign subsidiaries with foreign currency loans and financial derivatives, the translation difference is adjusted by the currency effect of hedging instruments which has been recorded, net of taxes, through OCI under equity. When a foreign entity is disposed of, the respective accumulated translation difference, including the effect from qualifying hedging instruments, is reversed through OCI and recognized in the consolidated statement of income as part of the gain or loss on

the sale. If the equity of a foreign currency denominated subsidiary is reduced by reimbursement of invested funds, the translation difference relating to the reduction is reversed through OCI and recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

Net investment hedge

Metso may hedge its net foreign investments in certain currencies to reduce the effect of exchange rate fluctuations. The hedging instruments are mainly foreign currency loans and foreign currency forward contracts. Both realized and unrealized exchange gains and losses measured on these instruments are recorded, net of taxes, through OCI in a separate component of equity against the translation differences arising from consolidation to the extent these hedges are effective. The interest portion of derivatives qualifying as hedges of net investment is recognized under financial income and expenses.

5.2. Subsidiaries

| Company name and ownership | Dec 31, 2019 | Company name and ownership | Dec 31, 2019 |
|--|--------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| Algeria | | Finland | |
| Metso Algerie EURL | 100.0% | Metso Flow Control Oy | 100.0% |
| Argentina | | Metso Minerals Oy | 100.0% |
| Metso Argentina SA | 100.0% | Rauma Oy | 100.0% |
| Australia | | France | |
| Metso Australia Ltd | 100.0% | Metso France SAS | 100.0% |
| Neles Australia Flow Control Pty Ltd | 100.0% | Neles France SAS | 100.0% |
| Precision Rubber NSW Pty Ltd | 100.0% | Germany | |
| Wamcast Pty Ltd | 100.0% | Metso Germany GmbH | 100.0% |
| Wear Application & Management Services Pty Ltd | 100.0% | Neles Germany GmbH | 100.0% |
| WearX Employee Services Pty Ltd | 100.0% | Ghana | |
| WearX Holdings Pty Ltd | 100.0% | Metso Ghana Ltd | 100.0% |
| WearX Pty Ltd | 100.0% | India | |
| Austria | | Metso India Private Ltd | 100.0% |
| Metso Austria GmbH | 100.0% | Neles India Private Limited | 100.0% |
| Bulgaria | | Indonesia | |
| Metso Bulgaria EOOD | 100.0% | PT Metso Minerals Indonesia | 99.9% |
| Brazil | | Italy | |
| Metso Brazil Indústria e Comércio Ltda | 100.0% | Neles Italy S.p.A | 100.0% |
| Neles do Brazil Indústria e Comércio Ltda | 100.0% | Japan | |
| Canada | | Metso Japan Co. Ltd | 100.0% |
| McCloskey International Limited | 100.0% | Kazakhstan | |
| Metso Canada Holdings Inc. | 100.0% | Metso (Kazakhstan) LLP | 100.0% |
| Metso Minerals Canada Inc | 100.0% | Lithuania | |
| Metso Shared Services Ltd | 100.0% | Metso Lithuania UAB | 100.0% |
| Neles Canada Ltd | 100.0% | Macedonia | |
| Chile | | Metso Minerals Dooel Skopje | 100.0% |
| Industrial Support Company SpA | 100.0% | Malaysia | |
| Metso Chile SpA | 100.0% | Metsotec Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. | 100.0% |
| China | | Neles Flow Control Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. | 100.0% |
| Metso (China) Investment Co. Ltd | 100.0% | Mexico | |
| Metso Flow Control (Shanghai) Co. Ltd | 100.0% | Metso Mexico SA de CV | 100.0% |
| Metso Flow Control (China) Co. Ltd | 100.0% | Metso SA de CV | 100.0% |
| Metso Minerals (Quzhou) Co. Ltd | 100.0% | Netherlands | |
| Metso Minerals (Tianjin) Co. Ltd | 100.0% | Metsotec NL BV | 100.0% |
| Metso Minerals (Tianjin) International Trade Co. Ltd | 100.0% | Neles Netherlands B.V | 100.0% |
| Shaoguan City Shaorui Heavy Industries Co. Ltd | 100.0% | Norway | |
| Czech Republic | | Metso Norway AS | 100.0% |
| Metso Czech Republic s.r.o. | 100.0% | Panama | |
| Neles Czech Republic s.r.o. | 100.0% | Metso Central America SA | 100.0% |
| Denmark | 100,0% | Papua New Guinea | |
| Metso Denmark A/S | 100.0% | Metso PNG Limited | 100.0% |
| Metso Denmark Properties Aps | 100.0% | Peru | |
| | | Metso Perú SA | 100.0% |

¹ Has been 100% consolidated

| Company name and ownership | Dec 31, 2019 | Company name and ownership | Dec 31, 2019 |
|---|--------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| Poland | | Taiwan | |
| Neles Poland Sp zoo | 100.0% | Neles Taiwan Co Ltd | 100.0% |
| Portugal | | Thailand | |
| Metso Portugal, Lda | 100.0% | Metso (Thailand) Co. Ltd ¹ | 48.4% |
| Qatar | | Turkey | |
| Metso Automation Qatar LLC ¹ | 49.0% | Metso Minerals Anonim Sirketi | 100.0% |
| Romania | | Neles Turkey Dis Ticaret A.S. | 100.0% |
| Metso Minerals Romania S.R.L. | 100.0% | United Arab Emirates | |
| Russia | | Metso Flow Control LLC ¹ | 49.0% |
| OOO Metso | 100.0% | Metso FZE | 100.0% |
| Saudi Arabia | | United Kingdom | |
| Metso Plant Saudi Arabia LLC | 70.0% | Kiln Flame System Enterprises Limited | 100.0% |
| Serbia | | Kiln Flame Systems Ltd | 100.0% |
| Metso d.o.o. Beograd | 100.0% | McCloskey International Ltd | 100.0% |
| Singapore | | Metso Captive Insurance Limited | 100.0% |
| Metso Asia Pacific Pte Ltd | 100.0% | Metso UK Ltd | 100.0% |
| Neles Asia Pacific Pte Ltd | 100.0% | Neles UK Ltd | 100.0% |
| South Africa | | United States | |
| Metso South Africa Pty Ltd | 86.7% | Metso McCloskey USA LLC | 100.0% |
| Metso South Africa Sales Pty Ltd | 86.7% | Metso Minerals Industries Inc. | 100.0% |
| South Korea | | Metso USA Inc. | 100.0% |
| Neles Korea Co. Ltd | 100.0% | Neles-Jamesbury Inc. | 100.0% |
| Spain | | Neles USA Inc. | 100.0% |
| Metso Espana SA | 100.0% | Vietnam | |
| Sweden | | Metso Vietnam Co. Ltd | 100.0% |
| AB P. J. Jonsson och Söner | 100.0% | Zambia | |
| Metso Sweden AB | 100.0% | Metso Zambia Ltd | 100.0% |
| Neles Sweden AB | 100.0% | WearX Zambia Ltd | 100.0% |

¹ Has been 100% consolidated

5.3. Associated companies, joint ventures and related party transactions

Accounting policy

The equity method of accounting is used for investments in associated companies in which the investment provides Metso the ability to exercise significant influence over the operating and financial policies of the investee company. Such influence is presumed to exist for investments in companies in which Metso's direct or indirect shareholding is between 20 and 50 percent of the voting rights or if Metso is able to exercise significant influence. Investments in associated companies are initially recognized at cost after which Metso's share of their post-acquisition retained profits and losses is included as part of investments in associated companies in the consolidated balance sheets.

Under the equity method, the share of profits and losses of associated companies and joint ventures is presented separately in the consolidated statement of income.

A joint arrangement is an arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control. Within Metso Group, all the joint arrangements are joint ventures. Investments in joint ventures in which Metso has the power to jointly govern the financial and operating activities of the investee company are accounted for using the equity method. Investments in joint ventures in which Metso has the control over the financial and operating activities of the investee company are fully consolidated and a non-controlling interest is recognized.

Associated companies and joint ventures

| EUR million | 2019 | | 2018 | |
|---|-----------|----------------|-----------|----------------|
| | Ownership | Carrying value | Ownership | Carrying value |
| Liugong Metso Construction Equipment (Shanghai) Co. Ltd | 50.0% | 7 | 50.0% | 3 |
| Sefate Capital (Pty) Limited | 49.0% | 1 | 49.0% | 1 |
| Others | | 0 | | 0 |
| Total | | 8 | | 4 |

All associated companies and joint ventures are related to the discontinued operations.

The movements in the carrying value of investments in associated companies and joint ventures

| EUR million | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|----------|----------|
| Investments in associated companies and joint ventures | | |
| Acquisition cost as of January 1 | 6 | 2 |
| Investments | 3 | 4 |
| Acquisition cost as of December 31 | 8 | 6 |
| Equity adjustments in investments in associated companies and joint ventures | | |
| Equity adjustments as of January 1 | -2 | -1 |
| Share of results | 1 | 0 |
| Translation differences | 0 | 0 |
| Equity adjustments as of December 31 | -1 | -2 |
| Carrying value as of December 31 | 8 | 4 |

Metso's share of the assets and liabilities, sales and results of the associated companies and joint ventures, which have been accounted for using the equity method

| EUR million | 2019 | 2018 |
|-------------|------|------|
| Assets | 22 | 15 |
| Liabilities | 15 | 11 |
| Sales | 15 | 7 |
| Profit | 1 | 0 |

Related party transactions

Transactions carried out and related balances with associated companies and joint ventures

| EUR million | 2019 | 2018 |
|-------------|------|------|
| Sales | 26 | 0 |
| Purchases | 0 | 0 |
| Receivables | 15 | 0 |
| Payables | 0 | - |

5.4. Acquisitions and business disposals

Acquisitions 2019

On May 3, 2019, Metso acquired 100% share of the company Industrial Support Company SpA in Chile, which used to form the service division of the Chilean mining engineering, construction and technology company HighService Corp. The acquired business was consolidated into the Minerals Services business area and contributed sales of EUR 35 million to Metso for the period from May 3, 2019 to December 31, 2019. The company's sales in 12 months fiscal year that ended on December 31, 2018, was EUR 57 million. The company employs 869 persons.

On October 1, 2019, Metso acquired 100% share of the company McCloskey International Limited in Canada, a mobile crushing and screening equipment manufacturer, having operations in Canada, the United States and United Kingdom. With McCloskey acquisition, Metso expanded its offering in the aggregates industry globally and strengthened its customer reach to the general contractor segment. With this acquisition, Metso is able to better take part in the attractive, long-term growth of the mobile equipment market within the aggregates industry. The acquired business was consolidated into the Minerals Aggregates business area and contributed sales of EUR 55 million to Metso for the period from October 1, 2019 to December 31, 2019. The company's sales in 12 months fiscal year that ended on September 30, 2019, was EUR 322 million. The company has about 900 employees.

Preliminary assets and liabilities recognized as a result of the acquisitions

| 2019 | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------|------------|
| EUR million | McCloskey International Ltd | Industrial Support Company | Total |
| Intangible assets | 101 | 8 | 109 |
| Tangible assets | 38 | 0 | 38 |
| Right-of-use assets | 2 | 3 | 6 |
| Deferred tax assets | 15 | 2 | 17 |
| Inventory | 113 | 0 | 113 |
| Trade receivables | 49 | 7 | 56 |
| Other receivables | 5 | 1 | 6 |
| Liquid funds | 8 | 0 | 8 |
| Interest bearing liabilities | -84 | -3 | -87 |
| Trade payables | -43 | -4 | -47 |
| Other liabilities | -27 | -6 | -33 |
| Accrued income taxes | -24 | - | -24 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | -25 | -2 | -27 |
| Net identifiable assets acquired at fair value | 126 | 7 | 133 |
| Goodwill | 77 | 24 | 100 |
| Purchase consideration | 203 | 30 | 233 |

The goodwill is attributable to personnel knowhow and synergies. The goodwill on McCloskey acquisition is partly tax deductible.

Initial calculation on goodwill generated are based on the result of acquired companies, adjusted by changes in accounting principles and effects from the fair value adjustment of acquired assets and related tax adjustments.

Net cash flow impact of the acquisitions

| 2019 | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| EUR million | McCloskey International Ltd | Industrial Support Company | Total |
| Cash consideration paid | -192 | -30 | -222 |
| Cash and cash equivalents acquired | 8 | 0 | 8 |
| Net cash flow for the year | -184 | -30 | -214 |
| Contingent consideration | -11 | - | -11 |
| Cash considerations, total | -195 | -30 | -225 |

Contingent consideration of the McCloskey acquisition will be paid if the profitability requirements are met for a two-year period.

Acquisition costs of 5 million are expensed and included in administrative expenses in the income statement and in operating cash flow in the statement of cash flows.

Acquisitions 2018

On July 2, 2018, Metso acquired 100% of the share capital of Swedish mobile crushing and screening solution provider P.J.Jonsson och Söner AB. The acquired business was consolidated into Aggregate Equipment business area of the Minerals segment. The acquired business contributed sales of EUR 20 million to the Metso Group for the period from July 2, 2018, to December 31, 2018. The company's sales in 12 months fiscal year 2017 that ended on August 31, was approximately EUR 33 million and the number of personnel was 40.

On November 1, 2018, Metso acquired 100% of the share capital of Indian valve automation provider RMEBS Controls Private Limited. The company has an advanced offering of switches, process valves, and valve automation products and solutions. The acquired business was consolidated into Valves business area of the Flow Control segment. The acquired business contributed sales of EUR 3 million to the Metso Group for the period from November 1, 2018, to December 31, 2018. The company's sales in 12 months fiscal year 2018 that ended on March 31, amounted approximately to EUR 19 million and the number of personnel was 275.

On December 4, 2018, Metso acquired 100% of the share capital of UK-based combustion solutions and technology provider Kiln Flame Systems Ltd. The company is specialized in rotary kiln and calcining processes, combustion optimization and burner technologies. The acquired business was consolidated into Minerals Services business area of the Minerals segment. The company's sales in 12 months fiscal year 2018 that ended on August 31, amounted approximately to EUR 4 million and the number of personnel was 13.

Assets and liabilities recognized as a result of the acquisitions

| EUR million | 2018 |
|---|-----------|
| Intangible assets | 16 |
| Tangible assets | 11 |
| Inventory | 13 |
| Trade receivables | 10 |
| Other receivables | 1 |
| Cash | 4 |
| Interest bearing liabilities | -10 |
| Trade payables | -12 |
| Other liabilities | -4 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | -5 |
| Net identifiable assets acquired at fair value | 24 |
| Goodwill | 58 |
| Purchase consideration | 82 |

The goodwill is attributable to synergies related to sales and personnel know-how. Goodwill is not tax deductible.

The calculations on goodwill generated are based on the results of acquired companies, adjusted by changes in accounting principles and effects from the fair value adjustments of acquired assets and related tax adjustments.

Net cash flow impact of the acquisitions

| EUR million | 2018 |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| Cash consideration paid | -81 |
| Cash and cash equivalents acquired | 4 |
| Net cash flow for the year | -77 |
| Contingent consideration | -1 |
| Cash considerations, total | -78 |

Acquisition costs of 2 million are expensed and included in administrative expenses in the income statement and in operating cash flow in the statement of cash flows.

Disposal 2019

On January 4, 2019 Metso had successfully completed the divestment of its grinding media business to Moly-Cop, a portfolio company of American Industrial Partners. The transaction included the sale of Metso Spain Holding, S.L.U, including operations in Bilbao and Seville, Spain. As part of the transaction, approximately 80 employees transferred from Metso to Moly-Cop. The turnover of the divested business in 2018 was approximately EUR 60 million. The grinding media business was part of Minerals segment.

The cash consideration was EUR 11 million. The net assets of the disposed entity were EUR 13 million, whereby Metso booked a small loss on the transaction.

| EUR million | 2019 |
|--|-----------|
| Intangible assets | 6 |
| Tangible assets | 4 |
| Inventories | 21 |
| Trade receivables | 15 |
| Other receivables | 2 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 3 |
| Interest bearing liabilities | -31 |
| Trade payables | -9 |
| Other liabilities | -1 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 3 |
| Net assets of disposed business | 13 |
| Consideration received in cash | 11 |
| Net assets of disposed business | -13 |
| Loss on disposal | -2 |
| Consideration received in cash | 11 |
| Cash and cash equivalents disposed of | -3 |
| Debt repayments of disposal | 31 |
| Net cash inflow on disposal | 39 |

5.5. New accounting standards

New and amended standards adopted in 2019

IFRS 16 Leases

From the beginning of 2019, Metso has adopted IFRS 16 Leases, replacing the previously used IAS 17 Leases and the related interpretations. The adoption was done using the modified retrospective approach whereby the comparative figures for 2018 were not restated. The adjustments resulting from the adoption were recognized on the opening balance sheet on January 1, 2019.

Impact

IFRS 16 introduced a single measurement and recognition approach for all leases, whereas under IAS 17 they were classified into operating or finance leases. Until December 31, 2018, Metso reported its operating leases as an off-balance sheet liability. The amount of Metso's finance leases was not material. IFRS 16 sets out new accounting treatment requirements for lessee accounting, whereas lessor accounting was substantially unchanged from IAS 17.

According to IFRS 16, from January 1, 2019, Metso as a lessee has recognized assets representing its right to use the leased assets during the lease term (the right-of-use asset) and liabilities to make the lease payments (the lease liability). Accordingly, a depreciation of the right-of-use assets and an interest expense on the lease liability are recognized, replacing the lease expenses recognized under IAS 17. The lessee's accounting treatment for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets has not changed under IFRS 16.

At the date of initial application Metso applied IFRS 16 to the existing contracts that were previously classified as leases. Metso applied the recognition exemptions permitted by the standard for short-term leases with a remaining lease term of 12 months or less and for leases of low-value assets. As other practical expedients, Metso has also applied a single discount rate to leases with reasonably similar characteristics, relied on its previous assessment on whether leases are onerous, and excluded initial direct costs when measuring the right-of-use asset at initial application. Metso has not separated the non-lease components, because of their immaterial impact.

The impact from the adoption of IFRS 16 on the consolidated balance sheet

| EUR million | January 1, 2019 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| Right-of-use assets | |
| Land and water areas | 0 |
| Buildings and structures | 107 |
| Machinery and equipment | 19 |
| Total | 126 |
| Lease liabilities | |
| Lease liabilities, non-current | 96 |
| Lease liabilities, current | 30 |
| Total | 126 |

On the balance sheet, the right-of-use assets were measured at the amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by possible prepaid or accrued payments in 2018. Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the respective lease period. The lease liability was measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate as of January 1, 2019. The incremental borrowing rate has been defined separately for each group company and with consideration to company-specific, geographical and currency risks as well as duration of the lease liability. For Metso Group, the weighted average incremental borrowing rate on January 1, 2019 was approximately four percent.

The impact from the adoption of IFRS 16 on the consolidated income statement relates to the replacement of the lease expense included in operating profit under IAS 17 with the depreciation of right-of-use asset included in operating profit and with the interest expense of lease liability included in financial expenses under IFRS 16. Lease payments related to short-term leases and low-value leases are continued to be recognized as expenses in operating profit, as they were under IAS 17.

The impact from the adoption of IFRS 16 on the consolidated cash flow statement relates to the classification of the lease payments into principal payments of lease liability presented within cash flow from financing activities and interest payments presented within cash flow from operating activities. Lease payments related to short-term leases and low-value leases are presented within cash flow from operating activities, like all the lease payments previously under IAS 17.

The amounts recognized for leases in the income statement and balance sheet in the reporting period are presented in notes 3.4 and 4.5.

Reconciliation

The lease liabilities recognized on the opening balance sheet in the adoption of IFRS 16 as at January 1, 2019 can be reconciled to the operating lease commitments reported under IAS 17 as at December 31, 2018 as follows:

| EUR million | |
|--|------------|
| IAS 17 off-balance sheet operating lease commitments as at December 31, 2018 | 122 |
| Add: finance lease liabilities as at December 31, 2018 | 0 |
| Add: net increase in lease liability resulting from different treatment of extension and termination options, leases of low-value assets and short-term leases | 19 |
| Less: Impact from discounting the future lease payments for leases recognized on the balance sheet | -15 |
| IFRS 16 lease liability in the opening balance sheet as at January 1, 2019 | 126 |

Metso's accounting principles for lease contracts are presented in note 3.4.

IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatment

Metso has applied IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatment from the beginning of year 2019. The interpretation addresses the accounting for income taxes, when tax treatments involve uncertainty in the application of IAS 12. An entity must determine whether to consider each uncertain tax treatment separately or together with one or more other uncertain tax treatments. The approach that better predicts the resolution of the uncertainty needs to be followed.

Metso Group is operating in a complex multinational environment; thus, management applies significant judgment in identifying uncertain tax positions. Based on the analysis made by the Group, Metso has recognized EUR 3 million tax liability for uncertain tax positions in the retained earnings as at January 1, 2019.

Amendments and annual improvements to IFRS standards

Metso has applied amendments and annual improvements to IFRS standards effective from the beginning of January 2019. The amended standards are IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, and IAS 19 Employee Benefits. Annual improvements effective from the beginning of January 2019 include following standards: IAS 12 Income Taxes, IAS 23 Borrowing Costs, IFRS 3 Business Combinations, and IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements. Amendments and annual improvements have not had a major impact on the financial statements.

New and amended standards to be applied

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, Metso has not applied the following new and revised IFRS Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective.

- IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts
- IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 (amendments): Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture
- Amendments to IFRS 3 Definition of a business
- Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8 Definition of material
- Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform
- Amendments to IAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current

5.6. Exchange rates used

| | | Average rates | | Year-end rates | |
|-----|---------------------|---------------|---------|----------------|---------|
| | | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 |
| USD | (US dollar) | 1.1214 | 1.1809 | 1.1234 | 1.1450 |
| SEK | (Swedish crown) | 10.5572 | 10.2591 | 10.4468 | 10.2548 |
| GBP | (Pound sterling) | 0.8773 | 0.8861 | 0.8508 | 0.8945 |
| CAD | (Canadian dollar) | 1.4882 | 1.5307 | 1.4598 | 1.5605 |
| BRL | (Brazilian real) | 4.4195 | 4.3020 | 4.5157 | 4.4440 |
| CNY | (Chinese yuan) | 7.7353 | 7.8148 | 7.8205 | 7.8751 |
| AUD | (Australian dollar) | 1.6090 | 1.5795 | 1.5995 | 1.6220 |

6. Other notes

6.1. Audit fees

| EUR million | 2019 Continuing operations | 2019 Discontinued operations | 2019 Metso total | 2018 Continuing operations | 2018 Discontinued operations | 2018 Metso total |
|----------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Audit services | -0.3 | -1.9 | -2.2 | -0.3 | -1.7 | -1.9 |
| Tax services | 0.0 | -0.1 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other services | -0.2 | -0.7 | -0.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.1 |
| Total | -0.5 | -2.7 | -3.1 | -0.3 | -1.7 | -2.0 |

6.2. Lawsuits and claims

Several lawsuits, legal claims and disputes based on various grounds are pending against Metso in various countries related, among other things, to Metso's products, projects, other operations and customer receivables. Metso's management assesses, however, to the best of its present understanding that the outcome of these lawsuits, claims and legal disputes would not have a material adverse effect on Metso in view of the grounds presented for them, provisions made, insurance coverage in force and the extent of Metso's total business activities. It should be noted, however, that outcomes of pending lawsuits, legal claims and disputes are beyond the direct influence of Metso's management and may, therefore, materially deviate from management's current assessment.

Pending asbestos litigation

On December 31, 2019 there were 142 pending litigation cases filed in the United States in relation to asbestos injuries in which a Metso entity is one of the named defendants. Metso management's present belief is that the risk caused by the pending asbestos litigation cases in the United States is not material in the context of Metso's total business activities.

Financial Statements of the Parent Company, FAS

Statement of Income of the Parent Company

| EUR | Note | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|------|----------------|----------------|
| Sales | | 19,375,713.81 | 16,167,979.53 |
| Other operating income | 2 | 27,493.44 | 441,332.83 |
| Personnel expenses | 3 | -15,265,917.65 | -15,450,359.09 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 4 | -547,410.58 | -494,172.83 |
| Other operating expenses | | -38,421,895.27 | -17,489,042.51 |
| Operating profit/loss | | -34,832,016.25 | -16,824,262.07 |
| Financial income and expenses, net | 6 | 85,990,089.12 | 122,871,549.35 |
| Profit before appropriations and taxes | | 51,158,072.87 | 106,047,287.28 |
| Appropriations | 7 | 61,385,000.00 | 60,660,000.00 |
| Profit before taxes | | 112,543,072.87 | 166,707,287.28 |
| Income taxes | 8 | | |
| Current tax expense | | -4,700,718.83 | -8,796,769.73 |
| Change in deferred taxes | | 2,637.93 | -3,005.24 |
| Profit for the year | | 107,844,991.97 | 157,907,512.31 |

Balance Sheet of the Parent Company

Assets

| EUR | Note | 2019 | 2018 |
|---------------------------------|------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Intangible assets | 9 | 659,035.74 | 933,137.92 |
| Tangible assets | 9 | 616,489.66 | 634,536.89 |
| Investments | | | |
| Shares in Group companies | 10 | 1,042,185,582.00 | 749,680,242.87 |
| Other investments | 10 | 409,766,298.06 | 318,812,453.42 |
| Total non-current assets | | 1,453,227,405.46 | 1,070,060,371.10 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Long-term receivables | 12 | 2,499,058.29 | 3,146,298.36 |
| Short-term receivables | 12 | 488,072,970.66 | 546,244,891.43 |
| Securities | | 0.00 | 11,999,655.61 |
| Bank and cash | | 87,585,611.84 | 219,915,254.40 |
| Total current assets | | 578,157,640.79 | 781,306,099.80 |
| Total assets | | 2,031,385,046.25 | 1,851,366,470.90 |

Shareholders' equity and liabilities

| EUR | Note | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Shareholders' equity | | | |
| Share capital | 13 | 140,982,843.80 | 140,982,843.80 |
| Invested non-restricted equity fund | | 368,263,034.11 | 367,775,887.99 |
| Retained earnings | | 420,858,625.66 | 441,153,617.64 |
| Profit for the year | | 107,844,991.97 | 157,907,512.31 |
| Total shareholders' equity | | 1,037,949,495.54 | 1,107,819,861.74 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Long-term liabilities | 14 | 853,127,370.00 | 401,887,550.00 |
| Current liabilities | 15 | 140,308,180.71 | 341,659,059.16 |
| Total liabilities | | 993,435,550.71 | 743,546,609.16 |
| Total shareholders' equity and liabilities | | 2,031,385,046.25 | 1,851,366,470.90 |

Cash Flow Statement of the Parent Company

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | | |
| Profit for the year | 107,845 | 157,908 |
| Adjustments to operating profit (loss) | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 547 | 494 |
| Financial income and expenses, net | -85,990 | -122,872 |
| Gains / losses on sale, net | - | 81 |
| Group contributions | -61,385 | -60,660 |
| Taxes | 4,698 | 8,800 |
| Other non-cash items | -2,903 | 1,450 |
| Total adjustments to operating profit (loss) | -145,033 | -172,707 |
| Increase / decrease in short-term non-interest bearing trade receivables | -1,360 | -11,121 |
| Increase / decrease in short-term non-interest bearing debt | 19,360 | -30,779 |
| Change in working capital | 18,000 | -41,900 |
| Interest and other financial expenses paid | -32,431 | -12,624 |
| Dividends received | 89,640 | 125,370 |
| Interest received | 632 | 1,831 |
| Income taxes paid | -15,014 | -3,289 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 23,639 | 54,589 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| Investments in tangible and intangible assets | -256 | -290 |
| Proceeds from sale of tangible and intangible assets | - | - |
| Investments in subsidiary shares | -292,505 | -120,000 |
| Long-term loans granted | -542,917 | -341,064 |
| Repayments of long-term loans | 420,338 | 498,252 |
| Short-term loans granted | -15,343 | - |
| Repayments of short-term loans | - | 3,675 |
| Purchase of other investments | 106,457 | 305,106 |
| Proceeds from sale of investments | - | -243 |
| Interest received from investments | 25,752 | 26,094 |
| Dividends received from investments | 0 | 0 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | -298,475 | 371,531 |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | |
| Change in treasury shares | - | - |
| Investments in unrestricted equity | 1,889 | - |
| Withdrawals and instalments of short-term loans, net | 8,327 | - |
| Withdrawal of long-term loans | 450,000 | - |
| Repayments of long-term loans | -175,000 | -285,546 |
| Dividends paid | -180,091 | -157,988 |
| Change in Group pool accounts | -23,278 | -101,694 |
| Group contributions | 60,660 | 29,885 |
| Net cash provided by / used in financing activities | 142,506 | -515,343 |
| Net increase / decrease in bank and cash | -132,330 | -89,223 |
| Bank and cash at beginning of year | 219,915 | 309,138 |
| Bank and cash at end of year | 87,586 | 219,915 |

Notes to the Financial Statements of the Parent Company

1 Accounting principles

The parent company financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Finnish Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for the period 1.1.–31.12.2019. The financial statements are presented in euros.

Foreign currency translations

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the date of the transaction. At the end of accounting period, monetary items are valued at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of period.

Tangible and intangible assets

Tangible and intangible assets are valued at historical cost, less accumulated depreciation according to plan. Land and water areas are not depreciated.

Depreciation and amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets as follows:

| | |
|--------------------------|-------------|
| Computer software | 3–5 years |
| Other intangibles | 10 years |
| Buildings and structures | 20–25 years |
| Machinery and equipment | 3–5 years |
| Other tangible assets | 20 years |

Financial Instruments

Metso's financial risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group Treasury) under the policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group Treasury functions in co-operation with the operating units to minimize financial risks in both the Parent Company and the Group.

Long-term debt is initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. In subsequent periods, they are valued at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Debts, which are hedged with a fair value hedge are recognized at fair value through the profit and loss, unrealized adjustment is presented in hedge reserve. Transaction costs arising from issuance of bonds are recognized over the life of the bond using the effective yield method. The unrecognized portion as of the balance sheet date is presented as a decrease in liabilities. Derivatives outside hedge accounting are valued at fair value through profit and loss.

Forward exchange contracts are measured at fair value. The change in fair value is recognized as income or expense in the income statement. The fair value of forward exchange contracts is determined using forward exchange market rates at the balance sheet date.

Bank and cash as well as securities consist of cash in the bank accounts and investments of liquid funds in interest bearing instruments. Financial assets are measured at historical cost, less possible impairment loss.

Provisions

Provisions are unrealized costs, for which the company is committed, and which will not provide any income in the future and which are likely to occur. Change in the provision are included in the profit and loss.

Income taxes

Income tax expense includes taxes calculated for the financial year, adjustments to prior year taxes and change in the deferred taxes. A deferred tax liability or asset has been determined for all temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their amounts in financial reporting, using the enacted tax rates effective for the future years. The deferred tax liabilities are recognized in the balance sheet in full, and the deferred tax assets are recognized when it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profit against which the asset can be utilized.

2 Other operating income

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|------------------------------|-----------|------------|
| Gain on disposal of shares | - | - |
| Gain on sale of fixed assets | - | 17 |
| Other | 27 | 424 |
| Total | 27 | 441 |

3 Personnel expenses

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Salaries and wages | -13,730 | -11,572 |
| Pension costs | -1,161 | -2,126 |
| Other indirect employee costs | -375 | -1,752 |
| Total | -15,266 | -15,450 |

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|-----------------|-------|------|
| Fringe benefits | 1,194 | 490 |

Remuneration paid to Executive Team

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Chief Executive Officer | -753 | -808 |
| Board members ¹ | -631 | -661 |
| Total | -1,384 | -1,469 |

¹ Board remuneration is presented in note 1.5 for Consolidated Financial Statements

Number of personnel

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|------|------|
| Personnel at end of year | 119 | 119 |
| Average number of personnel during the year | 125 | 114 |

4 Depreciation and amortization

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Buildings and structures | -30 | -30 |
| Machinery and equipment | -139 | -122 |
| Intangible assets | -379 | -342 |
| Total | -547 | -494 |

5 Audit fees

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|----------------|---------------|-------------|
| Audit | -527 | -523 |
| Tax consulting | 0 | -10 |
| Other services | -1,155 | -1 |
| Total | -1,682 | -534 |

6 Financial income and expenses

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Dividends received from | | |
| Group companies | 89,640 | 125,370 |
| Others | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 89,640 | 125,370 |
| Interest income from investments from | | |
| Group companies | 28,165 | 27,109 |
| Others | 26 | 232 |
| Total | 28,191 | 27,341 |
| Other interest and financial income from | | |
| Others | 327 | 373 |
| Exchange rate differences | 129 | 437 |
| Interest and financial income, total | 118,286 | 153,521 |
| Interest expenses to | | |
| Group companies | -390 | -347 |
| Others | -32,187 | -29,016 |
| Other financial expenses | | |
| Fair value change in derivatives | 281 | -1,287 |
| Interest and other financial expenses, total | -32,296 | -30,650 |
| Financial income and expenses, net | 85,990 | 122,872 |

7 Appropriations

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Group contributions received | 61,385 | 60,660 |

8 Income taxes

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Income taxes on operating activities | -4,682 | -8,829 |
| Income taxes for prior years | -18 | 33 |
| Change in deferred taxes | 3 | -3 |
| Total | -4,698 | -8,800 |

9 Fixed assets

| EUR thousand | Intangible assets | Land areas | Buildings and structures | Machinery and equipment | Other tangible assets | Tangible assets total | Total |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| 2019 | | | | | | | |
| Acquisition cost Jan 1 | 4,398 | 156 | 747 | 776 | 103 | 1,782 | 6,180 |
| Additions | 104 | - | - | 151 | - | 151 | 255 |
| Decreases | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Acquisition cost Dec 31 | 4,502 | 156 | 747 | 927 | 103 | 1,932 | 6,435 |
| Accumulated depreciation Jan 1 | -3,465 | - | -717 | -430 | 0 | -1,147 | -4,612 |
| Accumulated depreciation of decreases | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Depreciation for the period | -379 | - | -30 | -139 | 0 | -169 | -547 |
| Accumulated depreciation Dec 31 | -3,843 | - | -747 | -569 | 0 | -1,316 | -5,159 |
| Net carrying value Dec 31 | 659 | 156 | 0 | 358 | 103 | 616 | 1,276 |

| EUR thousand | Intangible assets | Land areas | Buildings and structures | Machinery and equipment | Other tangible assets | Tangible assets total | Total |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| 2018 | | | | | | | |
| Acquisition cost Jan 1 | 4,174 | 156 | 747 | 841 | 105 | 1,849 | 6,023 |
| Additions | 263 | - | - | 26 | - | 26 | 289 |
| Decreases | -39 | - | - | -91 | -2 | -93 | -132 |
| Acquisition cost Dec 31 | 4,398 | 156 | 747 | 776 | 103 | 1,782 | 6,180 |
| Accumulated depreciation Jan 1 | -3,162 | - | -687 | -402 | 0 | -1,089 | -4,251 |
| Accumulated depreciation of decreases | 39 | - | - | 91 | - | 91 | 130 |
| Depreciation for the period | -342 | - | -30 | -119 | 0 | -149 | -491 |
| Accumulated depreciation Dec 31 | -3,465 | - | -717 | -430 | 0 | -1,147 | -4,612 |
| Net carrying value Dec 31 | 933 | 156 | 30 | 346 | 103 | 635 | 1,568 |

10 Investments

| EUR thousand | Shares in Group companies | Other shares | Receivables from Group companies | Receivables from other companies | Other investments total |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 2019 | | | | | |
| Acquisition cost at Jan 1 | 749,680 | 2,673 | 315,140 | 1,000 | 318,813 |
| Additions | 292,505 | 0 | 543,917 | - | 543,917 |
| Decreases | 0 | 0 | -451,963 | -1,000 | -452,963 |
| Acquisition cost at Dec 31 | 1,042,186 | 2,673 | 407,093 | - | 409,766 |
| 2018 | | | | | |
| Acquisition cost at Jan 1 | 629,680 | 2,915 | 405,055 | 1,000 | 408,970 |
| Additions | 120,000 | 0 | 341,064 | 0 | 341,064 |
| Decreases | 0 | -242 | -430,979 | 0 | -431,221 |
| Acquisition cost at Dec 31 | 749,680 | 2,673 | 315,140 | 1,000 | 318,813 |

11 Shareholdings

Subsidiaries December 31, 2019

| Subsidiary | Domicile | Ownership % |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| Metso Flow Control Canada Ltd | Canada, St. Laurent | 100.0 |
| Metso Shared Services Ltd | Canada, Lachine | 100.0 |
| Metso Captive Insurance Limited | United Kingdom, Guernsey | 100.0 |
| Metso (China) Investment Co. Ltd | China, Shanghai | 100.0 |
| Metso Flow Control Oy | Finland, Helsinki | 100.0 |
| Metso Minerals Oy | Finland, Helsinki | 100.0 |
| Metso Minerals Canada Inc. | Canada, Lachine | 100.0 |
| Metso France SAS | France, Macon | 100.0 |
| Metso USA Inc. | USA, Waukesha | 100.0 |
| Rauma Oy | Finland, Helsinki | 100.0 |

12 Specification of receivables

Long-term receivables

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Deferred tax asset | 71 | 68 |
| Derivatives | 2,428 | 3,078 |
| Long-term receivables from others | - | - |
| Long-term receivables total | 2,499 | 3,146 |

Short-term receivables

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Trade receivables from | | |
| Group companies | 29,947 | 23,981 |
| Others | 23 | - |
| Total | 29,970 | 23,981 |
| Loan receivables from | | |
| Group companies | 344,794 | 314,551 |
| Others | - | - |
| Total | 344,794 | 314,551 |
| Prepaid expenses and accrued income from | | |
| Group companies | 67,249 | 85,642 |
| Others | 37,772 | 26,059 |
| Total | 105,020 | 111,701 |
| Other receivables | | |
| Investments | 0 | 94,457 |
| VAT receivable | 2,487 | 1,058 |
| Other receivables | 5,801 | 496 |
| Total | 8,288 | 96,012 |
| Short-term receivables total | 488,073 | 546,245 |

Specification of prepaid expenses and accrued income

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Prepaid expenses and accrued income from Group companies | | |
| Group contribution receivables | 61,385 | 60,660 |
| Accrued interest income | 5,298 | 3,150 |
| Other accrued items | 566 | 21,832 |
| Total | 67,249 | 85,642 |
| Prepaid expenses and accrued income from others | | |
| Accrued interest income | 75 | 89 |
| Accrued derivatives | 13,136 | 8,924 |
| Other accrued items | 24,560 | 17,045 |
| Total | 37,772 | 26,059 |

13 Statement of changes in shareholders' equity

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Share capital at Jan 1 | 140,983 | 140,983 |
| Share capital at Dec 31 | 140,983 | 140,983 |
| Hedge reserve Jan 1 | 0 | -219 |
| Change | 0 | 219 |
| Hedge reserve | 0 | 0 |
| Invested non-restricted equity fund at Jan 1 | 367,776 | 367,776 |
| Change | 487 | 0 |
| Invested non-restricted equity fund at Dec 31 | 368,263 | 367,776 |
| Retained earnings at Jan 1 | 599,061 | 599,142 |
| Dividend distribution | -180,091 | -157,497 |
| Other change | 1,888 | -491 |
| Retained earnings at Dec 31 | 420,859 | 441,154 |
| Profit for the year | 107,845 | 157,908 |
| Total shareholders' equity at Dec 31 | 1,037,949 | 1,107,820 |

Statement of distributable funds at December 31

| EUR | 2019 | 2018 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Invested non-restricted equity fund | 368,263,034.11 | 367,775,887.99 |
| Retained earnings | 420,858,625.66 | 441,153,617.64 |
| Profit | 107,844,991.97 | 157,907,512.31 |
| Total distributable funds | 896,966,651.74 | 966,837,017.94 |

At the end of the year, Metso Oyj held 272,088 treasury shares, the acquisition price of which, EUR 6,197,235.34 has been deducted from retained earnings.

14 Long-term liabilities

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Bonds from ¹ | | |
| Others | 401,609 | 399,724 |
| Loans from financial institutions | 449,053 | - |
| Interest derivatives | 2,466 | 2,164 |
| Total | 853,127 | 401,888 |

¹ Specification of bonds and fair values in note 4.5 for Consolidated Financial Statements.

Debt maturing later than in five years

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|--------------|------|---------|
| Bonds | 0 | 300,000 |

15 Short-term liabilities

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Short-term interest bearing debt | | |
| Bonds | 0 | 173,843 |
| Loans from financial institutions | 9,999 | 0 |
| Group companies | 33,917 | 29,025 |
| Group pool accounts | 38,656 | 89,398 |
| Total | 82,573 | 292,266 |
| Trade payables to | | |
| Group companies | 26,569 | 20,660 |
| Others | 5,502 | 1,937 |
| Total | 32,071 | 22,598 |
| Accrued expenses and deferred income to | | |
| Group companies | 404 | 416 |
| Others | 20,814 | 26,023 |
| Total | 21,217 | 26,439 |
| Other short-term non-interest bearing debt to | | |
| Others | 4,447 | 356 |
| Total | 4,447 | 356 |
| Short-term liabilities total | 140,308 | 341,659 |
| Short-term liabilities to Group companies total | 99,546 | 139,499 |

Specification of accrued expenses and deferred income

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Accrued expenses and deferred income to Group companies | | |
| Accrued interest expenses | 87 | 123 |
| Other accrued items | 317 | 293 |
| Total | 404 | 416 |
| Accrued expenses and deferred income to others | | |
| Accrued interest expenses | 3,971 | 4,071 |
| Accrued derivatives | 11,917 | 13,061 |
| Accrued salaries, wages and social costs | 3,844 | 5,077 |
| Other accrued items | 1,082 | 3,814 |
| Total | 20,814 | 26,023 |

16 Other contingencies

Guarantees and mortgages

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Guarantees on behalf of subsidiaries | 248,191 | 302,720 |

Lease commitments

| EUR thousand | 2019 | 2018 |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Payments in the following year | 1,080 | 1,115 |
| Payments later | 2,904 | 3,956 |
| Total | 3,984 | 5,071 |

Signatures of the Board of Directors' Report and Financial Statements 2019

Helsinki, February 5, 2020

Mikael Lilius
Chair of the Board

Christer Gardell
Vice Chair of the Board

Peter Carlsson
Member of the Board

Lars Josefsson
Member of the Board

Antti Mäkinen
Member of the Board

Kari Stadigh
Member of the Board

Arja Talma
Member of the Board

Pekka Vauramo
President and CEO

THE AUDITOR'S NOTE

Our auditor's report has been issued today.

Helsinki, February 5, 2020
Ernst & Young Oy
Authorized Public Accountant Firm

Mikko Järventausta
APA

List of account books used in Parent Company

| Account book | Voucher class | Archiving |
|---|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| General journal and general ledger | | in electronic format |
| Specifications of accounts receivable and payable | | in electronic format |
| Bank vouchers | 16,42 | in electronic format |
| Sales invoices | RV,11 | in electronic format |
| Purchase invoices | 23,25 | in electronic format |
| Payroll accounting with vouchers | 33 | in electronic format |
| Journal entries | 01,02,21,22,23,31,46,59,66,79 | in electronic format |
| Journal entries | 34,35 | in electronic format |
| Notes vouchers | | in electronic format |

AUDITOR'S REPORT (Translation of the Finnish original)

To the Annual General Meeting of Metso Corporation

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Metso Corporation (business identity code 1538032-5) for the year ended 31 December, 2019. The financial statements comprise the consolidated balance sheet, income statement, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows and notes, including summaries of significant accounting policies, as well as the parent company's balance sheet, income statement, statement of cash flows and notes.

In our opinion

- the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the group's financial position as well as its financial performance and its cash flows in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the EU.
- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the parent company's financial performance and financial position in accordance with the laws and regulations governing the preparation of financial statements in Finland and comply with statutory requirements.

Our opinion is consistent with the additional report submitted to the Audit Committee.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with good auditing practice in Finland. Our responsibilities under good auditing practice are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements* section of our report.

We are independent of the parent company and of the group companies in accordance with the ethical requirements that are applicable in Finland and are relevant to our audit, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

In our best knowledge and understanding, the non-audit services that we have provided to the parent company and group companies are in compliance with laws and regulations applicable in Finland regarding these services, and we have not provided any prohibited non-audit services referred to in Article 5(1) of regulation (EU) 537/2014. The non-audit services that we have provided have been disclosed in note 6.1 to the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

We have also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls. This includes consideration of whether there was evidence of management bias that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

| Key Audit Matter | How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter |
|--|---|
| <p>Revenue recognition of customized engineered system contracts <i>The accounting principles and disclosures about revenue recognition of customized engineered system contracts are included in Note 1.2.</i></p> <p>Metso's Minerals segment delivers customized engineered systems to its customers, where the moment of signing a delivery contract and the final acceptance of a delivery by the customer may take place in different financial periods. In accordance with Metso's accounting principles, revenue from such contracts is recognized over time. In year 2019 in total 491 million euros of Metso Minerals segment's sales from customized engineered system contracts and long-term fixed price service contracts were recognized over time.</p> <p>The recognition of revenue and the estimation of the outcome of delivery contract require significant management's judgment, in particular with respect to estimating the stage of completion, cost to complete and the expected time to completion. Significant judgment is required to assess the expected loss when it is expected that the total costs will exceed the revenues from the delivery contract. In addition, the areas with significant judgment are considered to be more prone to the risk that the assumptions may be deliberately misappropriated. Based on above revenue recognition of customized engineered system contracts was a key audit matter.</p> <p>This matter was also a significant risk of material misstatement referred to in EU Regulation No 537/2014, point (c) of Article 10(2).</p> | <p>Our audit procedures to address the risk of material misstatement in respect of the revenue recognition of customized engineered system contracts included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assessing of the Group's accounting policies over revenue recognition of customized engineered system contracts. • Examination of the delivery documentation such as contracts, legal opinions and other written communication. • Analytical procedures throughout the audit period. • Review of financial KPI's, development and current status of delivery contracts by <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • comparing the contract to our prior experience with similar contracts, • reviewing the changes in estimated revenues, costs and reserves, and • discussions with the different levels of organization including project responsible, business management and group management. • Analyzing key elements in management's estimates such as the estimated future costs to complete and the estimated time necessary to complete the delivery. • Evaluating the appropriateness of the Group's disclosures in respect of revenue recognition. |
| <p>Valuation of goodwill <i>The accounting principles and disclosures about goodwill are included in Note 3.1.</i></p> <p>The valuation of goodwill was a key audit matter because the annual impairment testing includes judgment and it is based on assumptions relating to market or economic conditions extending to the future, and because of the significance of the goodwill to the financial statements. As of balance sheet date December 31, 2019, the value of goodwill amounted to 618 million euros representing 16 % of the total assets and 41 % of the total equity. In 2019, the goodwill increased by 93 million euros,</p> | <p>Our audit procedures included involving our valuation specialists to assist us in evaluating the assumptions and methodologies by comparing the management's assumptions to externally derived data and to our independently calculated industry averages. In particular those relating to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the forecasted revenue growth, • the EBITDA and • the weighted average cost of capital used to discount the net cash-flows. <p>We tested the accuracy of the impairment calculations prepared by the management and compared the sum of discounted cash flows to</p> |

| Key Audit Matter | How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter |
|---|--|
| <p>of which 77 million euros was recognized from the acquisition of McCloskey. The valuation of goodwill is based on the management's estimate about the value-in-use calculations of the cash generating units. Based on management judgment the cash generating units of Metso are Minerals segment and Flow Control segment. There are a number of assumptions used to determine the value-in-use, including the revenue growth, the EBITDA and the discount rate applied on net cash-flows. Estimated values-in-use may vary significantly when the underlying assumptions are changed and the changes in above-mentioned individual assumptions may result in an impairment of goodwill.</p> | <p>Metso's market capitalization. In addition, we assessed the sufficiency of the disclosures as well as whether the disclosures about the sensitivity of the impairment assessment are appropriate.</p> |
| <p>Income taxes <i>The accounting principles and disclosures about income taxes are included in Note 1.8.</i></p> <p>Income taxes was a key audit matter because of the judgments and estimates involved and the amount of income taxes is material to the financial statements as a whole. Metso's business is international and in the normal course of business the management makes judgments and estimates in connection with tax issues and tax exposures resulting in the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities as well as tax provisions.</p> | <p>We performed audit procedures on the calculation and valuation of current taxes and deferred taxes. Procedures included assessment of correspondence with tax authorities and evaluation of tax exposures. In addition, we evaluated the appropriateness of the recognition principles and the sufficiency of the given disclosures.</p> <p>Our audit procedures on income taxes included involving our tax specialists, who assisted us both on group level and in significant components in evaluating the assumptions and methodologies applied by the management.</p> |

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director for the Financial Statements

The Board of Directors and the Managing Director are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the EU, and of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the laws and regulations governing the preparation of financial statements in Finland and comply with statutory requirements. The Board of Directors and the Managing Director are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors and the Managing Director are responsible for assessing the parent company's and the group's ability to continue as going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared using the going concern basis of accounting unless there is an intention to liquidate the parent company or the group or cease operations, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance on whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with good auditing practice will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with good auditing practice, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the parent company's or the group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors' and the Managing Director's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the parent company's or the group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the parent company or the group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events so that the financial statements give a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Reporting Requirements

Information on our audit engagement

We were first appointed as auditors by the Annual General Meeting on 29 March 2012, and our appointment represents a total period of uninterrupted engagement of eight years.

Other information

The Board of Directors and the Managing Director are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the report of the Board of Directors and the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. We have obtained the report of

the Board of Directors prior to the date of this auditor's report, and the Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after that date.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. With respect to report of the Board of Directors, our responsibility also includes considering whether the report of the Board of Directors has been prepared in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations.

In our opinion, the information in the report of the Board of Directors is consistent with the information in the financial statements and the report of the Board of Directors has been prepared in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions based on assignment of the Audit Committee

We support that the financial statements and the consolidated financial statements should be adopted. The proposal by the Board of Directors regarding the distribution of dividends is in compliance with the Limited Liability Companies Act. We support that the Members of the Board of Directors and the President and CEO of the parent company should be discharged from liability for the financial period audited by us.

Helsinki, February 5, 2020

Ernst & Young Oy
Authorized Public Accountant Firm

Mikko Järventausta
Authorized Public Accountant

**APPENDIX D – ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE COMPANY (UNOFFICIAL ENGLISH
TRANSLATION)**

1 § Business name and domicile

The company's business name is Neles Oyj in Finnish, Neles Abp in Swedish and Neles Corporation in English. The company's domicile is Vantaa.

2 § Branch of industry

The company's branch of industry is to globally design, develop, sell and manufacture industry products and systems as well as spare parts, maintenance and diagnostics services relating to, among others, flow control, either directly or through its subsidiary or affiliate companies.

As the parent company, the company may also attend to the organisation, financing and purchases of the group of companies and to other joint tasks of the same kind, and it may own real estate, stocks and shares and carry on securities trading and other investment business.

3 § Book-entry system

The company's shares belong to the book entry system.

4 § Board of Directors and President

The company has a Board of Directors, a President and one or more Executive Vice Presidents, if required.

The Board of Directors has no less than five (5) and no more than eight (8) members. The term of office of a member of the Board of Directors expires at the end of the first Annual General Meeting of shareholders following the election.

The General Meeting of shareholders elects the chairman, vice chairman and other members of the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors elects the company's President and one or more Executive Vice Presidents, if required.

The Board of Directors meets when a meeting is convened by the chairman or, if he/she is prevented, the vice chairman. The Board of Directors constitutes a quorum when more than half its members are present and one of them is the chairman or the vice chairman.

The Board's decision shall be that opinion which is supported by more than one-half of the members present or, if the votes are equal, the opinion with which the chairman of the meeting agrees.

5 § Representation right

The right to represent the company shall be vested with the chairman of the Board of Directors, a member of the Board of Directors and the President, two together, and with the persons given the right by the Board of Directors to represent the company, two together, or with each one separately together with the chairman of the Board of Directors, a member of the Board of Directors, or together with the President.

6 § Accounting period

The company's accounting period is the calendar year.

7 § Auditor

The company has one (1) auditor, which must be an auditing corporation approved by Finland Chamber of Commerce.

The term of office of the auditor expires at the end of the Annual General Meeting of shareholders following the election.

8 § Notice to convene a meeting

The notice to convene a General Meeting of shareholders must be delivered to the shareholders by publishing the notice on the company's website or by a newspaper.

announcement, which is published in one or more widely circulated daily newspapers chosen by the Board of Directors, or otherwise in a verifiable way no more than three (3) months and no less than three (3) weeks before the meeting and in any case at least nine (9) days before the General Meeting record date referred to in Chapter 4, Section 2.2 of the Companies Act.

In order to take part in a General Meeting a shareholder must register with the company no later than on the date mentioned in the notice, which may not be earlier than ten (10) days before the General Meeting.

9 § Annual General Meeting of shareholders

The Annual General Meeting of shareholders shall be held each year before the end of June.

At the meeting:

the following are submitted

1. the financial statements, including the consolidated financial statements, and the Annual Report;
2. the auditor's report;

the following decisions are taken

3. adoption of the financial statements;
4. the use of profits shown in the balance sheet;
5. the release of members of the Board of Directors and the President from liability;
6. remuneration for the members of the Board of Directors and the auditors;
7. the number of members on the Board of Directors;

the meeting elects

8. the chairman, vice chairman and members of the Board of Directors; and
9. the auditor.

If a vote is held at General Meetings of shareholders of the company, the chairman of the General Meeting shall determine the manner of voting.